2021 Election Manifesto

JOBS AND LAND MANJE!

2021 LOCAL GOVERNMENT ELECTIONS

VOTE EFF

CONSOLIDATING THE GROUND TOWARDS SOCIALIST POWER

ECONOMIC FREEDOM FIGHTERS
2021 LOCAL GOVERNMENT ELECTIONS
MANIFESTO

FOREWORD

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CIC and President Julius Malema

South Africa has entered the most difficult period since the attainment of political freedom in 1994. Today, more than eleven million people are unemployed, majority of black people live in poverty and government has proved incapable of solving these societal challenges. There is a general decay, municipalities are incapable of delivering basic services such as water, electricity, sanitation, roads, and many other crucial services. Consequently, economic activities, social, cultural, and political life are adversely affected.

We are heading to the elections under very uncertain conditions owing to the unrelenting Corona Virus (COVID-19) infections and untimely deaths. We are all witness to the devastation wrought by the epidemic. Many of us have lost family members, friends, and colleagues due to COVID-19. These conditions notwithstanding, all South Africans, particularly young people, owe themselves and society duty to exercise their right

to vote in these upcoming local government elections.

For over a year and a half, the political terrain has been subject to an innumerable number of state-imposed restrictions, which have made it near impossible to organise, campaign and interact with our members, supporters, and communities generally.

Under such conditions, we must state categorically that no possibility exists for holding genuinely free and fair elections. The unintended consequence of regulations directed at curbing the spread of COVID-19 has been to outlaw for an extended period all political activities, particularly political gatherings.

However, despite these unsettling realities, the EFF will contest all municipalities across the length and breadth of South Africa. We will do so with single-minded determination to ensure total victory for a socialist alternative that has long committed itself to the task of uplifting the lives of ordinary Africans. Because local government is at the coalface of

service delivery, it is imperative that it be able and sufficiently capacitated to deliver reliable basic services.

It is with this understanding that the EFF has crafted a manifesto whose primary vision and objective are to rescue local government from its present malaise and build self-reliant, corrupt-free municipalities that deliver reliable services to our people.

Clearly spelt out, the overarching objective of the EFF is to build developmental municipalities, imbued with the will and desire to reverse centuries of ill-treatment, subjugation, and inhumanity that African people have been subjected to in the land of their birth.

It is now a fact beyond doubt that the so-called former liberation movement has failed and is nearing the end of its disintegration process. Rather than serve the black colonised, it has elected to be the managers of the affairs of capital, utilising public resources to enrich its elite and their handlers. It has become precisely that despicable nationalist elite, Fanon warns us of that 'is good for

nothing'. Hence today the poor are confronted with a government whose only obsession is the blackmail of independence – constantly reminding us that that they fought for independence in bygone liberation struggle. In the process this government erroneously take democracy to imply their permanent and unquestioned rule.

In South Africa, local government has all but collapsed in the very hands of those who boast about liberating us. The parasites tasked with giving services to our people have resolved to loot as much as possible and turn municipalities into personal coffers.

Year after year, the office of the Auditor-General, presents us with shocking reports on the deteriorating state of our municipalities, increasing irregular, wasteful and unauthorised expenditure, and rampant corruption. It therefore follows logically, that municipalities under the current government will continue to fail in delivering basic services.

The diagnosis is now well known. All municipalities depend on tenders to perform even the most basic of functions. Rather than deliver services their *raison d'etre* has become the allocation of tenders. These tenders serve no other purpose but as instruments for primitive accumulation. In simpler terms they are conduits for stealing money by associates and relatives of members of the ruling party.

Whist municipalities never fail to outsource their function to deliver services, the paradox is that services are not delivered. Our people do not have water, houses, roads, sanitation, and many other services and amenities.

Service providers it would seem are paid for not rendering services. There is a rise in ghost employees, and a phenomenon of reports claiming developmental projects which have not been completed or even begun.

Children in rural South Africa continue to fall to their deaths in pit toilets. Certain communities in North-West, Eastern Cape, Limpopo, Free State,

and parts of Gauteng remain to this day without safe and drinkable water.

Landlessness defines the condition of our people. As though that were not enough, international mining companies aided by the governing party, are threatening various rural communities with forced removal from their ancestral lands, in the name of mineral exploration.

This we ought to re-iterate is done in collaboration with the ruling party that has not only forsaken our people but has proven, like the apartheid regime, to have no regard for the rights of the people and the will of communities.

Women in South African continue to live under a dark cloud of fear, abuse, economic and social exclusion. Local government as the sphere of government closest to the people has shown neither interest nor will to intervene decisively to stop the killing of women and children.

The need for a people-centred government to assume political power has never been greater, and the Economic Freedom Fighters must step up to this revolutionary task.

This manifesto serves as a concrete blueprint to guide the EFF in all its endeavours to alleviate the social ills that afflict our people at local government level. It is fashioned against the ideological bedrock of the EFF, whose seven-cardinal pillars are localised to bring practical change in the lives of Africans.

The seven non-negotiable cardinal pillars, which form the ideological context of the EFF 2021 Local Government Elections Manifesto are:

1. Expropriation of South Africa's land without compensation for equal redistribution in use.
2. Nationalisation of mines, banks, and other strategic sectors of the economy, without compensation.
3. Building state and government capacity, which will lead to the abolishment of tenders.

4. Free quality education, healthcare, houses, and sanitation.
5. Massive protected industrial development to create millions of sustainable jobs, including the introduction of minimum wages to close the wage gap between the rich and the poor.
6. Massive development of the African economy and advocating for a move from reconciliation to justice in the entire continent.
7. Open, accountable, corrupt-free government and society without fear of victimisation by state agencies.

Guided by these pillars, we present an organic people's manifesto to members, ground forces, and the country at large.

This manifesto flows directly from our people's collective frustrations, dreams, and aspirations. Broad-based consultations with all sectors of society shaped the dreams and aspirations of our people into a workable program of action and commitments at a municipal level. Therefore, all undertakings made in this manifesto are immediately implementable.

Here is a plan to build self-reliant, dependable, and corrupt-free municipalities. It is based on the wealth of experience the EFF has gained in legislatures and through championing people's struggles at a grassroots level.

Some of the key commitments and plans made in the manifesto include:

- Localised plans to identify and expropriate land for purposes of agriculture and settlement.
- Localised massive industrialisation in rural economies and maximisation of resources at a municipal level to create jobs.
- Concrete infrastructure plans to eradicate pit toilets and build, water, and sanitation infrastructure.
- Building self-reliant municipalities by abolishing the tender system.

These commitments come out of intensive consultations with different stakeholders in the communities about challenges and needs confronting them in their respective areas and avenues of life. These include:

a) Ex-mine workers
b) Students
c) Professionals
d) Financial sector
e) Fishing communities
f) LGBTQI+ Community
g) Farming and agro-processing sector
h) Construction industry
i) Tourism sector
j) Civil society
k) Small scale mining sector
l) Mine workers
m) Academics
n) Unemployed youth
o) Creative industry
p) Domestic workers
q) Security guards
r) Traditional leaders
s) Farmworkers

t) Informal traders
u) Transport sector

It is our considered view that these sectors of our society constitute the foundation of political, economic, social, and cultural life in South Africa. None of these spheres of our nation, we dare say, is insulated from the vagaries of the colonial and capitalist establishment, whose negative influence attends the life of Africans.

The EFF, as the last hope in the long war against colonial conquest and conscious underdevelopment of Africans, has consulted these constituencies directly and sourced from them marching orders on how to change their lives for the better.

Fighters and ground forces, we give to you a manifesto that must be your weapon in the approaching electoral combat. We present to you the cries of our people and the solutions to their misery.

This manifesto will be the basis of capturing the minds and hearts of our people and is verifiable evidence that the EFF is ready to govern. Let us descend on the ground and secure victory towards a socialist government.

INTRODUCTION

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The EFF Local Government Elections Manifesto will focus on the areas set out below. However, it should be noted that each municipality has its own programme of action that is an outcome of a thorough consultation process with all sectors of society in their respective locality. Below are the Manifesto's five areas of focus

A. **WHERE DOES THE ECONOMIC FREEDOM FIGHTERS' MOVEMENT COME FROM, AND WHAT HAVE WE ACHIEVED IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT.**
B. **DIAGNOSIS: WHAT ARE THE CONDITIONS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN SOUTH AFRICA TODAY?**
C. **EFF COMMITMENTS.**
D. **COMMITMENTS BY EFF MUNICIPALITIES.**
E. **COMMITMENTS BY EFF COUNCILLORS.**
F. **CONCLUSION.**

A. WHERE DOES THE ECONOMIC FREEDOM FIGHTERS' MOVEMENT COME FROM, AND WHAT HAVE WE ACHIEVED IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

The Economic Freedom Fighters (EFF) is a revolutionary socialist economic emancipation movement founded in 2013 in South Africa to fight for economic freedom in our lifetime. The EFF is a registered political party with 993 public representatives, of which 53 are Members of Parliament (MP), 49 are Members of Provincial Legislatures (MPLs), and 831 are councillors in municipal councils across the country.

Since its election into various municipal councils across South Africa, the EFF through its councillors continues to record achievements that have a meaningful impact on people's material conditions. Among many the EFF councillors have registered the following achievements:

1) EFF members in the Eastern Cape Provincial Legislature tabled a motion for the reinstatement and extension of 645 nurses whose contract ended in March 2021. The nurses were reinstated.

2) EFF Members in the Eastern Cape Provincial Legislature tabled a motion to remove the former Member of the Executive Council (MEC) for Health, Ms Sindiswa Gomba and the former Head of the Department (HoD) of the Department of Health. They were later removed as more evidence of corruption emerged.
3) EFF councillors in King Sabata Dalindyebo Municipal Council tabled a motion for the municipality to stop removing street vendors. The motion was adopted, and the municipality has since stopped removing street vendors and allows them to trade.
4) EFF councillors in Nelson Mandela Metropolitan Municipal Council led a campaign to allocate serviced stands in Motherwell Ward 55 and Uitenhage Ward 45, and serviceable stands were indeed allocated.
5) EFF councillors in Buffalo City Metropolitan Municipal Council tabled a motion for the municipal council to complete Amalinda Housing Co-operative. The motion was adopted, and the municipality completed the project.
6) EFF councillors in Buffalo City Metropolitan Municipal Council tabled a motion for the

municipal council to employ additional fire fighters and build fire stations. The motion was adopted, and the municipality has since appointed additional fire fighters and is building a new fire station in Berlin.

7) EFF councillors in Matatiele Municipal Council tabled a motion for the municipal council to write off the debt owed by poor households. The motion was adopted, and the municipal council wrote off the debt.
8) EFF councillors in what was formerly known as Mbizana Local Municipality tabled a motion for the municipal council to rename the municipality to Winnie Madikizela Mandela. The motion was adopted, and the municipality was renamed Winnie Madikizela Mandela Local Municipality.
9) EFF councillors in Winnie Madikizela Mandela Municipal Council tabled a motion for the insourcing of security guards. The motion was adopted, and the municipality insourced security guards.
10) EFF councillors in Enoch Mgijima Municipal Council tabled a motion to remove the mayor, and the mayor was recalled.
11) EFF councillors in Enoch Mgijima Municipal Council tabled a motion to

remove the Municipal Manager, Mr Chris Magwangqana. The motion was tabled, and he was removed, and his contract was terminated.

12) EFF councillors in Enoch Mgijima Local Municipality tabled a motion for the municipal council to write off debt owed by poor households. The motion was adopted, and the municipal council wrote off the debt to a total of R500 million.
13) EFF councillors in Enoch Mgijima Local Municipality tabled a motion for the municipality to electrify Ndlovukazi village. The motion was adopted, and the municipality electrified Ndlovukazi village.
14) EFF members in the Northern Cape Provincial Legislature tabled a motion for the province to conduct a land audit. The motion was adopted, and the province conducted the land audit.
15) EFF members of the Northern Cape Provincial Legislature reported a complaint of improper appointment of Boegoebay Harbour Project Manager in the Department of Transport, Safety and Liaison to the Public Protector. The Public Protector investigation made an adverse finding on the appointment.

16) EFF members of the Northern Cape Provincial Legislature referred five cases to the Public Protector and the Special Investigation Unit (SIU). The SIU is investigating all the referred cases.
17) EFF councillors in Tsantsabane Local Municipality tabled a motion for the establishment of new settlements. The motion was adopted, and the Department of COGHSTA established two settlements in Carnation and Mountain View.
18) EFF councillors in Khai Garib Local Municipality tabled a motion for the municipal council to investigate the selling of residential stands by a ward councillor. As a result, the municipal council appointed a committee to investigate the matter.
19) EFF councillors in Magareng Local Municipality opened a corruption case against a municipal officer, and the official was arrested and suspended from the position.
20) EFF councillors in Ga-Segonyana Local Municipality tabled a motion for the municipal council to employ all temporary employees full-time. The motion was adopted, and to date, the municipality has

appointed more than 50 per cent of the workers on a full-time basis.

21) EFF councillors in Emthanjeni Local Municipality tabled a motion for the municipal council to write off debt owed by pensioners. The motion was adopted, and the municipal council wrote off the debt.

22) EFF in Limpopo took the MEC of COGHSTA Mr Makoma Makhurupetje for the illegal appointment of Mogalakweni Municipal Manager to Limpopo High Court and won the case.

23) EFF members in the Limpopo Provincial Legislature wrote letters of demand to the MEC of Transport, Safety, Security and Liaison and media statements which led to the additional provision of the police van, toilets, and water, and Villa Nora police station in Ga-Shongoane in Lephalale.

24) EFF councillors in Mopani District Council fought to remove a Technical Director at Maruleng Local Municipality after evidence shown that a tender price was inflated.

25) EFF councillors in Maruleng Municipal Council prevented the municipality from outsourcing waste removal services. Instead, they demanded that the

municipality purchases its own waste removal trucks.

26) EFF councillors in Maruleng Municipal Council demanded that the municipality builds a road and erect a bridge in Mandela Village Ward 4. Construction of the road and the bridge is underway.
27) EFF councillors in Lephalale Municipal Council demanded that a budget allocation be made for a new cemetery in Marapong after the old cemetery was full.
28) EFF councillors in Mogalakwena Municipal Council won a case against the Municipal Council after the unlawful appointment of Municipal Manager Mr Bambo.
29) EFF councillors in Bela-Bela Municipal Council tabled a motion for the municipality to open a clinic in Pinaars Ward 8. The council adopted the motion and opened a clinic.
30) EFF councillors in Johannesburg Metropolitan Municipal Council tabled a motion for the Johannesburg Metropolitan Police Department (JMPD) Officers to receive a danger allowance. The municipal council adopted the motion, and today, JMPD officers receive a danger allowance.

31) EFF councillors in Johannesburg Metropolitan Municipal Council tabled a motion for clinics to open 24 hours and seven days a week. The municipal council adopted the motion. As a result, half the clinics operate 24 hours and seven a week, with ambulances stationed at each clinic.
32) EFF councillors in Midvaal Municipal Council intervened for people in Phillies Ward 12 and Kroomdraai Ward 7 to receive water and for the installation of water tanks.
33) EFF councillors in Tshwane Metropolitan Municipal Council tabled a motion at council for the City of Tshwane distribute sanitary towels for free. The municipal council adopted the motion, and now distributes sanitary towels in clinics.
34) EFF councillors in Kgetleng, Matlosana, Ditsobotla, Mamusa, Lekwaa Teema and Greater Taung Municipal Councils tabled motions to remove incompetent and corrupt mayors. The motions were adopted, and mayors in these municipalities were removed.
35) EFF councillors in Saldanha Bay Municipal Council tabled a motion for the insourcing of security guards. The motion was

adopted, and the municipality began the process to insource security guards in a phased approach.

36) EFF councillors in Matzikama Municipal Council tabled a motion for the dissolution of council in order to remove the arrogant and racist DA. The motion was adopted, and the arrogant and racist DA was removed following the dissolution of the municipal council.

37) EFF councillors in Breede Valley Municipal Council tabled a motion for the municipality to build a swimming pool in Zwelethemba. The motion was adopted, and the municipality began with the construction of the pool in 2021.

38) EFF councillors in Maluti-A-Phofung tabled a motion to remove incompetent and corrupt mayor. The motion was adopted, and the mayor was removed.

39) EFF councillors in Mangaung Metropolitan Municipal Council tabled a motion of no confidence against the mayor. The motion was adopted, and the mayor was removed.

40) EFF councillors in Mantsopa Municipal Council opened a case of fraud and corruption against a municipal official. As a

result, the municipal official was arrested and is incarcerated.

41) EFF councillors in Dr JS Moroka Municipal Council tabled a motion of no confidence against former Mayor Mr Thulare Madileng for incompetence and corruption. The mayor was removed by the council.

42) EFF councillors in Emalahleni Local Municipality opened a case of fraud and corruption against the mayor, municipal manager, general manager corporate services and the chief financial officer for irregularly and unlawfully authorising upper limits for themselves. All four were arrested by the Hawks and released on warning. The matter is still pending in court and the municipality is currently placed under section 106 of the constitution: "Forensic Investigation".

43) EFF councillors in Emalahleni Local Municipality opened a case against two municipal officials working in the Housing section and an ANC councillor for the illegal sale of RDP houses. The two officials and the councillor were arrested by the Hawks and are currently out on bail.

44) EFF councillors in Govan Mbeki Local Municipality tabled a motion for the municipal council on the allocation of land in Ward 26, Bethal. More than 1000 stands were allocated to the people and the land has been formalised with the process of putting services like bulk water, electricity and roads now underway.
45) EFF councillors in Govan Mbeki Local Municipality tabled a motion of no confidence against the Mayor, Mrs Thandi Ngconono for incompetency and corruption. The mayor was removed by the council and the municipal manager has since been suspended. The municipality is under section 106 of the constitution.
46) EFF councillors in Mbombela Local Municipality opened a case of corruption and nepotism against the mayor and municipal manager for illegal hiring of law enforcement agencies and traffic officers and they were both arrested and released on bail. The municipal manager has since been fired.
47) EFF councillors in Bushbuckridge Local Municipality tabled a motion for the municipal council for the supply of bulk water in Ward 36 Zola. The municipality

allocated a R10 million budget for the project and the consultants are now on site.

48) EFF councillors in Pixley Ka Isaka Seme Municipality opened a case against an ANC councillor for selling RDP houses. The councillor was arrested, is out on bail and was removed as a councillor.

49) EFF councillors in Pixley Ka Isaka Seme Municipality opened a case of fraud and corruption against the mayor and the municipal manager for embezzlement of water treatment plant funds. R22 million was spent but the water treatment plant does not exist. The matter is awaiting decision from the NPA, and the Municipal Manager has since been suspended.

The EFF councillors and caucuses have had many collective and individual victories in all municipal councils where the EFF is represented. In sum, the EFF has brought hope to ordinary South Africans and energised the programme of reviving municipal councils as the most essential and critical sphere of government.

B. DIAGNOSIS: WHAT ARE THE CONDITIONS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN SOUTH AFRICA TODAY?

Local government and municipalities in South Africa have collapsed. Most municipalities do not deliver basic services such as clean drinkable water, reliable electricity, sanitation, refuse removal and other important services. The collapse of local government is due to several reasons. To mention but a few, the sphere of local government has collapsed because of the following reasons:

1) Lack of vision for viable local government

The ruling party has failed to reimagine local government and municipalities for a post-apartheid South Africa. There is no relationship between the powers and functions of local government and the needs of South Africa. The disconnection is evident in municipal functions, land use and overall spatial planning as most people are concentrated in overpopulated cities. More than 70 per cent of South Africa's economy and revenue base comes from three provinces, i.e., Gauteng, Kwazulu-

Natal, and Western Cape. Consequently, South African cities, towns and rural areas resemble apartheid design as municipalities fail to emerge out of apartheid shadows.

2) Misalignment of functions and allocation of resources

Most municipalities are not viable as self-sustaining institutions that can afford to deliver basic services to citizens. There is no relationship between the allocation of revenue raised nationally through taxes and functions allocated to municipalities. Local government funding is based on the misguided notion that municipalities will either collect revenue from property rates, service charges on water and electricity or generate revenue from investments, rentals, licences, and traffic fines etc.

Due to unemployment, poverty and inequality, millions of households in South Africa cannot afford to pay for municipal services. Consequently, just over 10 per cent of revenue raised nationally is allocated to local government as a supplementary to non-existence revenue. Municipalities raise 72 per cent of their revenue from property rates, service charges on water and electricity, and other

revenues such as investment income, rentals, licences, traffic fines etc. The other 28 per cent of the funding is national and provincial allocation. However, only metropolitan municipalities with economic activities are able to collect revenue, while most municipalities do not have viable economies to speak of.

3) Lack of skills and technical capacity

Municipalities do not have the capacity to administer even the most basic functions such as records keeping, revenue collection, filling vacancies, compiling financial statements, etc. Municipalities depend on tenders to deliver most services that inevitably lead to corrupt processes and inflated prices. More than 68 per cent of municipalities lack skills, with more than 50 municipalities with a vacancy rate of more than 30 per cent. Overall, the average vacancy rate at municipalities is more than 21 per cent, while in senior management and finance units it is more than 18 per cent. More than 75 municipalities used consultants and still received qualified adverse or disclaimer audit outcomes. Effectively, there is slow or no response to all efforts to address challenges facing local government.

4) Corruption and poor local government finances

Municipalities are riddled with corruption, and there are no consequences as municipal officials are not answerable to citizens. More than 81 per cent of municipalities with a total budget of more than R550 billion are in a dysfunctional state or require intervention. Analysis of municipal financial statements shows increasing indicators of a collapse of local government finances.

5) Ageing and underfunded infrastructure

Most municipalities, particularly rural municipalities, face challenges of ageing and underfunded infrastructure. Most bulk water and sanitation infrastructure was built by the apartheid state. There was no expansion of this infrastructure in post-apartheid South Africa. While spending on infrastructure has not kept up with increasing demand, the existing infrastructure has not been maintained. For example, due to poor maintenance of water infrastructure, municipalities lose water on leaks and in places where people get water. In some instances, the water is not drinkable.

EFF COMMITMENTS

C. EFF COMMITMENTS

Against the backdrop of where the EFF movement comes from, its achievements in local governments and diagnosis of conditions of local government, the EFF presents cogent, practical, and feasible commitments that will change people's lives and develop infrastructure, build industries, create jobs, and build capacity. The EFF commitments are a result of thorough listening and consultation programme with sectors of society such as students, ex-mine workers, small-scale miners, unemployed youth, civil society, professionals, financial sector, traditional leaders, farming and agro-processing enterprises, tourism sector, LGBTQI plus community, fishing community, academics, creative industry, etc. The EFF commitments will always be driven by the involvement of ordinary citizens working with committed EFF councillors.

Important to a responsive, effective, and repurposed local government is building municipalities capable of service delivery. To build capacity in local government, EFF municipalities will

abolish tenders and insource town planners, engineers, artisans, and general workers such as cleaners, gardeners, drivers, and security guards.

Building capacity in local government through insourcing will improve the quality of work, deliver services, and ensure value for money. EFF municipalities should build water, sanitation, electricity infrastructure, roads, recreational facilities, and other basic services using internal capacity. At the centre of EFF commitments are well-remunerated municipal workers who will be motivated, inspired, and partake in a shared vision of capable municipalities.

EFF municipalities will incentivise industrialisation by building local industries that will benefit from local government procurement. The priority for EFF municipalities will be to ensure that each household is food secure and participate actively in the local economy. To achieve this, EFF municipalities within the legislation will enforce localisation and procurement of local products. In addition, EFF municipalities will revitalise industrial parks and build local markets to link up local producers and

households to stimulate viable economic activities outside municipal budgets.

Anchored on these commitments, all EFF municipalities will do the following:

a) EFF municipalities on land and agrarian economy

1) Every EFF municipality will have clear town planning programme.
2) Every EFF municipality will conduct land audit of its municipal areas to determine true land ownership details of every piece of land in the municipality, ascertain current land use, and expropriate abandoned and unused land for redistribution to the landless.
3) Every EFF municipality will have its own municipal land reform plan outlining municipal based land reform targets. These targets will be aimed at resolving urban land hunger in urban and peri-urban municipalities and ensuring access to land for housing, urban agriculture, and black-

led industrial activities. In rural municipalities, these targets will be focused on increasing agricultural production and providing land for housing.

4) Every EFF municipality will formalise all informal settlements under its jurisdiction and ensure that these areas are provided with services and properly zoned to ensure that houses can be built in these areas in short to medium term.
5) Every EFF municipality will establish municipal-owned abattoir to support and source produce from mainly black-owned livestock farming enterprises and ensure that these enterprises are provided with extension support services.
6) Every EFF municipality will have a land and agricultural development directorate to prioritise availing land to needy citizens and providing all the necessary support for agricultural development, including assisting emerging farmers with business planning, production support, and marketing assistance.

7) Every EFF municipality will build and support a fresh produce market for small-scale food producers, with a minimum of 50 per cent access by women and the youth.
8) Every EFF municipality will develop agricultural land protection by-laws to ensure that land suitable for agricultural purposes is not used for any other purpose but only for agricultural activities.
9) Every EFF municipality will procure its food needs from emerging farmers.
10) All EFF ward councillors will work with young people in the wards that they govern to initiate and grow at least one agricultural project, which will provide a source of income for young people in their respective wards.
11) Every EFF municipality will build a new recycling plant by 2023.
12) Every EFF municipality will allocate land for burial sites and will expropriate unused land to allocate burial sites.
13) Every EFF municipality will make land and properties available for student

accommodation and change bylaws to allow property owners to rent out properties for student accommodation.

14) Every EFF municipality will buy tractors and make them available for indigent households who want to farm and will supply them with seeds and implements.
15) Every EFF municipality will repossess all municipal stolen land.

b) EFF municipalities on indigent households and free basic services

1) Every EFF municipality will establish indigent households' units in the mayor's office by June 2022.
2) In every EFF municipality, households which depend on social grants will qualify for free basic services without having to register on the indigent database. EFF will continue to fight for the increase of social grants as follows
    a. Grant for older persons to increase from R1 890 to R3 780 per month,

b. Disability grant to increase from R1 890 to R3 780 per month,
c. War veterans grant to increase from R1 910 to R3 820 per month,
d. Care dependency grant to increase from R1 890 to R3 789 per month,
e. Child support grant to increase from R460 to R920 per month, and
f. Foster child grant to increase from R1 050 to R2 100 per month.

3) Every EFF municipality will communicate or make it known that people who receive social grants will automatically qualify for free basic services without any registration process.
4) Every EFF municipality will build capacity that will include social workers to conduct home visits, document, and profile all indigent households to ensure they receive all free basic services and social grants by June 2022.
5) Every EFF municipality will allocate councillors to indigent households that will

ensure that each household has access to free basic services by January 2022.

6) Councillors in every EFF municipality will submit a quarterly report detailing the number of indigent households who receive free basic services.
7) Every EFF municipality will publish a quarterly report of access to free basic services.
8) Every EFF municipality will submit a list of indigent households within its jurisdiction to Eskom, where electricity is supplied directly from Eskom for indigent households to receive electricity by November 2022.
9) Every EFF municipality will publish an annual report of annual allocation from the national budget with a corresponding report of access to free basic services.
10) EFF municipality will not use allocation for free basic services for anything other than the purpose of the allocation.
11) All qualifying learners from indigent households will automatically qualify for municipal bursaries.

12) Every EFF municipality will implement property wealth tax to subsidise indigent families.
13) Every EFF municipality will allow indigent families to bury their family members with dignity and cover the costs.
14) Every EFF municipality will establish within its jurisdiction early childhood development centres with adequate infrastructure.
15) Every EFF municipality will build within its jurisdiction adequate shelters for children living in streets.

c) EFF Municipalities on local government capacity

1) Every EFF municipality will abolish tenders and insource the following services:
   a. Security services
   b. Cleaning services
   c. Gardening, horticulture, and landscaping services

d. General maintenance which includes repairs of building and refurbishment of infrastructure
e. Catering services
f. IT services
g. Auditing services
h. Construction services
i. Municipal bus services

2) Every EFF municipality will abolish use of consultants and establish internal engineering and spatial planning units by December 2023.
3) EFF municipalities will fill all vacant positions by December 2022.
4) Every EFF municipality will establish construction companies that will employ artisans and engineers on a fulltime basis to build, maintain and refurbish all municipal infrastructure.
5) Every EFF municipality will initiate a mentorship programme to link retired artisans and engineers with junior artisans and engineers employed by municipalities.

6) EFF municipalities will absorb all Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP) into full employment by the municipality.
7) Every EFF municipality will have a fire department and sub-station in every ward
8) Every EFF municipality will do a skills audit to check and verify qualifications of all municipal workers in relation to the position they occupy.
9) Every EFF municipality will hire building inspectors and will close all buildings that are not in good conditions.
10) EFF municipalities will introduce night shifts to improve service delivery.
11) EFF municipalities will open municipal offices on weekend.

d) EFF municipalities on the economy

1) Every EFF municipality will declare a special economic zone with zero company taxes and building allowances for all companies that require infrastructure in exchange for producing products that contribute to municipal services and create jobs.

2) EFF municipalities will give property taxes and rates rebates for all companies that create 200 jobs or more.
3) Every EFF municipality will build retail trading stalls for street vendors and will prohibit the confiscation of street vendors' goods as a means of enforcing municipal by-laws.
4) Every EFF municipality will procure 80 per cent of all goods from municipal special economic zones.
5) Every EFF municipality will provide waste reclaimers with training and processing facilities, and access to market.
6) EFF municipalities will approve building and site development plans within a short period of time to stimulate property development.
7) EFF municipalities will promote local tourism (cultural, political and leisure tourism) to create jobs and promote informal businesses that contribute to tourism.
8) EFF municipalities will provide security in industrial sites and major economic activities to ensure that there are industries that operates for 24 hours to create jobs.

9) EFF municipalities zoning will permit home-based businesses.
10) EFF municipalities will force mines to play a developmental role in the areas they are operating.

e) EFF municipalities on gender and women

Women have suffered most from the neo-liberal reality of the past 20 years. The vicious circle of triple oppression, based on race, class and gender, has not been broken for black women in particular. The EFF recognises that while patriarchy and sexism are pervasive in our society, it is black women who suffer the most from gender-based violence. Up to now, interventions for dealing with violence against women have been superficial, half-hearted, and based on the wrong understanding of the root causes for the vulnerability of women.

The EFF municipalities will strive to realise women's liberation through a variety of interventions, starting with prioritising women when it comes to the benefits of economic emancipation. These

interventions will include education against patriarchy and sexism, complemented by legislation to protect and promote women's liberation and the close monitoring of the implementation thereof to realise real women empowerment in society, within the family and at the workplace.

The EFF believes that gender-based violence and related antisocial activities are reinforced and even sustained by the deplorable general conditions of our people; therefore, a key to female emancipation is the emancipation of all. The EFF will emphasise transforming the lives of our people in the ghettos from one of generalised structural violence as a mechanism to end all violence, including violence against women.

1) Every EFF municipality will ensure that there is more than 50 per cent women representation in all spheres representing economic benefit, political participation, a managerial and leadership responsibility.

2) Every EFF municipality will establish a special unit to monitor, report on and enforce gender parity and equality in all economic matters that falls within the sphere of that locality.
3) Every EFF municipality will introduce a whistle-blowing mechanism for reporting all instances of sexual harassment, jobs-for-sex and gender-based violence in the workplace.
4) Every EFF municipality will require that anyone who wants to do business with the municipality must declare if they have ever been found guilty of GBV, rape and child abuse. If so, they will not be permitted to do business with the municipality.
5) Every EFF municipality will require that anyone who wants to be employed by the municipality must declare if they have been found guilty of GVB, rape and child abuse.
6) Every EFF municipality will develop and enforcement strategy to deal with gender-based violence and drug abuse.
7) EFF municipalities will build shelter houses for victims of gender-based violence, rape and child abuse.

f) EFF municipalities on health

1) EFF municipalities will prioritise primary healthcare that focuses on quality clinic services, home visits, and municipal disease profiling through municipal clinical facilities.
2) EFF municipalities will deliver chronic medication to the elderly at home.
3) EFF municipalities will upgrade all clinics and build new clinics that will open24 hours and seven days a week.
4) EFF municipalities will employ additional nurses and doctors for all municipal clinics.
5) EFF municipalities will allocate each ward a social worker by September 2023.
6) EFF municipalities will rollout municipal immunisation and vaccination programmes which will cover all wards.
7) EFF municipalities will employ Community Healthcare Workers as municipal workers responsible for provision of quality healthcare in every ward.
8) EFF municipalities will allocate doctors and other health practitioners to every ward

and develop automated regular home visits schedule to test for diseases that can be treated at an early stage.

9) EFF municipalities will work with community radio stations, local artists, and community youth leaders to produce health content to be disseminated in all wards and languages.
10) EFF municipalities will establish confidential and secured digital database of health profiles for all by ward and household.
11) EFF municipal clinics will establish a dedicated unit to pay specific attention to autism and respond to cases of autism, working with municipal early childhood development centres.
12) Each ward in all EFF municipalities will build polyclinic per village in wards that are composed of more than one village.
13) EFF municipalities will appoint qualified people, including medical practitioners, with adequate administrative and managerial experience and competency at all municipal clinics.

14) EFF municipalities will build consulting rooms for traditional and indigenous health practitioners, traditional healers, and traditional herbalists to use for free in all municipal clinics.
15) EFF municipalities will replace all machines and equipment older than ten years in all municipal clinics by 2023.
16) Every EFF municipal clinic will have a minimum of two ambulances.
17) Every EFF municipality will distribute free sanitary towels.
18) Every EFF municipality will establish drugs and substance abuse rehabilitation centre in all its wards.
19) EFF municipalities will formalise home-based caregivers and appoint them on a fulltime basis.

g) EFF municipalities on human settlement

1) Every EFF municipality will build quality and spacious houses with flushing toilet.
2) Every EFF municipality will make public a list of people who are due to receive municipal housing.
3) Every EFF municipality will re-zone all informal settlements within its jurisdiction into formal settlements and provide them with water, electricity, and sanitation.
4) EFF municipalities will put mechanisms in place to ensure that all municipal workers have decent houses.
5) EFF municipalities will subsidise housing finance for middle-income earners.
6) EFF municipalities will regulate the cost of rent on municipal-owned land.
7) EFF municipalities will make it illegal for residents to be evicted from private properties unless a suitable alternative is found for them.
8) Every EFF municipality will do away with apartheid spatial planning and expropriate

land without compensation closer to inner city centres to build sustainable housing for all.

9) EFF municipalities will build capacity to deliver bulk services such as water provision, electricity, sewerage systems, parks, and recreation facilities.
10) Every EFF municipality will ensure that municipal-built houses meet the standards required to ensure ease of access for people living with disabilities.
11) EFF municipalities will convert unused municipal buildings into affordable housing for the poor, offering people long-term, secured leaseholds to these buildings.
12) EFF municipalities will, through the municipal construction company, build municipal-owned houses and complexes which will be made available to people on a lease basis for a period of 99 years.

h) EFF municipalities on fisheries

1) EFF municipalities will recognize indigenous and traditional right to access the ocean for fishing.
2) EFF municipalities will grant indigenous and traditional fishers 50% of all fishing quotas
3) EFF municipalities will develop a fund that would assist indigenous and traditional fishers to acquire the necessary resources like boats and equipment and provide facilities for processing and packaging products.
4) EFF municipalities will ensure that fishing companies pay a fair price for the quotas of fishing quota holders.
5) EFF municipalities will investigate the illegal use of employees' information by fishing companies like Lucky Star (part of the Oceana Group) to acquire fishing allocations.
6) EFF municipalities will investigate the trusts set up by fishing companies like Oceana

and ensure that all trust beneficiaries be issued trust certificates.

7) EFF municipalities will ensure that fishing companies pay the surviving relatives of deceased employees the money that is due to them within a reasonable time.
8) EFF municipalities will pass the necessary bylaws that requires employers to provide staff with the necessary training to operate the equipment. Where employers do not adhere to this requirement, they will face penalties and staff of the companies will be compensated for any injury sustained due to lack of training or poorly maintained machinery or equipment.
9) EFF municipalities will ensure that there is a minimum wage of R12 500 for anyone employed in the fisheries sector.
10) EFF municipalities will ensure that casual staff employed for 6 months and longer are made permanent.
11) EFF municipalities will ensure that discrimination against Black people in the issuing of permits comes to an end.

12) EFF municipalities will make sure that priority is given to issuing limited seasonal fishing permits to Africans, Coloureds and Indians.
13) EFF municipalities will ensure that certain coastal towns are demarcated strictly for recreational and indigenous fishers.

i) EFF municipalities on water

1) EFF municipalities will discontinue private ownership of bulk water infrastructure and will ensure that every household, factory, farm, school, and public infrastructure has access to clean drinkable water.
2) EFF municipalities will repair all water treatment plants.
3) EFF municipalities will build new water treatment facilities in all municipalities.
4) EFF municipalities will employ artisans to repair all leaks in water infrastructure with the aim of reducing the amount of water lost by leaks to 10% of the current rate.

5) EFF municipalities will ensure water sustainability for daily and industrial usage by building dams and large-scale water projects with the capacity to sustainably supply South Africa.
6) EFF municipalities will provide each South African with in-house hot running water.
7) EFF municipalities will build storm water drains in every street in South Africa, particularly in old townships.
8) EFF municipalities will clear any illegal blockage and/or diversion of the flow of natural rivers by white farmers.
9) EFF will build a water reticulation plant in Hammanskraal within six months. Company appointed will be expected to include night shift in its work schedule. A similar model will be used in other areas where there is an urgent need to supply clean and drinkable water.
10) EFF municipalities will ensure that all schools will have clean water.

j) EFF municipalities on sanitation

1) Every EFF municipality will eradicate bucket toilets within its jurisdiction.
2) EFF municipalities will provide each South African with in-house sanitation.
3) EFF municipalities will connect each house to the sewage system.
4) EFF municipalities will ensure that all schools have flushing toilets.
5) EFF municipalities will clean dirty and unkempt entrances of all towns and cities within three months of being elected.
6) EFF municipalities will build safe, dignified, and reliable flushing toilets in public spaces.
7) EFF municipalities will build and refurbish public toilet facilities in stadiums and recreational parks.
8) EFF municipalities will provide regular maintenance to public toilet facilities.
9) EFF municipalities will make provision for safe and secure public toilets along national and main roads.

10) EFF municipalities will refurbish and build public toilet facilities in public cemeteries.
11) EFF municipalities will install dustbins in all public spaces, recreational parks, sports facilities, cemeteries, schools, clinics etc.
12) EFF municipalities will build septic tanks and sewage system for rural areas, townships and schools that do not have sewage system.
13) EFF municipalities will clean all shopping complex, streets and public facilities.
14) EFF municipalities will impose a fine on anyone caught dumping.
15) EFF municipalities will supply large dustbins in townships.
16) EFF municipalities will install dustbins in all public spaces, recreational parks, sports facilities, cemeteries, schools, clinics etc.
17) EFF municipalities will ensure that there is consistent and reliable waste removal in all townships and rural areas.
18) EFF municipalities will not allow dumping in public because the municipality will provide consistent and reliable waste removal.

k) EFF municipalities on crime

1) EFF municipalities will engage in consistent road blocks, including random search, not at one place to fight transportation of drugs and illegal fire arms.
2) EFF municipalities will strengthen law enforcement to fight corruption, gangs and drug lords.

l) EFF municipalities on environment and climate change

1) EFF municipalities will use municipal nature reserves for environmental education purposes, to nurture a generation of young people that is aware of the ecological limits of the planet.
2) EFF municipalities will prioritize the maintenance of ecological infrastructure, employ a team of people that will focus on eradicating alien plants, rehabilitating wetlands, and rehabilitating areas affected by soil erosion through planting of ecologically suitable plant species.

3) EFF municipalities will have municipal owned nurseries, in which indigenous plants will be propagated for use in environmental rehabilitation projects, and for environmental education purposes.
4) EFF municipalities will incentivize businesses that use clean energy, have clear water recycling methods, and limit their levels of pollution.
5) Each EFF municipality will establish biodiversity conservation forum, made up of civil society organizations, that meets twice a year to discuss progress made with conserving the municipality's natural resources, and act as an advisory forum to the municipality.
6) EFF municipalities will have their own Municipal Protected Area Expansion Strategy, which will help the municipality identify critical ecological areas that should be declared as municipal nature reserves.
7) EFF municipalities will identify critical freshwater ecosystems and have

management plans for these freshwater ecosystems to ensure their protection.

8) EFF municipalities will require environmental assessment plans for all major construction projects.
9) EFF municipalities will install solar power in all houses built by the municipality.

m) EFF municipalities on youth

1) Youth development cuts across all aspects of the EFF manifesto because, employment opportunities the EFF municipalities will create businesses that will be subsidised, municipal bursaries that will be awarded, and all other social assistance programmes will primarily benefit the youth.
2) EFF municipalities will integrate and institutionalise youth development at local government level.
3) EFF municipalities will pursue active programmes to professionalise youth who work in municipal structures, SMMEs and companies in municipal special economic zones.

4) EFF municipalities will develop mechanisms to monitor the implementation of youth development initiatives and mayors will be held accountable for failure to implement youth development initiatives, including being recalled from their positions.
5) Every EFF municipality will ensure that a minimum of 40% of the people in its employ are between the ages of 18 and 35.
6) Every EFF municipality will spend 50% of its procurement budget on youth-owned businesses.
7) EFF municipalities will through property rates and tax rebates, incentivise private corporations to ensure that at a minimum 35% of its human resource contingent are people between the ages of 18 and 35.
8) Every EFF municipality will have a Youth Information and Advisory Centre which will inform, educate, and guide young people on possible career paths and educational opportunities available in South Africa.
9) Every EFF municipality will guarantee for all matriculants in its locality free driver's license lessons and a driver's license test.

n) EFF municipalities on transport

1) EFF municipalities will revive municipal airports to promote tourism and will build small airports in municipal areas where there are no airports.
2) EFF municipalities will conduct an audit of all municipal infrastructure such as stadiums, lodges, farms and airports to determine true ownership and status of contracts and cancel all contracts that do not advance the development of the municipality.
3) EFF municipalities will pave all roads, including local streets in townships.
4) EFF municipalities will maintain and clean taxi ranks, and build safe flushing toilets.
5) EFF municipalities will expand on existing Bus Rapid Transit (BRTs) and build BRTs in rural municipalities as the main means of transport.
6) EFF municipalities will pave all roads leading to cemeteries.
7) EFF municipalities will undertake the re-gravelling of all roads including importing of G5 soil to ensure that the soil is stable and usable.

8) EFF municipalities will issue taxi permits within 48 hours of application.

o) EFF municipalities on municipal infrastructure

1) EFF municipalities will develop inventory of all municipal assets and will take back all unused properties.
2) EFF municipalities will repossess all hijacked buildings and repurpose all such buildings.
3) EFF municipalities will build libraries, schools and community halls with reliable WIFI.
4) EFF municipalities will install WIFI in all schools, churches and municipal offices.
5) EFF municipalities will review all long term leases that previous municipalities entered into with different businesses and individuals.
6) EFF municipalities will employ municipal workers that will repair potholes in 48 hours and traffic lights in 24 hours.

p) EFF municipalities on sports, arts, and culture

1) EFF municipalities will remove apartheid statues and take them to a dedicated apartheid museum as a reminder to future generations under the theme: 'NEVER AGAIN'.
2) EFF municipalities will establish municipal arts, culture, and heritage funds to incentivise artists to paint and beautify municipal facilities and public spaces such as schools, clinics, parks, and buildings.
3) EFF municipalities will partner with community radio stations to support their revenue and sustainability, and all advertisements of EFF municipalities will be allocated to community radio stations.
4) EFF municipalities will build multi-purpose indoor sports facilities in municipal wards that do not have sports facilities. Each facility will include gym equipment, an indoor pool, an indoor hall comprising six

separate pitches which can be used for various sports, and shower facilities.

5) EFF municipalities will build outdoor gyms in each ward.
6) EFF municipalities will build a minimum of one recreational park in each ward.
7) EFF municipalities will change the names of every road, natural attraction, building or any other asset where the name has any direct or indirect link to the colonial or apartheid period.
8) EFF municipalities will commission local sculptors to build statues memorialising African and anti-colonial heroes, with 50 per cent of all statues to be commissioned to be sculpted by women and the youth.
9) EFF municipalities will refurbish and revitalise all relevant museums and memorials in their localities.
10) EFF municipalities will build a small outdoor mini theatre in each ward.
11) EFF municipalities will build an arts and culture centre in each ward.

12) EFF municipalities will only hire local artists for state events, with prioritisation of upcoming artists over those that are already established.
13) EFF municipalities will loan recording and musical equipment to artists free of charge.
14) EFF municipalities will incentivise art galleries to exhibit and sell at a minimum of 90 per cent of locally produced art.
15) EFF municipalities will hold quarterly festivals in each municipality, allowing local upcoming artists to showcase their talents to the public.
16) EFF municipalities will initiate annual sports tournament for all sporting codes and prioritise women and girls' participation.
17) EFF municipalities will beatify and maintain public spaces.

q) EFF municipalities on corruption

1) Every EFF municipality will establish an anti-corruption unit which will be headed by a men or women of integrity.

2) All EFF municipalities will increase municipal internal audit capacity to enhance efficiency and effectiveness in governance and to pre-empt all forms of corruption.
3) All EFF municipalities will have quarterly public meetings to report to residents on the implementation of Service Delivery and Budget Implication Plans as part of community oversight.
4) Every EFF municipality will ensure that the chairperson of the Municipal Public Accounts Committee (MPAC) is elected from the opposition benches to safeguard transparency and oversight over the executive.
5) Every EFF municipality will establish a toll-free independent anti-fraud and corruption hotline for employees, members of the public and external stakeholders to report fraud and corruption anonymously.
6) EFF municipalities will ensure that all corruption matters are settled within two months.

7) EFF municipalities will protect and compensate whistle-blowers.

COMMITMENTS BY EFF COUNCILLORS

A. COMMITMENTS BY EFF COUNCILLORS.

Within these commitments and context, guided by the EFF founding manifesto and Code of Conduct for all EFF Caucuses and Public Representatives, EFF councillors will abide by the following principles:

1) All EFF councillors will come from an EFF branch in good standing, and they will adopt two additional wards, which they will oversee and ensure that services are delivery to them.
2) All EFF councillors will attend municipal council sittings and committees without fail.
3) All EFF councillors will be available on the phone 24 hours a day and will assist people who call them with patience and diligence.
4) All EFF councillors will adopt either an early childhood development centre, squatter camp, clinic, and/or school to support by identifying challenges and

issues they are confronted with. Such will then be brought to the attention of the municipality.

5) All EFF councillors will always carry the EFF Constitution, Founding Manifesto and 2021 Local Government Election Manifesto as guiding documents on all issues that they will be dealing with in Councils.

6) All EFF councillors will wear worker's red regalia when attending municipal council sittings.

7) All EFF councillors will be available for organisational deployment to different parts of the municipality to address service delivery issues.

8) All EFF councillors will familiarise themselves with the complete list of indigent households to ensure that they receive basic water and electricity, and other social services.

9) All EFF councillors will seek to improve their knowledge, skills, and expertise by furthering their studies in various colleges,

and universities, including through distance education and learning.

10) No EFF councillor will be allowed to accept payments and donations for themselves, particularly in response to work done in their capacity as a councillor.
11) No EFF councillor or their immediate relative will conduct business with the municipality that they serve in due to their direct or indirect influence in such a municipality.
12) No EFF councillor will get involved in the appointment of people, recommend, or even forward a person's CV to officials of municipalities as such will amount to nepotism and ill-discipline.
13) EFF councillors will not be allowed to demand money from people in exchange for assistance.
14) No EFF councillor will abuse women or children.
15) No EFF councillor will abuse alcohol and illegal substances.

16) All EFF councillors will declare their business interests.
17) No EFF councillor will hold another job position outside the municipal council without written approval. This means that all EFF councillors serve on full-time basis within councils.
18) All EFF councillors found to be involved in corruption and secret relations with other political parties and businesses will be immediately suspended and face disciplinary measures.
19) No EFF councillor is allowed to bypass the leadership of the organisation to communicate with leadership of an upper structure without the knowledge of the structures at the level where he/she is serving, on all matters pertaining to the municipal council, including service delivery.
20) No EFF councillor is allowed to go to a committee and not say anything concerning service delivery and to hold the municipal officials accountable – it will

be considered misconduct and dereliction of duty to stay silent in committees.

21) No EFF councillor will attend committee meetings without reading meeting documents that relate to the committee concerned.

22) No EFF councillor will miss sittings or committee meetings without sending an apology to the caucus chief whip.

23) Any EFF councillor who misses more than three sittings or committee meetings without an apology will be subjected to disciplinary measures.

24) All EFF councillors will arrive at committee meetings and municipal council sittings on time.

25) No EFF councillor is allowed to refuse to assist people because they did not vote for the EFF.

26) EFF councillors will not withhold information about wrongdoing given them but will report such to relevant authorities.

27) No EFF councillor shall undertake an international trip without the approval of

the Head Office of the EFF through the Governance Task Unit.

28) No EFF councillor will attend a meeting without a notebook and a pen and without taking notes in a meeting.
29) All EFF Councillors will follow the instruction and direction of the leadership during house or council sittings.
30) No EFF councillor will sleep in committee meetings or sittings.
31) All EFF councillors will know their communities, neighbours and details of the challenges that confront people.
32) All EFF councillors will keep a record of indigent families in their ward to ensure that they receive basic services, i.e., water, electricity, and social grants.
33) All EFF councillors must within three years of election obtain a. post-matric qualification.

CONCLUSION

The Economic Freedom Fighters has demonstrated with absolute conviction, consistency and dependability that we can rescue South Africa from the utter incompetence, directionlessness and incapacity of the local state.

We have demonstrated with utmost confidence that we can and will run successful local government. We call on all the people of South Africa to rally behind the banner of the EFF and support its revolutionary and transformative agenda. We are the ones you have been waiting for. Our people cannot wait forever for Land and Jobs! We need the Land and Jobs Manje! Victory is Certain!

EFF
ECONOMIC FREEDOM FIGHTERS

VOTE EFF X 2021 LGE

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