DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

NO. 1115 30 AUGUST 2019

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT: AIR QUALITY ACT, 2004 (ACT NO. 39 OF 2004)

CONSULTATION ON THE INTENTION TO REPEAL THE REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A DUST CONTROL AREA MADE IN TERMS OF SECTION 33(1)(b)OF THE ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION PREVENTION ACT, 1965 AND THE DUST CONTROL AREAS DECLARED IN TERMS OF SECTION 27(1) OF THE ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION PREVENTION ACT, 1965

I, Barbara Dallas Creecy, Minister of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries, hereby, in terms of section 32 and 53(p), read with section 57, of the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004 (Act No. 39 of 2004) consult on my intention to repeal the Regulations relating to the Inspection of Premises in Dust Control Areas, made in terms of section 33(1)(b) and Dust Control areas made in terms of section 27(1) of the Atmoshperic Poliution Prevention Act, 1965 (Act No. 45 of 1965) as contained in the Schedule hereto.

Members of the public are invited to submit written comments or inputs to the Minister, within 30 days of publication of this Notice in the *Gazette*, to the following addresses:

By post to: The Director-General:

Department of Environmental Affairs

Attention: Ms S S Burger Private Bag X447 PRETORIA

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By hand at: Reception, Environment House, 473 Steve Biko Road, Arcadia, Pretoria, 0083

By e-mail: Sburger@environment.gov.za

Any enquiries in connection with the Notice can be directed to (012) 399 9286.

Comments received after the closing date may not be considered.

BARBARA DALLAS CREECY

MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

SCHEDULE

The following Regulations relating to the Inspection of Premises in a Dust Control Area, made in terms of section 33(1)(b) of the Atmospheric Pollution Prevention Act, 1965 (Act No. 45 of 1965) is hereby repealed:

No. and year of Regulations	Title	Extent of Repeal
Government Notice R1922 in Government	Regulation relating to the Inspection of	The whole
Gazette 9905 of 30 August 1985	Premises in a Dust Control Area	

The following Dust Conrol Areas declarations made in terms of section 27(1) of the Atmospheric Pollution Prevention Act, 1965 (Act No. 45 of 1965) are hereby repealed:

No. and year of Regulations	Title	Extent of Repeal
Government Notice R542 in Government	Dust Control Areas	The whole
Gazette 9135 of 23 March 1984	<u> </u>	
Government Notice R997 in Government	Dust Control Areas	The whole
Gazette 9728 of 3 May 1985		
Government Notice R2232 in Government	Dust Control Areas	The whole
Gazette 9953 of 4 October 1985		_
Government Notice R182 in Government	Dust Control Areas	The whole
Gazette 10081 of 31 January 1986		
Government Notice R2709 in Government	Dust Control Areas, Dundee	The whole
Gazette 11063 of 11 December 1987		
Government Notice R2766 in Government	Dust Control Areas: Town Council of	The whole
Gazette 13638 of 22 November 1991	Brits	
Government Notice R317 in Government	Town Council of Middelburg	The whole
Gazette 17809 of 28 February 1997	(Mpumianaga)	

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

NO. 1116 30 AUGUST 2019

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ACT, 1998 (ACT NO. 107 OF 1998)

CORRECTION: WITHDRAWAL OF GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 961 IN GOVERNMENT GAZETTE 42561 OF 05 JULY 2019

I, Barbara Dallas Creecy, Minister of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries, hereby withdraw the Notice regarding the Requirement to Submit a Report Generated by the National Web Based Environmental Screening Tool that was published under Government Notice No. 961 in Government Gazette No. 42561 of 05 July 2019.

The reason for the withdrawal is that, due to an administrative error, the same Notice was published twice. Government Notice No. 961 is a duplication of Government Notice No. 960. Both notices were published in Government Gazette No. 42561 of 05 July 2019. The National Sector Classification was also attached in error to Government Notice No. 961.

BARBARA DALLAS CREECY

MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING

NO. 1117 30 AUGUST 2019

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS FRAMEWORK ACT, 2008 (ACT NO. 67 OF 2008)

CALL FOR NOMINATIONS

APPOINTMENT TO THE BOARD OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY TO TAKE OFFICE FROM 1 JANUARY 2021

I, Bonginkosi Emmanuel Nzimande, MP, Minister of Higher Education, Science and Technology according to Section 14 of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) Act, 2008 (Act No. 67 of 2008) hereby invite nominations for appointment of members of the South African Qualifications Authority (SAQA) Board.

The term of office of the current Board expires on 31 December 2020.

I am required to appoint 12 persons in their personal capacities to the SAQA Board. At least two of the 12 members must be appointed from nominations made by organised labour (section 14(3)(a)). The term of office of Board members is five years. A member may not serve more than two consecutive terms of office. Due attention must be given to the representivity in terms of race, gender and disability.

The Board must be appointed in such a manner as to ensure that the functions of the SAQA are performed according to the highest professional standards. The members appointed must:

- Be broadly representative of the education and training sectors and related interests;
- b) Have thorough knowledge and understanding of education and training;
- Appreciate the role of education and training in the reconstruction and transformation of the South African economy and society;
- d) Have known and attested commitment to the interests of education and training;
- Have knowledge and understanding of qualifications matters and quality assurance in education and training; and
- Be competent to undertake the governance and oversee the financial affairs of the SAQA.

I am calling for nominations for the SAQA Board from:

- Persons involved in education and training;
- b) Organisations involved in education and training;
- c) Professional bodies;
- d) Organised labour;
- e) Organised business; and
- Organisations representing community and development interests.

Nominations must include the following:

- Completed nomination form Schedule 1 which can be obtained at www.dhet.gov.za;
- A comprehensive curriculum vitae of the nominee;
- Certified copies of all qualifications; and
- Full names of the individual or organisation making a nomination.

The closing date for the receipt of nominations is 30 working days from the date of publication of this Notice.

Please address all correspondence and any related enquiries to:

The Director-General:

Department of Higher Education and Training

Attention: Ms Bellinah Molaudzi

Private Bag X174

Pretoria

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DR BE NZIMANDE, MP

MINISTER OF HIGHER EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

DATE: 07 108 2019

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

NO. 1118

30 AUGUST 2019

HOUSING CONSUMER PROTECTION BILL, 2019

I, Lindiwe Nonceba Sisulu, Minister for Human Settlements, Water and Sanitation hereby publishes the Housing Consumer Protection Bill, 2019 for public comment. A draft Bill together with its Memorandum on the object of the Bill is hereby attached

Any interested persons or institutions are hereby invited to submit written comments or representations with regard to the draft Bill within 60 days of the date of publication of this notice. All comments or presentations must be submitted in writing in one of the following ways:

(a) By post to: The Director General

Department of Human Settlements

Private Bag x 644

Pretoria

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For attention: [Ms Rose Murray and Ms Lisa Masilo]

(b) Delivered to: The Director-General

Department of Human Settlements

260 Justice Mohamed Street

For attention: [Ms L Masilo and Ms R Murray]

(c) By electronic mail: [Lisa.Masilo@dhs.gov.za &

Rose.Murray@dhs.gov.za]

Enquiries: [Ms L Masilo 012-444-9097 & Ms R Murray 012-4449283]

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

(As introduced in the National Assembly (proposed section 76); explanatory summary of Bill published in Government Gazette No. 42669 of 30 August 2019) (The English text is the official text of the Bill)

(MINISTER OF HUMAN SETTLEMENTS)

[B...-2019]

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BILL

To provide for the protection of housing consumers; to provide for the continuance of the National Home Builders Registration Council as the National Home Building Regulatory Council; to provide for the registration of homebuilders; to provide for the enrolment of homes in order to be covered by the home warranty fund; to provide for the regulation of the conduct of homebuilders; to provide for the continuance of the home warranty fund; to provide for claims against the fund; to provide for the funds of the Council and for the management of those funds; to provide for procurement and contractual matters in relation to the building of a home; to provide for the enforcement of this Act; to repeal the Housing Consumers Protection Measures Act, 1998, and to provide for matters connected therewith.

PARLIAMENT of the Republic of South Africa enacts, as follows:

HOUSING CONSUMER PROTECTION BILL

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- 2. Application of Act
- 3. Application of Public Finance Management Act

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NATIONAL HOME BUILDING REGULATORY COUNCIL

- 4. National Home Building Regulatory Council
- 5. Objectives
- 6. Composition of Board
- 7. Term of office
- 8. Disqualifications, vacation and removal from office
- 9. Fiduciary duties and disclosure
- 10. Remuneration of members of Board and Compliance and Enforcement Committee
- 11. Meetings of Board

- 12. Committees of Board
- 13. Delegation and assignment of functions by Board
- 14. Functions of Council
- 15. Appointment of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
- 16. Conditions of appointment of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
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- 19. Delegation by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
- 20. Staff of Council
- 21. Access to information
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- 24. Contents of register
- 25. Homebuilder or developer to be registered
- 26. Requirements for registration

- 27. Cancellation, suspension or amendment of homebuilder's or developer's registration or grading status
- 28. Liability of unregistered homebuilder or developer

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- 30. Enrolment of home
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CHAPTER I

INTERPRETATION

Definitions

	1. In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise—
"build'	' in relation to the structural integrity of a home, means the—
(a)	establishment;
(b)	installation;
(c)	repair;
(d)	renovation;
(e)	alteration; or
(f)	extension
of a ho	ome, and "construction" and "construct" have the same meaning;
"Chief	Executive Officer" means the Chief Executive Officer appointed in terms of
section	า 15;
"Chief section	Financial Officer" means the Chief Financial Officer appointed in terms of 15;
"certif	ication body" means a legal person approved by the Council to provide
certific	ation services in respect of the design or compliance with the Homebuilding
Manua	al through its certifier;

"certifier" means an employee or agent of a certification body appointed by the homebuilder to issue certificates in relation to design or compliance with the Homebuilding Manual, but excludes an inspector appointed in terms section 72; "Companies Act" means the Companies Act, 2008 (Act No. 71 of 2008); as amended;

"competent person" means a person who—

- is qualified by virtue of his or her education, training, experience and
 contextual knowledge to make a determination regarding the performance of
 a building or part thereof in relation to a functional aspect; and
- (b) is approved and appointed in terms of the National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act, 1977 (Act No. 103 of 1977), as amended.
- "Council" means the juristic person referred to in section 4, which comprises of the administration responsible for the management of the affairs and the execution of the operations of the Council, and the implementation of the provisions of this Act and which acts under the strategic direction of the Board;
- "day", with the exclusion for the purposes of Part 3 of Chapter VI, means a working day, but excludes builders' shutdown periods as recognized in the industry;
- "developer" means a person or organ of state who initiates or executes or both initiates and executes a project with the aim to provide one or more homes to housing consumers, including but not limited to—
- (a) a delivery agent as contemplated in section 1 of the Social Housing Act;
- (b) a social housing institution; and
- (c) any agent acting on behalf of that person, organ of state, delivery agent or social housing institution;

"funds advisory committee" means the funds advisory committee established in terms of section 38(2)(b);

"home" means a permanent structure intended to provide protection against the natural elements and which is suitable to be occupied for residential purposes or partially for residential purposes and includes—

- (a) a structure to be occupied for residential purposes as contemplated in the definitionof "social housing" as contained in section 1 of the Social Housing Act;
- (b) a residential section registered in terms of the Sectional Titles Act, 1986 (Act No. 95 of 1986);
- (c) a unit as contemplated in the Housing Development Schemes for Retired PersonsAct, 1988 (Act No. 65 of 1988);
- (d) a home forming part of a housing programme initiated by an organ of state;
- (e) the private drainage system from the home up to the municipal connection or up to and including a conservancy or septic tank;
- (f) water services in relation to a home, from the point of supply to the point of discharge at fixtures and appliances;
- (g) any buildings ancillary to a home including but not limited to storerooms, covered walkways, garages and common facilities;
- (h) any retaining wall necessary to ensure the structural integrity of the home; and
- (i) any adjacent building or wall on common property that has the potential to damage the home should it for any reason collapse;

"homebuilder" means a person who—

- (a) builds or undertakes to build a home or to cause a home to be built for any person, including himself or herself; or
- (b) builds a home for the purposes of sale, leasing, renting out or otherwise disposing of such a home.

irrespective of whether or not that person is registered in terms of this Act;

"home building contract" means an agreement between two or more parties for the construction of a home, whether by prime or subcontract, and includes any form of contract contemplated in section 48;

"Home Building Manual" means the Home Building Manual published by the Council in terms of section 87:

"home warranty fund" means the home warranty fund contemplated in section 35(1);

"Housing Act" means the Housing Act, 1997 (Act No. 107 of 1997);

"housing consumer" means a person who has acquired, or is in the process of acquiring, a home for the purposes of owning that home, including but not limited to—

- (a) a co-owner of a home;
- (b) the owner of a section registered in terms of the Sectional Titles Act, 1986;
- (c) the holder of a housing interest as defined in section 1 of the Housing Development Schemes for Retired Persons Act, 1988;
- (d) the beneficiary in terms of a subsidy housing programme contemplated in the National Housing Code;
- (e) the beneficiary of a housing development as contemplated in section 1 of the Social Housing Act, 2008; and

including that person's successor in title;

- "informal settlement" means an area where primarily non-permanent structures have been erected for residential purposes, including but not limited to—
- (a) an unplanned settlement not having been upgraded in terms of the Less Formal Township Establishment Act, 1991 (Act No. 113 of 1991), prior to its repeal by section 59 of the Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act, 2013 (Act No. 16 of 2013); or
- (b) a squatter settlement;

"inspector" means an inspector referred to in section 70;

"major structural defect" means a defect which gives rise or is likely to give rise to damage of such severity that it affects or is likely to affect the structural integrity of a home, and which requires complete or partial rebuilding of the home, or extensive repair work to it; and a structural defect shall have a corresponding meaning;

"MEC" means a Member of the Executive Council of a province responsible for human settlements;

"Minister" means the Minister responsible for human settlements;

"municipality" means a municipality as defined in the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000);

"National Housing Code" means the National Housing Code referred to in section 4 of the Housing Act, 1997;

"National Regulator for Compulsory Specifications Act" means the National Regulator for Compulsory Specifications Act, 2008 (Act No. 5 of 2008);

"organ of state" means an organ of state as defined in section 239 of the Constitution:

"person" in addition to the meaning attached to it in section 2 of the Interpretation Act, 1957 (Act No. 33 of 1957), includes a trust as defined in section 1 of the Trust Property Control Act, 1988 (Act No. 57 of 1988);

"prescribe" means, in relation to-

- (a) the Minister, prescribed by regulation; or
- (b) the Council, prescribed by rule;

"Promotion of Administrative Justice Act", means the Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2000 (Act No. 3 of 2000);

"Public Finance Management Act" means the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);

"Social Housing Act" means the Social Housing Act, 2008 (Act No. 16 of 2008);

"social housing" means housing provided as contemplated in the Social Housing Act;

"subsidy housing" means housing projects and programmes contemplated in the National Housing Code or any other programme funded by government;

"this Act" includes the regulations, rules, Homebuilding Manual and any directive issued in terms of this Act;

"Technical Requirements" means the Technical Requirements referred to in section 87(1), and technical standards shall have a corresponding meaning.

Application of Act

- **2.** (1) The provisions of this Act apply to—
- (a) the building of a new home; and

(b) any addition to, alteration, renovation or repair of, a home, in so far as the addition, alteration, renovation or repair necessitates the submission of building plans to a municipality in terms of the National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act, 1977 (Act No. 103 of 1977),

whether or not the home is acquired through social housing or subsidy housing.

- (2) This Act does not apply to—
- (a) homes that are co-owned in terms of the Share Blocks Control Act, 1980 (Act No. 59 of 1980) or the Property Time-Sharing Control Act, 1983 (Act No. 75 of 1983);
- (b) any temporary building as contemplated in the National Building Regulations issued in terms of the National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act, 1977;
- (c) a caravan;
- (d) any structure forming part of an informal settlement;
- (e) a hotel; or
- (f) a motel.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), the Minister may, by notice in the *Gazette*, determine—
- (a) in relation to a category of a home, a date; and
- (b) in relation to different categories of homes. different dates,until which the provisions of Chapter IV do not apply to any addition to, alteration,renovation or repair of, a home.

- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (2) and (4), this Act applies to any addition, alteration, renovation or repair of which the purpose is to convert a commercial building or a part of a commercial building to a home.
- (6) The Minister may, after consultation with the Council, in exceptional circumstances on such conditions as he or she may determine, exempt certain subsidy housing projects from the provisions of this Act but that exemption may not be contrary to the objectives of this Act.

Application of Public Finance Management Act

- **3.** (1) The Council must prepare and submit budgets, financial statements, audits and annual reports, in accordance with the Public Finance Management Act.
- (2) The powers and duties of the Board and the Council must be exercised subject to the Public Finance Management Act.

CHAPTER II

NATIONAL HOME BUILDING REGULATORY COUNCIL

National Home Building Regulatory Council

4. (1) The National Home Builders Registration Council established in terms of section 2 of the Housing Consumers Protection Measures Act, 1998 (Act No. 95 of 1998),

continues to exist as a juristic person, known as the "National Home Building Regulatory Council".

- (2) The Board is the accounting authority as contemplated in the Public Finance Management Act.
- (3) The Council must act independently and report in accordance with the Public Finance Management Act.

Objectives

- **5.** (1) The objectives of the Council are to—
- (a) represent the interests of all housing consumers;
- (b) regulate the entire home building industry;
- (c) ensure structural quality of homes in the interests of housing consumers and the home building industry;
- (d) promote housing consumer rights; and
- (e) provide information relevant to stakeholders in the home building industry.
- (2) The Council must advance the objectives referred to in subsection (1) in respect of the subsidy housing sector.

Composition of Board

- **6.** (1) The affairs of the Council must be overseen by a Board, which must, subject to the provisions of this Act, determine the policy and objectives of the Council and exercise control generally over the exercise of its powers, the performance of its functions and the execution of its duties.
- (2) The Board consists of at least seven but not more than 15 non-executive members, appointed by the Minister subject to subsection (4).
- (3) The Board must, when viewed collectively, be persons who have special knowledge and experience in—
- (a) consumer protection;
- (b) the planning of human settlements;
- (c) the regulatory and legal environment;
- (d) social housing;
- (e) subsidy housing;
- (f) local government;
- (g) homebuilding, the supply of housing goods and services and the role of associated professions in the provision of housing;
- (h) the insurance industry;
- (i) corporate governance and management; and
- *(j)* financial management and management of funds.
 - (4) The Minister must appoint the members of the Board only after—

- (a) inviting the nomination of persons as candidates through the media and by notice in the *Gazette* and following a fair selection process; and
- (b) consulting with the MEC of every province.
- (5) The Minister must designate one of the appointed members as chairperson and another as deputy chairperson.
- (6) If the chairperson is unable to perform his or her duties in terms of this Act, the deputy chairperson acts as chairperson of the Board, and while the deputy chairperson is thus acting he or she exercises all the powers and performs all the duties of the chairperson.
- (7) The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are ex officio members of the Board but may not vote at a Board meeting.
- (8) The Board must perform its functions in accordance with the code of conduct prescribed by the Minister for the Board in terms of section 91.

Term of office

- **7.** (1) A member of the Board holds his or her office for a period of three years and that member may be reappointed at the expiry of his or her term of office.
- (2) A person may not hold office as a member of the Board for more than two terms consecutively.
- (3) One third of the members of the Board must be reappointed, but if it is not possible to do so, a number as close to a third of the members as possible may be so appointed.

- (4) When a vacancy occurs in the ranks of the members appointed in terms of section 6, the Minister must fill the vacancy for the unexpired part of the period for which his or her predecessor was appointed, by the appointment of another person who has the special knowledge, skills or expertise that his or her predecessor possessed and as contemplated in section 6.
- (5) Notwithstanding the period of the term of office referred to in subsection (1) any member holds office until the Minister has appointed another member to replace that member after the expiry of his or her term of office, provided that such extended period does not exceed a period of 6 months after such expiry.

Disqualifications, vacation and removal from office

- 8. (1) A person may not be appointed as a member of the Board if he or she—
- (a) is not a resident of the Republic;
- (b) is an unrehabilitated insolvent;
- (c) is declared by a court to be mentally unfit;
- (d) is convicted, in the Republic or elsewhere, of any offence involving dishonesty; or
- (e) is removed from a position of trust on account of misconduct that involves dishonesty.
 - (2) A member of the Board must vacate his or her office if he or she—
- (a) becomes subject to any disqualification mentioned in subsection (1);

- (b) becomes an office-bearer as defined in section 1 of the Independent Commission for the Remuneration of Public Office-bearers Act, 1997 (Act No. 92 of 1997);
- (c) tenders his or her resignation as a member to the Minister; or
- (d) has been absent without the leave of the Board from three consecutive meetings of the Board.
- (3) The Minister may, in writing and after following a fair process, remove a member of the Board from office if he or she—
- (a) has transgressed the code of conduct contemplated in section 91; or
- (b) did not comply with his or her fiduciary duties in terms of section 9; or
- (c) commits an act of financial misconduct as contemplated in the Public FinanceManagement Act; or
- (d) has been found guilty of violation of any law; or
- (e) has become unable to perform his or her duties in terms of this Act.

Fiduciary duties and disclosure

- **9.** (1) A member of the Board on appointment must submit to the Minister and the Board a written statement declaring any direct or indirect financial interest, which could reasonably be perceived to compromise the objectivity of that member in the execution of his or her duties as a member of the Board.
- (2) A member of the Board may not be present, or take part in, the discussion of or the taking of a decision on any matter before the Board, including a

committee or subcommittee of the Board that he or she has been assigned to, in which that member or his or her spouse, partner, close family member, business partner or associate has a direct or indirect financial interest.

- (3) If a member of the Board acquires an interest that could reasonably be perceived to be an interest contemplated in this section, he or she must immediately in writing declare that interest to the Board and if applicable, to the committee or subcommittee that he or she has been assigned to.
- (4) A member of the Board must at all times exercise utmost good faith, honesty, integrity, care and diligence in performing his or her functions as a member of the Board, and in furtherance of this duty, without limiting its scope—
- (a) must take reasonable steps to become informed about the Board, its objectives and functions and the circumstances in which it operates;
- (b) must take reasonable steps to obtain sufficient information and advice about all matters to be decided by the Board to enable that member to make conscientious and informed decisions;
- (c) must regularly attend all meetings;
- (d) must exercise an active and independent discretion in respect of all matters to be decided by the Board;
- (e) must exercise due diligence in relation to the business, and necessary preparation for and attendance at meetings, of the Board and any committee to which that member is appointed;
- (f) may not engage in any activity that may undermine the integrity of the Council; and
- (g) must treat any confidential matters relating to the Council, obtained in his or her capacity as a member of the Board, as strictly confidential and not divulge them to

anyone without the authority of the Board or as required as part of that person's official functions as a member of the Board.

(5) This section must be interpreted as adding to, and not deviating from, the duties imposed on members of the Board in terms of the Public Finance Management Act.

Remuneration of members of Board and Compliance and Enforcement Committee

- 10. (1) A member of the Board or the Compliance and Enforcement
 Committee, who is not in the full-time employment of the State, may be paid from the
 Council's funds the remuneration and allowances determined by the Minister in consultation
 with the Minister of Finance.
- (2) A member of the Board or the committee who is in the full-time employment of the State may not, in respect of the duties performed by him or her as a member in terms of this Act, be paid any remuneration in addition to his or her remuneration as an employee of the State nor may he or she be paid any allowance in respect of subsistence and transport at a rate exceeding the rate applicable to him or her as such an employee.

Meetings of Board

11. (1) The Board holds meetings at such times and places as may from time to time be determined by the Board.

- (2) The chairperson or, in his or her absence, the deputy chairperson, presides at every meeting of the Board.
- (3) If both the chairperson and the deputy chairperson are absent from a meeting of the Board, the members present must from among their number elect a person to preside at the meeting.
- (4) The quorum for a meeting of the Board is a majority of all its members.
- (5) If a member of the Board in his or her personal capacity, or his or her spouse, partner, close family member, business partner or associate has a direct or indirect financial interest in any matter to be dealt with at any meeting of the Board, such member—
- (a) must immediately after the interest has come to his or her attention, disclose that interest to the chairperson;
- (b) may not attend that meeting during the consideration of that matter;
- (c) may not in any manner take part as a member in the consideration of such matter by the Board; or
- (d) may not in any manner endeavour to influence the opinion or vote of any other member of the Board in connection with such matter.
- (6) The decision of the majority of the members of the Board present at a meeting constitutes a decision of the Board, and in the event of an equality of votes the member presiding at that meeting, has a casting vote in addition to his or her deliberative vote.
- (7) A decision taken by the Board or act performed under the authority of the Board is not invalid merely by reason of an interim vacancy on the Board, or because a person who was not entitled to sit as a member or attend such meeting sat as such member

or attended such meeting at the time when the decision was taken or the act was authorised, if the decision was taken or the act was authorised by the requisite majority of the members who were present at the time and who were entitled to sit as members of the Board or attend the meeting.

- (8) The procedures to be followed at meetings of the Board shall be determined by the Board.
 - (9) The Board must cause minutes to be kept of every meeting thereof.
- (10) The minutes referred to in subsection (9), must be kept at the office of the Board.

Committees of Board

- **12.** (1) Subject to subsection (2), the Board may from time to time appoint one or more committees that it considers appropriate for the effective functioning of the Board excluding the Compliance and Enforcement Committee.
 - (2) The Board must—
- (a) assign members of the Board to serve on a committee, based on their knowledge and skills;
- (b) determine—
 - (i) the terms of reference of a committee;
 - (ii) the composition of a committee;
 - (iii) the tenure of members on a committee;

- (iv) the reporting mechanisms of a committee; and
- (v) the methods and reasons for the removal of a member from a committee.
- (3) The Board may co-opt any person to a committee to support that committee in relation to his or her technical expertise and such co-opted person does not have voting powers.
- (4) A person co-opted in terms of subsection (3) who is not in the full-time employment of the State, may be paid such remuneration or allowances as the Minister may determine.
- (5) Unless specifically delegated by the Board, a committee has no decision-making powers and can only make recommendations to the Board.
- (6) A committee may meet as often as is necessary in order to carry out its functions and may determine its own procedures, subject to the directions of the Board.

Delegation and assignment of functions by Board

- **13.** (1) The Board may—
- (a) excluding the powers and duties in relation to the Compliance and Enforcement

 Committee and subject to subsection (5), delegate any of its powers and assign any

 of its duties to any member of the Board or any committee established in terms of
 section 12, to the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer or any
 employee of the Council; and
- (b) amend or revoke that delegation or assignment.

- (2) Notwithstanding a delegation or assignment contemplated in subsection (1), the Board is not divested of the power or relieved of the duty so delegated or assigned.
 - (3) Any delegation contemplated in subsection (1)—
- (a) may be made subject to such conditions as the Board determines; and
- (b) must be communicated to the delegatee or assignee in writing.
- (4) The written communication contemplated in subsection (3) must contain full particulars of the matters being delegated or assigned and of the conditions subject to which the powers may be exercised or the duty must be performed.
 - (5) The Board may not delegate the power—
- (a) to make rules as contemplated in section 89;
- (b) to appoint the Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Financial Officer; and
- (c) to decide on the strategic corporate plan of the Council.
- (6) The Board may enter into an agreement with any person for the rendering of any specific expertise or service to assist the Board in performing its functions or duties.

Functions of Council

- **14.** (1) Subject to section 4(2), the Council must—
- (a) establish and maintain an integrated database, which is able to integrate with the database contemplated in section 6 of the Housing Act and which consists of—

- (i) a register of homebuilders and developers;
- (ii) a register of enrolment of homes; and
- (iii) any other register that the Council considers appropriate;
- (b) maintain and administer the fund contemplated in section 36;
- register and deregister homebuilders in accordance with requirements and procedures prescribed in terms of this Act;
- (d) enrol homes in accordance with the categories prescribed by the Council;
- (e) for the purpose of ensuring the structural integrity of a home, enter into agreements generally or specifically with MECs regarding services to be rendered in respect of projects for the construction of homes, the acquisition of which, except in respect of any deposit that may be payable, is financed solely from the proceeds of a state housing subsidy;
- inspect or ensure the inspection of homes in terms of this Act in the manner prescribed by the Council;
- (g) provide training to homebuilders to achieve and maintain satisfactory technical standards in the home building industry;
- (h) inform housing consumers of their rights and duties in terms of this Act and other matters relevant to the objects of this Act;
- (i) provide information to financial institutions, conveyancers, estate agents, the

 Registrar of Deeds, social housing institutions, delivery agents as contemplated in
 the Social Housing Act, stakeholders in housing development projects as defined in
 the Housing Act, and any other interested person in order to assist them to comply
 with their obligations in terms of this Act;

- (j) determine criteria for the determination of fees and the differentiation in those fees based on justifiable criteria;
- (k) advise the Minister on any matter referred to the Council by the Minister in respect of the protection of housing consumers or the objectives of this Act;
- (I) engage in undertakings to promote improved structural quality of homes;
- (m) engage in undertakings to improve ethical and technical standards in the home building industry;
- (n) prescribe the requirements for—
 - (i) the approval of a certification body, and
 - (ii) the listing of a competent person; and
- (o) determine the minimum level of indemnity insurance required to be held by a certification body or a competent person in the circumstances contemplated in section 50 (1)(b).;
 - (2) The Council may—
- (a) approve a certification scheme which has as its purpose the certification of performance-based methods of construction as determined in the Homebuilding Manual;
- (b) approve a legal person as a certification body which is authorised to provide certification of design or compliance with the Homebuilding Manual through its certifier;
- in consultation with the Minister and the Minister of Finance establish, maintain and administer different funds for different purposes as contemplated in Part 1 of Chapter V;

- (d) keep a record of competent persons;
- (e) acquire, register, deal with and dispose of any trade mark;
- (f) make recommendations to the Minister in respect of any amendment to this Act;
- issue directives to a person or group of persons in relation to compliance with thisAct; and
- (h) generally do all things necessary or expedient to achieve its objectives in terms of this Act.

Appointment of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

- **15.** (1) The Board must, in consultation with the Minister, appoint a Chief Executive Officer and a Chief Financial Officer to ensure that the Council meets its objectives.
- (2) The Board must invite applications for the positions of Chief Executive

 Officer and Chief Financial Officer by publishing advertisements in the media.
- (3) A person appointed as Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer must have qualifications and experience relevant to the functions of the Council.

Conditions of appointment of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

- 16. (1) The appointment of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer is subject to the conclusion of an annual performance contract with the Board.
- (2) The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are appointed for a term of five years and may be re-appointed for one additional term of five years.
- (3) The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer hold office on terms and conditions determined by the Board.
- (4) The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are entitled to a remuneration package determined by the Board.
- (5) The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are accountable to the Board.

Acting Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

- 17. (1) The Board may in writing appoint any person who has the appropriate knowledge and skills to act as Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer when the holder of that office—
- (a) is temporarily unable to perform the duties connected with that office; or
- (b) has vacated or been removed from that office and a new Chief Executive Officer orChief Financial Officer, as the case may be, has not yet been appointed.

- (2) An acting Chief Executive Officer or acting Chief Financial Officer may exercise all the powers and must perform all the duties of the Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer, as the case may be.
- (3) An appointment in terms of this section may not exceed a period of six months.

Functions of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

- 18. (1) The Chief Executive Officer is the head of the administration of the Council.
- (2) Subject to directives issued by the Board, the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the efficient management and administration of the affairs of the Council.
- (3) The functions of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial

 Officer are as provided for in terms of section 57 of the Public Finance Management Act and
 as may be delegated or assigned by the Council in terms of section 56 of that Act.

Delegation by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

- **19.** (1) The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer may delegate or assign any of his or her powers and duties to a member of staff of the Council.
 - (2) Any delegation contemplated in subsection (1)—
- (a) may be made subject to such conditions as the Board may determine;

- (b) must be communicated to the delegatee or assignee in writing; and
- (c) may be amended or withdrawn in writing by the Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer, as the case may be.
- (3) Notwithstanding a delegation or assignment contemplated in this section the Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Financial Officer, as the case may be, is not divested of the power or relieved of the duty so delegated or assigned.

Staff of Council

- 20. The Chief Executive Officer must—
- subject to the approval of the Board, determine the organogram of the Council's structure; and
- (b) appoint the staff,

necessary to enable the Council to perform its functions.

Access to information

21. The Council must provide access to any of its records subject to the provisions of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 3 of 2000.

Disestablishment of National Home Building Regulatory Council

- **22.** (1) The Council may only be disestablished by an Act of Parliament.
- (2) The Council may not be declared insolvent in terms of the Insolvency Act, 1936.

CHAPTER III

REGISTRATION OF HOMEBUILDERS

Register of homebuilders and developers

- **23.** (1) The Council must establish and maintain a register of homebuilders and developers as contemplated in section 14(1)(a)(i).
 - (2) The purpose of the register contemplated in subsection (1) is to—
- facilitate risk management in the tendering process in relation to the building of a home;
- (b) facilitate the assessment of the performance of a homebuilder or a developer in the execution of home building contracts;
- (c) provide a performance record of homebuilders and developers;
- (d) facilitate the regulation of the conduct of homebuilders and developers;
- (e) promote minimum standards and best practice in the home building industry;

- (f) store and provide data on the size and distribution of homebuilders and developers;
- (g) reflect the volume and nature of different categories of homebuilders and developers;
- (h) facilitate economic and strategic research in relation to the home building industry; and
- (i) reflect any other information that the Council considers necessary in relation to the purpose of this Act.

Contents of register

- **24.** (1) The register contemplated in section 23 must be accessible to the public and must at least reflect—
- (a) the identification particulars of a homebuilder or a developer;
- (b) the registration number of a homebuilder or developer in terms of this Act, and, if applicable, the Companies Act or the Trust Property Control Act, 1988 (Act No. 57 of 1988);
- (c) the period of validity of the registration of a homebuilder or a developer;
- (d) the grading category of a homebuilder or a developer;
- (e) any limitation placed on the homebuilder or a developer;
- (f) any penalty or sanction imposed on a homebuilder or developer in terms of this Act, but that penalty or sanction may not be reflected in relation to a transgression by a homebuilder or developer before any process contemplated in Chapter VII, or any court process, has been finalised; and

- (g) any claim against the home warranty fund for work conducted by the homebuilder or developer or their employee or agent, but no information regarding that claim may be reflected until any adjudication of that claim has been finalised in terms of Chapter VI or a court process.
- (2) The reflection of the status of a homebuilder or developer as registered on the register contemplated in section 23 is confirmation of that homebuilder or developer's registration.
- (3) The Council may, on payment of a prescribed fee, issue to a homebuilder or a developer a certificate of proof of registration valid for a period determined by the Council.

Homebuilder or developer to be registered

- **25.** (1) A homebuilder or developer who intends to undertake or to commission the building of a home must in the manner prescribed by the Council apply for registration as a homebuilder or a developer in terms of this Chapter.
- (2) A person, developer or an organ of state may not procure the services of a homebuilder or a developer who is not registered in terms of this Chapter.
- (3) A homebuilder or developer may not commence with, allow or instruct the commencement of the building of a home if that homebuilder or developer is not registered in terms of this Chapter.
- (4) The registration of a homebuilder or a developer is valid for a period prescribed by the Council.

- (5) A homebuilder or a developer must on application for registration, pay the registration fee determined by the Council in terms of section 41.
- (6) A homebuilder or a developer must on the date of the anniversary of the registration of that homebuilder or developer, pay an annual fee prescribed by the Council in terms of section 40.

Requirements for registration

- 26. (1) The Council, in consultation with the Minister, must prescribe a system and the requirements for the registration of homebuilders and developers, which system must provide for the registration of a homebuilder or a developer in a grade that reflects the level of competence of that homebuilder or developer and for which the criteria are fair and objectively determinable.
- (2) The determination of the level of competence referred to in subsection(1) must take into account the financial, technical, construction and managementrequirements that are necessary to build a home.
- (3) The Council must evaluate every application for registration of a homebuilder or a developer in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the Board in terms of subsections (1) and (2)

Cancellation, suspension or amendment of homebuilder's or developer's registration or grading status

- **27.** (1) Subject to subsection (2), the Council may—
- (a) cancel or suspend the registration of a homebuilder or developer or amend the grading of that homebuilder or developer as contemplated in section 26; or
- (b) refuse to assess or action any application for registration, including renewal of a registration, of that homebuilder or developer.
- (2) The Council may only exercise the powers referred to in subsection(1) if it is satisfied on reasonable grounds that—
- (a) the homebuilder or developer failed to comply with an administrative penalty notice or a compliance notice issued in terms of section 66 or section 67 respectively, and did not—
 - (i) made any objection to the Compliance and Enforcement Committee as contemplated in terms of section 64 or section 65 against that administrative penalty notice or compliance notice; or
 - (ii) institute any review proceedings in terms of the Promotion of Administrative

 Justice Act, within the prescribed time periods for such objection of review;

 and
- (b) the Council notified the homebuilder or developer of its intention to act in accordance with this section, and did not receive any correspondence from that homebuilder or developer in reply to that notice.
- (3) In the event of any cancellation, suspension or amendment contemplated in this section, the Council must notify the homebuilder or developer of that cancellation, suspension or amendment.

(4) The registration and continued registration of a homebuilder or a developer is subject to the code of conduct contemplated in section 91, compliance with this Act and such other conditions that the Minister may prescribe.

Liability of unregistered homebuilder or developer

28. Failure by a person to register, or to retain the registration status, as a homebuilder or developer does not affect that person's liability and obligations in terms of this Act.

CHAPTER IV

ENROLMENT

Register of enrolments

- **29.** (1) The Council must establish and maintain a register of enrolment of homes, which must be able to interface with any other register established in terms of this Act.
- (2) The purpose of the register contemplated in subsection (1) is to facilitate—
- (a) the identification of enrolled homes;
- (b) a cost-effective procurement process in relation to the building of a home;

- (c) the inspection of enrolled homes;
- (d) the operation of the home warranty fund and the management of claims from the fund; and
- (e) economic and strategic research in relation to the home building industry.
- (3) The register referred to in subsection (1) must be accessible to the public and, subject to the Promotion of Access to Information Act, must reflect—
- (a) the geographical location of every enrolled home;
- (b) the homebuilder who enrolled the home;
- (c) if applicable, the developer in relation to an enrolled home;
- (d) any finalised claim against the home warranty fund that has been instituted in relation to an enrolled home; and
- (e) any other information that is reasonably necessary in relation to the purpose of thisAct.
- (4) The reflection of an enrolment on the register of enrolments is proof that the home concerned is enrolled in terms of this Chapter.

Enrolment of home

30. (1) A home builder may not commence with the construction of a home unless that home is enrolled with the Council in the manner and on the conditions prescribed by the Council in consultation with the Minister.

- (2) In the case where a home is part of a development, the developer concerned must enrol each home within that development.
- (3) The Council may, in terms of subsection (1), prescribe different procedures and conditions in relation to different categories of homes.
- (4) The Council must evaluate the application for enrolment of a home in the manner prescribed by the Council.
 - (5) The Council may not enrol a home unless—
- (a) the Council is satisfied that the conditions contemplated in subsection (1) are met; and
- (b) the fees payable by a homebuilder or a developer as prescribed by the Council in accordance with section 42 are paid by the that homebuilder or developer.
- (6) A developer or homebuilder as the case may be, must notify the Council of the date of commencement of the construction of a home.
- (7) When a homebuilder has complied with the provisions prescribed in terms of subsection (1), the Council must update the register of enrolments indicating the enrolment status of the home concerned.
- (8) The Council may refuse to enrol a home submitted for enrolment by a homebuilder or a developer if the Council is satisfied that the homebuilder failed to comply with a penalty assessment or compliance notice issued in terms of section 64 or 65, respectively.
- (9) Notwithstanding subsection (8), the Council may not refuse to enrol a home in the case where an objection was lodged against that penalty assessment notice or compliance notice.

- (10) Where a homebuilder fails to complete the construction of a home within the time agreed to, the housing consumer must notify the Council and the Council must update the register of enrolments and the register of homebuilders accordingly and act in terms of Chapter VII against that homebuilder.
- (11) Where a home as contemplated in subsection (10) is part of a development, the Council must update the register in relation to the developer concerned and act against that developer in terms of Chapter VII.
- (12) Where a housing consumer as contemplated in subsection (9) or in the case of a development, the developer concerned appoints a new homebuilder to complete the home concerned, he or she must notify the Council and the Council must update the register of homebuilders and the register of enrolments accordingly.

Failure to enrol home

- **31.** (1) A homebuilder or a developer who failed to enrol a home in terms of section 30(1), must—
- (a) immediately upon being notified by the Council, or otherwise becoming aware, of such failure, apply for the enrolment of that home as contemplated in section 30(1); and
- (b) where construction has already commenced, immediately stop the construction until given approval by the Council to proceed with such construction.
- (2) The Council may, before giving the authorisation contemplated in subsection (1)(b), require the homebuilder or developer to—

- satisfy the Council, in the prescribed manner, that the home complies with theTechnical Requirements; and
- (b) provide a financial guarantee to the amount prescribed by the Council in relation to that home's compliance with the applicable Technical Standards.
- (3) The homebuilder or developer must, at the request of the Council and prior to the approval of the enrolment of a home by the Council, rectify any defects detected at the homebuilder's or developer's cost.

Duties in respect of a subsidy housing project

- **32.** (1) A MEC or his or her delegate may not release any funds in relation to any housing project unless the requirements of this Act have been met in relation to that project.
- (2) The developer or organ of state in relation to a subsidy or social housing project must, in the manner prescribed by the Council, inform the Council of the appointment of a home builder in relation to a subsidy or social housing project and the Council must update the register of home builders accordingly.
- (3) In the case where a subsidy is provided to an individual under a subsidy programme, the relevant organ of state must notify the Council of the approval of the application for a subsidy for that individual and must notify that individual of his or her obligation to appoint a registered home builder, who must ensure enrolment of that home in terms of this Act.

Failure of MEC, Social Housing Institution or delivery agent to comply with Act

- **33.** (1) Where the Council becomes aware that a MEC failed to comply with the provisions of this Act in relation to appointing only registered homebuilders or ensuring that every home forming part of a subsidy housing or social housing project is enrolled, the Council must, subject to subsection (2) report that failure to the Minister.
- (2) The Council must before reporting the MEC's failure in terms of this section, notify that MEC of its intention to report him or her.
- (3) Where a Social Housing Institution or other delivery agent fails to ensure that every home forms part of a social housing funded project is enrolled, or that only a homebuilder registered in terms of this Act is appointed, the Council must report that failure to the Social Housing Regulatory Authority established in terms of section 7 of the Social Housing Act.

CHAPTER V

FINANCIAL MATTERS

Part 1

Funds and fees

Funds of Council

- **34.** (1) The funds of the Council consists of—
- (a) any fee, or any interest on a fee, or any penalty on a fee, which becomes due and payable in terms of this Act;

- (b) interest derived from investments;
- (c) surplus to the warranty fund;
- (d) money appropriated by Parliament; and
- (e) any money which may accrue to the Council from any other source.
- (2) The Council must pay from its funds, any amount required to meet the operational costs of the Council, in accordance with an annual budget for each financial year approved by the Board.
- (3) The funds referred to in subsection (1)(c) may be applied in relation to developmental programmes for the homebuilding industry.

Home warranty fund

- **35.** (1) The home warranty fund established in terms of the Housing Consumers Protection Measures Act, 1998 (Act No. 95 of 1998), continues to exist for the purpose of payment, in instances contemplated in section 42(3), in respect of claims submitted by a housing consumer, where a homebuilder or developer, as the case may be, fails or is unable to meet his or her obligations in terms of this Act.
- (2) The Council may, in accordance with section 42, pay out of the home warranty fund, in respect of a claim contemplated in that section.

Additional fund

36. The Board, subject to section 14(2)(*c*), may establish any additional fund for the purposes of achieving the objectives of Council, including for the purpose of underwriting the home warranty fund liability.

Bank account

37. Subject to the Public Finance Management Act, the Council must open a bank account with any bank, mutual bank or other similar institution, registered in terms of the Banks Act, 1990 (Act No. 94 of 1990), for the purpose of the Council's funds or any fund contemplated in this Part.

Management of funds

- **38.** (1) The Council must take prudent measures—
- (a) to manage the risks pertaining to the home warranty fund and any other fund, including its own funds as contemplated in section 34; and
- (b) to ensure that the fees and penalties payable to the Council in terms of this Act are at levels which are sufficient, in aggregate, to meet the financial obligations of the Council, including the home warranty fund.
 - (2) The Board must appoint—

- (a) a person, who is authorised in terms of the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002 (Act No. 37 of 2002), and who has appropriate experience in respect of—
 - (i) investment fund management and appropriate financial and risk management expertise to act as a fund manager;
 - (ii) investment fund administration to act as an investment fund administrator; and
 - (iii) investment fund advice to act as an investment fund advisor, in respect of a fund established in terms of the Act; and
- (b) a committee, called the funds advisory committee, comprising not less than three and not more than seven persons having expertise in respect of fund management or appropriate financial and risk management expertise.
- (3) The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are ex officio members of the funds advisory committee, which must be established in terms of section 12.
- (4) The funds advisory committee advises the Council on the prudent management of its funds and the risks pertaining to it and makes recommendations to the Council regarding procedures and policies for approval by the Board and implementation by the Council, relating to—
- (a) money to be paid into its funds;
- (b) money to be paid out of its funds generally and specifically for the purposes of section 43(3);
- (c) the administration of its funds;

- (d) the investment of money in its funds;
- (e) the management of the risks pertaining to its funds; and
- (f) the lowering of the enrolment fee as contemplated in subsection (7).
- (5) The funds advisory committee reports quarterly to the Board on the status of its funds and, where necessary, makes recommendations to the Board in respect of the fees and the penalties payable to the Council contemplated in subsection (1).
- (6) The funds of the Council may, subject to subsection (4) and the Public Finance Management Act, be invested in accordance with the policy approved by the Board.
- (7) The Minister may, if an actuarial assessment indicates excess free reserves in the funds of the Council, instruct the Council to lower any enrolment fee prescribed by the Council under section 40.

Establishment of non-profit company

- **39.** (1) Subject to subsection (2) and the Public Finance Management, the Council may in consultation with the Minister establish a non-profit company.
- (2) The non-profit company referred to in subsection (1) may only be established—
- (a) for the purpose of utilising the company exclusively as a mechanism for risk-based insurance offerings relative to the structural integrity of a home;
- (b) if the Council can demonstrate that—

- there is a need for risk-based insurance offerings in accordance with business practices in order to achieve the objectives of the Council more effectively;
 and
- (ii) the company will benefit the home building industry; and
- (c) if any other conditions that may be prescribed by the Minister have been complied with.
- (3) The non-profit company referred to in subsection (1) is subject to the Companies Act, the Competition Act, 1998 (Act No. 89 of 1998), and any other law regulating companies or the insurance industry.

Fees

- **40.** (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), the Council may determine the following fees by notice in the *Gazette*—
- (a) a registration fee to be paid by a homebuilder or developer on application for registration in terms of section 23(5), which fee may be calculated in the manner prescribed by the Council;
- (b) an annual fee to be paid by the homebuilder or developer as contemplated in section
 25(6), which may provide for programmes and projects aimed at supporting
 homebuilders and developers in relation to the acquisition of information, and their development;
- (c) an enrolment fee calculated in the manner prescribed by the Council; and
- (d) any other fee which the Minister authorises by regulation.

- (2) The Council must, before making the determination contemplated in subsection (1), detail the criteria used to calculate the relevant fee, which criteria and proposed fees must be published by notice in the *Gazette* for comment for a period of 30 days.
- (3) The Council may, after evaluation of the comments received, amend the fees published in terms of subsection (2) and subject to the approval of the Board publish the final fees by notice in the *Gazette*.
- (4) The Council may differentiate between different categories of enrolment fees in relation to different categories of homes.
- (5) The Council may escalate the fees prescribed in terms of subsection
 (1) in accordance with this section, but if the Council escalates those fees in excess of the then most recent publication by Statistics South Africa of the Consumer Price Index, the Council must prior to the publication of the notice contemplated in subsection (1), obtain the approval of the Minister.

Part 2

Claims and recourse against home warranty fund

Commencement date and duration of warranty

41. (1) The duration of a warranty cover in relation to a structural defect occurring in a home is the period from the date of commencement of construction of a home plus a period of five years after the finalisation of the construction of a home, calculated as prescribed by subsection (4).

- (2) The duration of a warranty cover in relation to a roof leak occurring, in a home is the period commencing at the date of commencement of construction of the roof concerned plus a period of two years after the finalisation of the construction of a home, calculated as prescribed by subsection (5).
- (3) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2) the Minister may, by notice in the *Gazette*, extend the period of the warranty cover.
- (4) Before the Minister extends the period of the warranty cover as contemplated in subsection (3), the Council must undertake an actuarial assessment to determine whether the home warranty fund is able to provide for the additional period.
- (5) The enrolment fee must be proportionally adjusted in accordance with the extended period of the warranty cover as contemplated in subsection (3).
- (6) Subject to subsection (7), the periods of five and two years respectively as contemplated in subsections (1) or (2), are calculated 90 days from the date on which the final inspection of a home was conducted by an inspector appointed in terms of this Act irrespective of whether that home has been occupied or not.
- (7) If the outcome of the final inspection contemplated in subsection (6) identifies an instance of non-compliance with the Technical Requirements, the periods contemplated in that subsection are calculated 90 days from the date on which the inspector has certified the compliance with the Technical Requirements.
- (8) In the event that a final inspection referred to in subsection (6) is not performed due to an omission on the part of the Council or its inspector, the commencement date of the warranty is deemed to be 90 days after the housing consumer has been granted the right of occupation, irrespective of whether or not the housing consumer occupies that home.

(9) For the purpose of determining the date on which the housing consumer is granted the right of occupation as contemplated in subsection (7), the date on which the housing consumer becomes liable for the payment of any amount in terms of any municipal by-law, including but not limited to rates, taxes and municipal levies, is presumed to be that date.

Claims and limitations

- **42.** (1) The Council is not liable to pay out of the home warranty fund in respect of any claim contemplated in section 43(1) in relation to a home that is not enrolled in terms of this Act.
- (2) In the case of a dispute being declared or a claim being lodged against the home warranty fund in terms of subsection (3), the homebuilder or the developer concerned is liable to rectify that home in accordance with any finding in terms of Chapter VII or the finding of an adjudicator as contemplated in Part 3 of Chapter VI.
- (3) A housing consumer may institute a claim against the home warranty fund where —
- (a) there is a major structural defect; or a roof leak. that is attributable to non-compliance with the Technical Requirements; and
- (b) the homebuilder or the developer is unable, or fails to rectify a structural defect within the period prescribed by the Council, or if the homebuilder or developer no longer exists or cannot be traced.
- (4) The Council must reject a claim contemplated in subsection (3) in the case of that major structural defect or roof leak having been caused by—

- (a) wilful acts or wilful omissions of the housing consumer or persons residing in the home;
- (b) fire, explosion, or damage caused by a third party;
- (c) lightning storm, flood or earthquake or any other natural occurrence;
- (d) inadequate maintenance or abnormal use of the home or the imposition of any load greater than that for which the structure of that home was designed, or the use of the home for any purpose other than that for which it was designed;
- (e) subsidence or landslip from any cause not related to non-compliance with the Technical Requirements;
- (f) pressure waves caused by aircraft or other aerial devices travelling at sonic or supersonic speeds or the impact of aircraft or other aerial devices or articles dropped or falling there from;
- (g) destruction of or damage to a home or any loss of expense arising there from, or any liability of whatsoever nature related to ionising radiations or contamination by radioactivity from whatever cause or from nuclear weapons material;
- (h) war, invasion, act of a foreign enemy, hostilities (whether declared or not), civil war, revolution, rebellion, insurrection or military or usurped power, strike, riot civil commotion;
- (i) loss or damage to any finishes unless they must be repaired or replaced due to a major structural defect in the residential structure;
- (j) anything which is of a petty nature which any home owner or housing consumer could reasonably be expected to rectify himself or herself; or
- (k) abuse, failure to undertake reasonable maintenance or abnormal use of that home's private drainage system.

- (5) The home warranty fund does not cover consequential damages not related to the structure of a home and caused by the major structural defect identified in terms of subsection (3).
- (6) A competent person or certification body must attest to the circumstances contemplated in subsection (4), except in the case of the circumstances referred to in subsection (4)(b), (c), and (i).

Claims and recourse

- **43.** (1) Subject to subsection (3), the Council pays out of the home warranty fund, an amount for rectification of an enrolled home where major structural defect or a roof leak has manifested itself in respect of a home within the relevant period contemplated in section 42.
- (2) Any payment from the home warranty fund for a major structural defect or roof leak during the construction of a home must be deducted from the amount prescribed by the Minister in terms of section 46 and the balance constitutes the amount of warranty cover for the enrolled home concerned for the remainder of the warranty period.
- (3) Where a homebuilder or developer in relation to an enrolled home is unable or fails to rectify the structural defect as contemplated in section 42, or no longer exists, the Council may pay for the rectification of the home by another homebuilder, the amount determined in terms of this section out of the home warranty fund on the conditions contemplated in that section.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (3), in the case where there are reasonable grounds to believe that the cause underlying the dispute or claim can be

attributed to any action or omission by the developer or organ of state concerned, or the certification body or competent person, the Council may hold that developer or organ of state or the certification body or competent person accountable for the rectification or the cost of rectification of that home.

- (5) The Council may—
- (a) subject to section 44, reduce any amount that may be expended in terms of subsection (1); or
- (b) in exceptional circumstances prescribed by the Council, instead of having a defect rectified, make payment to the housing consumer in full and final settlement of any claim.

Minimum and maximum amount payable

- **44.** The Minister may, by notice in the *Gazette*, determine—
- (a) the minimum and maximum amounts which may be expended under section 43 in respect of any home due to a major structural defect or a roof leak; and
- (b) which costs may, or may not, be included in a claim contemplated in section 43.

CHAPTER VI

COMPULSORY INFORMATION AND CONTRACTUAL MATTERS

Part 1

Compulsory information and prohibition

Definition

45. For the purpose of this Part "employer" means a developer, person or organ of state that enters into a home building contract with a homebuilder.

Prohibition on award of home building contract to certain person

- **46.** (1) The Minister must prescribe the information to be required, in addition to the information required in terms of the Public Finance Management Act, and the legislation as intended in section 217 of the Constitution, 1996; in the case of an invitation for the expression of interest, submission of a tender offer or request for quotations for the building of a home that forms part of a subsidy or social housing project.
- (2) An employer may not award a home building contract that forms part of a subsidy or social housing project to a homebuilder who—
- (a) at the date of the commencement of the evaluation of a bid—

- (i) is not already registered as a homebuilder in terms of this Act; or
- (ii) in his or her expression of interest, tender offer or quotation relies on experience of homebuilding in relation to a home that was not enrolled in terms of this Act;
- (b) including a principal or employee of that homebuilder or a contractor he or she envisages to engage in performing the work as per the tender specifications, were requested previously by the Council to rectify structural defects, and failed to do so, or did not complete such rectification, without having reasonable grounds not to rectify or complete the rectification; or
- (c) who failed to disclose the mandatory information as prescribed by the Minister.
- (3) An employer must within 21 days of rejecting an expression of interest, tender offer or quotation in terms of subsection (1), notify the Council in writing of that rejection, including the details of the relevant homebuilder.
- (4) A person who was awarded a bid for the construction of a home may not subcontract that construction or part of it to a homebuilder—
- (a) who was requested to rectify structural defect or roof leak and failed to do so, or did not complete that rectification, without reasonable grounds; or
- (b) who is not registered as a homebuilder in terms of this Act.

Prohibition to continue building or effecting payment in certain circumstances

47. (1) Subject to subsection (2), an employer or housing consumer may not instruct continuation of the building process or effect payment where—

- (a) an inspector inspected a home; and
- (b) that inspection indicates that the building works do not comply with the Technical Requirements to such an extent the non-compliance may result in a major structural defect or roof leak; or
- (c) any dispute arising from the outcome of the inspection was not resolved to the satisfaction of the Council, as per the applicable enforcement or dispute resolution procedures contemplated in Chapter VII.
- (2) The prohibition to effect payment contemplated in subsection (1) does not extend to payments for labour or materials already completed or costs already incurred which—
- (a) do not form part of the dispute; or
- (b) did not, indirectly or directly, cause the risk to the structural integrity of the home.

Part 2

Contractual matters

Definition

- **48.** For the purpose of this Part and Part 3, "contract" includes an agreement between—
- (a) a housing consumer and a homebuilder;
- (b) a housing consumer and a developer;

- (c) a homebuilder or a housing consumer and a certifying body; or
- (d) a homebuilder or a housing consumer and a competent person.

Contract

- **49.** (1) Where an agreement relates to the building of a home and other matters, this Part applies to it only in so far as it relates to the building of that home.
- (2) The agreement between a homebuilder or a developer and a housing consumer for the construction or sale of a home is deemed to include warranties that—
- (a) the homebuilder or the developer or both is registered in terms of this Act;
- (b) the home is enrolled in terms of this Act;
- (c) the home, depending on whether it has been constructed or is to be constructed—
 - (i) is or must be constructed in a workmanlike manner;
 - (ii) is must be fit for habitation; and
 - (iii) is or must be constructed in accordance with—
 - (aa) the Technical Requirements to the extent applicable to the home at the date of enrolment of the home in terms of this Act; and
 - (bb) the terms, plans and specifications of the contract concluded with the housing consumer as contemplated in subsection (1);
- (d) the homebuilder or the developer, as the case may be, must subject to the limitations and exclusions contemplated in section 42, at his or her own cost and on demand by the housing consumer—

- (i) rectify major structural defects in the home caused by the non-compliance with the Technical Requirements and occurring within a period which must be set out in the contract and which may not be less than five years as from the date determined in accordance with section 42;
- (ii) rectify non-compliance with or deviation from the terms, plans and specifications of the contract or any deficiency related to design, workmanship or material occurring within a period which must be set out in the contract and which may not be less than three months as from the date on which the final inspection of a home was conducted by the inspector appointed in terms of this Act;
- (iii) repair roof leaks attributable to workmanship, design or materials occurring within a period which shall be set out in the contract and which may not be less than 24 months as from the date determined in accordance with section 42, and notified to the homebuilder by the housing consumer within that period.
- (3) Where the housing consumer has already moved into a home in relation to which a major structural defect is identified, and has to vacate that home and relocate to other suitable accommodation due to a rectification as contemplated in this section—
- (a) the homebuilder or developer, as the case may be, is liable; or
- (b) in the case where the homebuilder and the developer are involved, both are jointly and severally liable for the reasonable cost of that relocation and accommodation.

Contract with certifying body or competent person

- **50.** (1) Where a homebuilder or housing consumer appoints a certifying body or a competent person as required in terms of the Homebuilding Manual, it is deemed that the appointment is made on condition that—
- (a) the certifying body or the competent person concerned must apply reasonable skill, care and diligence in the execution of the work; and
- (b) the certifying body or competent person has indemnity insurance cover—
 - (i) as prescribed by the relevant professional body, or
 - (ii) as determined by the Council by notice in the Gazette, in the case where—
 - (aa) the relevant professional or statutory body has not prescribed the nature and amount of indemnity insurance cover; or
 - (bb) the competent person is not registered with a professional or statutory body.
- (2) The provisions of this Chapter apply with the necessary changes to the appointment contemplated in this section.

Cession of rights

51. Any successor in title to the housing consumer has all the rights under this Part exercisable by, or available to, a housing consumer within the period contemplated in section 42.

Prohibition of conditional payment provisions

- **52.** (1) Subject to subsection (2), a home building contract may not contain any provision making conditional on the payer receiving payment from a third person, but excluding a payment from an institution defined by section 1 of the Home Loan and Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2000 (Act No. 63 of 2000) or established or deemed to have been established in terms of section 3(4)(h) of the Housing Act.
- (2) A provision making payment under a contractor's home building contract conditional on the payer receiving payment from a third person is enforceable where—
- (a) a court order to begin business rescue proceedings has been made in terms of section 131 of the Companies Act; or
- (b) any person becoming insolvent as contemplated in section 2 of the Insolvency Act,1936 (Act No. 24 of 1936).
- (3) Where a provision is rendered ineffective by subsection (2), the parties may agree on other terms of payment.

Entitlement to progress payments

53. (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any home building contract, any person who has carried out any construction work, or delivered any goods or services under a home building contract, is entitled to a progress payment in respect of the work carried out and goods or services delivered.

- (2) If the home building contract does not provide for regular and reasonable intervals on which progress payments must be made, a homebuilder, supplier or service provider may submit monthly invoices or tax invoices in relation to construction works completed and goods or services delivered.
- (3) The date of liability in respect of progress payments and the process in relation to that payment is as prescribed by the Minister, unless the home building contract provides otherwise.

Right to suspend performance for non-payment

- **54.** (1) Where a sum due under a home building contract is not paid in full by the final date for payment and no effective notice to withhold payment has been given, the person to whom the sum is due has the right (without prejudice to any other right or remedy) to suspend performance of his or her obligations under that contract to the party by whom payment ought to have been made, hereafter called "the party in default".
- (2) The right to suspend performance may not be exercised without first giving to the party in default at least ten days' notice of intention to suspend performance, stating the ground or grounds on which it is intended to suspend performance.
- (3) The right to suspend performance ceases when the party in default makes payment in full of the amount due.
- (4) Any period during which performance is suspended in pursuance of the right conferred by this section is disregarded in computing for the purposes of any contractual time limit the time taken, by the party exercising the right or by a third party, to complete any work directly or indirectly affected by the exercise of the right.

Prohibition and validity of contract

55. Any provision contained in a home building contract that excludes or waives any provision of this Part is void, but the fact that such a provision is void does not render the entire contract invalid.

Part 3

Adjudication of contractual disputes

Right to refer disputes to adjudication

- **56.** (1) A party to a contract has the right to refer a dispute arising under that contract for adjudication under a procedure complying with this Part or the procedure prescribed by the Council, and for the purpose of this section "dispute" includes any difference between the parties in relation to the contract.
- (2) A dispute must be referred to an adjudicator in accordance with the procedure prescribed by the Council.
 - (3) A contract must—
- (a) provide for the Parties to the contract to appoint an adjudicator agreed on, and failing agreement, an adjudicator determined by the Council;
- (b) enable a party to give notice at any time of his or her intention to refer a dispute to adjudication;

- (c) provide a timetable with the object of securing the appointment of the adjudicator and referral of the dispute to him or her within seven days of such notice;
- (d) require the adjudicator to reach a decision within 31 days of referral;
- (e) allow the adjudicator to extend the period of 31 days as agreed on by the Parties but that contract may not extend the date of the decision of the adjudicator beyond 45 days after the date of the referral notice;
- (f) impose a duty on the adjudicator to act impartially; and
- (g) enable the adjudicator to take the initiative in ascertaining the facts and the law.
- (4) For the purpose of adjudication in terms of this Part a "day" means a calendar day.
- (5) The period from 16 December to 15 January, both days inclusive, may not be counted in the time allowed for in this Part.

Adjudication

57. The Minister may prescribe the powers of the adjudicators, the process of adjudication and any other matter necessary in relation to adjudication .

Council to act on behalf of certain housing consumer

- **58.** (1) The Council may in the case of a housing consumer under a social or subsidy housing scheme, at the cost of the Council act or appoint a person to act on behalf of that housing consumer in terms of this Part.
- (2) The Council may prescribe the conditions, including a monetary threshold limiting the cost to the Council, under which an adjudicator may be appointed at the cost of the Council for a housing consumer in relation to a home that is not part of a subsidy or social housing scheme.

Effect of adjudicator's decision

- **59.** (1) Where an adjudicator has made a decision and either party to the dispute is not satisfied with that decision, that party may, subject to subsection (3), refer that dispute to arbitration as contemplated in the Arbitration Act, 1965 (No. 42 of 1965), within 14 days of the ruling of the adjudicator or take any other legal action available in law.
- (2) The decision of the adjudicator is binding and the parties to a contract must give effect to that decision even though either party intends to take action as contemplated in subsection (1).
- (3) Notwithstanding any intention to take the decision of the adjudicator on arbitration or to court, the parties must give immediate effect to the adjudicator's decision after the delivery of the decision.
- (4) Where the decision of the adjudicator has been overturned by an arbitrator or a court, the parties are entitled to restitution in relation to any performance in terms of the decision of the adjudicator as referred to in subsection (3), in accordance with the decision of the arbitrator or the court, as the case may be.

CHAPTER VII

ENFORCEMENT AND ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Part 1

Enforcement

System for enforcement of Act

- **60.** (1) This Act must be enforced in terms of an administrative enforcement procedure and system as prescribed by the Minister.
- (2) The Minister must prescribe an enforcement system categorising transgressions of the Act into administrative non-compliance and substantive non-compliance with the Act.
- (3) The Council may determine the penalty in relation to an administrative non-compliance.
- (4) The Enforcement and Compliance Committee imposes on request of the Council an administrative fine as contemplated in section 66 in relation to substantive non-compliance.

Compliance and enforcement committee

- **61.** (1) The Compliance and Enforcement Committee is hereby established and must exercise their functions in terms of this Act objectively.
 - (2) The Minister—
- (a) must appoint the members of the Compliance and Enforcement Committee; and
- (b) may remove a member, after following a fair process, on account of misconduct, incapacity or incompetence.
- (3) The term of office of members of the Compliance and Enforcement Committee may not be less than four years.
- (4) The Minister may not appoint any person who is an employee of the Council or member of the Board or who is disqualified from being a member of the Board, as a member of the Compliance and Enforcement Committee.
- (5) The Minister must prescribe the terms and conditions of service of, the reporting mechanisms of and the process for the removal of a member from, the Compliance and Enforcement Committee.
- (6) The Compliance and Enforcement Committee, must consist of at least—
- (a) two persons who have at least ten years' experience in the fields relevant to the subject matter over which the Committee has jurisdiction in terms of this Act; and
- (b) a person qualified in law and who has at least ten years' experience in law.
- (7) The person referred to in subsection (6)(b) acts as the chairperson of the Compliance and Enforcement Committee.

Powers and duties of Compliance and Enforcement Committee

- 62. (1) The Compliance and Enforcement Committee—
- (a) must adjudicate an objection contemplated in section 66(6) in accordance with the procedures, powers and limitations prescribed by the Minister; and
- (b) may confirm, modify or cancel all or part of a decision of the Council, irrespective of whether such modification is more prejudicial to the person than the original Council decision that forms the subject of the objection contemplated in section 66(6);
- (c) may impose an administrative fine as contemplated in section 66 on the implicated person; and
- (d) may in the case where the implicated person is a homebuilder or a developer, determine that the registration of that homebuilder or developer is suspended for a period of time or subject to the rules prescribed in terms of section 89(1)(i) that the registration of that homebuilder is cancelled.
- (2) Where the Compliance and Enforcement Committee has to adjudicate any factual disputes as part of the objection contemplated in section 67, the party who alleges any given fact must prove that fact on a balance of probabilities, provided that the Council at all times bears the burden of proof to justify its decision on the bases required by any applicable law.
 - (3) Where the Compliance and Enforcement Committee—
- (a) consists of more than three members, and certain members do not agree with the Compliance and Enforcement Committee's finding, the decision of the majority of the members constitutes the decision of the Compliance and Enforcement Committee; or
- (b) consists of an even number of members and there is a split decision on any matter,the Chairperson has an additional deciding vote.

(4) A decision of the Compliance and Enforcement Committee is binding, subject to any right to refer that decision for review by a court.

Initiating of complaint into suspected non-compliance

- **63.** (1) Any person, including any organ of state, may file a complaint in writing with the Council in respect of any person or organ of state suspected of not complying with a provision of this Act.
- (2) A complaint may be initiated by the Council, if information is at the Council's disposal which indicates that a person or organ of state may not have complied with any provision of this Act.

Administrative non-compliance with Act

- **64.** (1) The following transgressions are administrative non-compliance with the Act:
- (a) Failure to register as a homebuilder or a developer as and when required to register in terms of this Act:
- (b) failure by a homebuilder or a developer to renew his or her registration as and when required to register in terms of this Act;
- (c) failure to furnish, produce or make available information, documents or things as and when required in terms of this Act;

- (d) failure to inform the Council of a change in address or other details as and when required in terms of this Act;
- (e) failure by any person to pay fees to the Council as and when required in terms of this Act;
- (f) failure to apply for the enrolment of a home in terms of this Act;
- (g) failure to pay the enrolment fee in terms of this Act;
- (h) the building of a home, allowing or instructing the building of a home by a homebuilder who is not registered in terms of this by this Act;
- (i) failure to comply with any other duty imposed by the Council in terms of this Act, but excluding those instances of non-compliance categorised as substantive non-compliance as contemplated in section 65;
- (j) suspension of the construction of a home; or
- (k) any other non-compliance of a similar nature, as may be prescribed by the Council.
- (2) If the Council is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for a complaint of administrative non-compliance against a person, it must issue to that person an administrative penalty notice directing the person to—
- (a) cease, correct or reverse any action in contravention of this Act before a date determined in the notice,
- (b) take any action required by this Act on or before a date determined in the notice;
- (c) take any other steps reasonably related to the instance of non-compliance concerned, and designed to rectify its effect on or before a date determined in the notice; or
- (d) any combination of one or more of the actions referred to in paragraphs (a) to (c).

- (3) The Minister must prescribe—
- (a) the penalty amounts thresholds that the Council may impose on instances of administrative non-compliance contemplated in this section;
- (b) the form and contents of the administrative penalty notice;
- (c) the manner in which the person who is responsible for the administrative noncompliance must be notified by the Council of the administrative penalty notice;
- (d) the manner in which a person who is responsible for the non-compliance referred to in subsection (1) must pay the penalty to the Council;
- (e) the payment and manner of calculation of the accrual of interest in relation to late payment of fees to the Council;
- (f) the manner of application for remittance of amount referred to in an administrative penalty notice;
- (g) the criteria in terms of which the Council may remit, or refuse to remit in whole or in part any amount referred to in an administrative penalty notice; and
- (h) any other matter ancillary to the process applicable to administrative non-compliance.
- (4) Any amount of penalty prescribed by the Minister in terms of subsection (3) may be—
- (a) remitted by the Council on good cause shown and upon application by the affected person;
- (b) doubled by the Council in the case of a second similar incident of non-compliance by the same person; or
- (c) tripled by the Council in the case of a third or more similar incidents of noncompliance by the same person.

- (5) Any penalty amount as contemplated in subsections (3) and (4) is due and payable to the Council on the date stated in the administrative penalty notice, which date may not be earlier than 30 working days after the implicated person has been served with the notice.
 - (6) Any person who is aggrieved by—
- (a) an administrative penalty notice; or
- (b) a decision of the Council on a remittance application as contemplated in subsection(3)(f) and (g) may in the form and manner prescribed by the Minister, object against such decision to the Compliance and Enforcement Committee.
- (7) If the Council is of the opinion that a homebuilder does not comply with this Act, the Council may, despite the imposition of any penalty in respect of that noncompliance, and in addition to any other right or remedy that the Council may have, at any time on notice to the homebuilder apply to a court for an order—
- (a) directing that home builder to comply with the relevant provision of the Act;
- (b) stopping the construction of a home; or
- (c) granting any other relief appropriate in the circumstances.

Substantive non-compliance with Act

- **65**. (1) The following transgressions are substantive non-compliance with the Act:
- (a) Failure by a homebuilder or a developer, as the case may be, to rectify a defect or a roof leak as and when directed by the Council in terms of this Act;

- (b) failure by a homebuilder or a developer to comply with any technical standard or aTechnical Requirement identified by an inspector in an inspection report;
- (c) failure to comply with the ruling of an adjudicator in terms of Part 3 of Chapter VI;
- (d) failure by an estate agent, a financial institution, a conveyancer or the Registrar of Deeds or any person in the employ of an estate agent, a financial institution, a conveyancer or the Registrar of Deeds to comply with sections 84, 85, 86, or 87;
- (e) failure to comply with the code of conduct referred to in section 91; or
- (f) any other non-compliance of a similar nature as prescribed by the Council.
- (2) The Council may decide not to investigate a complaint of substantive non-compliance if—
- (a) the complaint appears to be frivolous or vexatious;
- (b) does not allege any facts that, if proven, would constitute grounds for a remedy under this Act;
- (c) if the basis for the complaint relates to a contractual dispute referred to in Chapter VI, and that dispute does not relate to a homebuilder's or a developer's failure to comply with the Technical Standards;
- (d) the complaint does not fall within the mandate of Council; or
- (e) the subject matter of the complaint resides under the auspices of another regulatory body, and is referred to that body by the Council.
- (3) The Investigation of a complaint of non-compliance must be performed as prescribed and an investigation report must be submitted to the Council.
- (4) On receipt of the investigation report, and if the Council is satisfied that the implicated person had reasonable opportunity to state his or her case before the

conclusion of the investigation into a matter of substantive non-compliance, the Council may issue a compliance notice in the form and manner and with the content prescribed by the Minister, to any person or persons whom the Council on reasonable grounds believes—

- (a) contravened this Act; or
- (b) assented to, or directly or indirectly benefited from, a contravention of this Act.
- (5) A compliance notice may require the person to whom it is addressed to—
- (a) cease, correct or reverse any action in contravention of this Act;
- (b) take any action required by this Act;
- (c) take any other action reasonably necessary to rectify the contravention and its effect; or
- (d) any combination of one or more of the actions referred to in subparagraphs (a) to (c).
- (6) A person issued with a compliance notice may, in the manner and within the period prescribed by the Minister, object to that notice to the Compliance and Enforcement Committee.
- (7) If a person issued with a compliance notice fails to comply with the notice, and did not object to the compliance notice as contemplated in subsection (6), the Council may request the Compliance Enforcement Committee to impose an administrative fine as contemplated in section 66.

Administrative fine

- **66.** (1) The Compliance and Enforcement Committee may impose an administrative fine for failure to comply with a compliance notice as contemplated in section 65.
- (2) An administrative fine imposed in terms of this section may not exceed the following values—
- (a) in the event of the implicated person being an organ of state failing to comply with the procurement provisions contained in Part 1 of Chapter VI of this Act, 10% of the value of the home building contract or the tender value;
- (b) in the event of a homebuilder or developer who, without reasonable justification fails to rectify a major structural defect or roof leak pursuant to a claim against the home warranty fund to the satisfaction of the Council and the housing consumer, 100% of the aggregate of the payment made from the warranty fund, and any other costs incurred by the Council to ensure that the homebuilder rectifies the defect; or
- (c) in any other event, a fine not exceeding—
 - (i) 10% of the implicated person's turnover for the period during which that person failed to comply with the compliance notice; or
 - (ii) the maximum fine prescribed by the Minister,

whichever is the greater.

- (3) When determining the amount of an appropriate administrative fine, the Compliance and Enforcement Committee must consider the following factors—
- (a) the nature, duration, gravity and extent of the contravention;

- (b) any loss or damage suffered by any person as a result of the contravention;
- (c) the behaviour of the respondent;
- (d) the market value of the home concerned, if applicable; as determined by a professional valuer registered with the South African Council for Property Valuers;
- (e) the level of profit derived from the instance of non-compliance;
- (f) the degree to which the implicated person has co-operated with the Council; and
- (g) the disciplinary record of the respondent with the Council.
- (4) An administrative fine payable in terms of this section must be paid into the bank account of the Council.
- (5) The Minister must prescribe the maximum amount of an administrative fine, which amount may not be less than R1 000 000.00.
- (6) An order of the Compliance Enforcement Committee imposing an administrative fine has the legal status of an order of a court.

Part 2

Alternative dispute resolution

Objection against other decisions of Council

67. Any person or organ of state aggrieved by a decision of the Council, other than a decision in relation to administrative or substantive non-compliance may, in the form

and manner prescribed by the Minister object against that decision and that objection must be resolved in accordance with sections 68 or 69.

Alternative dispute resolution

- **68.** (1) The Council may appoint an alternative dispute resolution agent, on the conditions and in the manner prescribed by the Minister, to resolve objections contemplated in section 67.
 - (2) An alternative dispute resolution agent—
- (a) must adjudicate the objection in terms of the procedures prescribed by the Minister;and
- (b) may make any order that is just and reasonable in the circumstances.
 - (3) The Minister must prescribe—
- (a) procedural aspects relevant to the alternative dispute resolution proceedings;
- (b) the rights, duties and powers of the parties involved in the alternative dispute resolution proceedings; and
- (c) any matter ancillary to the alternative dispute resolution proceedings.

Council's authority to settle dispute

69. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 68, the Council may settle any dispute arising from an objection contemplated in section 67.

- (2) The Minister must prescribe—
- (a) any factors that the Council must take into consideration in deciding whether to settle a dispute referred to in subsection (1);
- (b) conditions limiting the Council's authority to settle;
- (c) the form and manner of settlement;
- (d) any procedural aspects relating to a settlement; and
- (e) any matters ancillary to a settlement.

Part 3

Appointment and powers of inspectors, and matters ancillary to inspectors

Appointment of inspectors

- **70.** (1) The Council may appoint so many persons, as the Council considers necessary and who are in possession of a qualification as approved by the Council, as inspectors.
- (2) The Council must issue an appointment certificate to an inspector appointed in terms of subsection (1).
- (3) The powers of an inspector appointed in terms of this section may be limited in accordance with his or her qualifications and competence.
- (4) When an inspector performs his or her functions in terms of this section, he or she must—

- (a) be in possession of a certificate of appointment or an inspector's identification card issued to him or her in terms of subsection (2);
- (b) produce that certificate or identification card to any person who—
 - (i) is affected by the inspector's actions in terms of this Act; or
 - (ii) requests to see the certificate or identification card.

Duties of inspectors

- **71.** (1) For purpose of subsection (2), "gratification", has the same meaning as defined in section 1 of the Prevention and Combating of Corrupt Activities Act, 2004 (Act No. 12 of 2004).
- (2) An inspector must, without delay, report to the Council any knowledge or suspicion he or she has, of any person giving or offering gratification to any inspector appointed in terms of this Act, as a reward or incentive for that inspector to do anything he or she should not do, or not to do anything he or she should do, in terms of this Act.
 - (3) An inspector may not—
- (a) engage in any activity that may undermine the integrity of Council;
- (b) engage in any act he or she is not authorised to perform in terms of this Act, concerning a matter in respect of which that inspector has a direct or indirect financial or any similar personal interest;
- (c) make private use of, or profit directly or indirectly from any confidential information obtained as a result of performing his or her official functions; or

- (d) divulge any information referred to in paragraph (c) to any third party, except as required as part of that inspector's official functions in terms of this Act.
- (4) In addition to the powers and duties contemplated in this section, an inspector has those powers and duties prescribed by the Minister.

Personal liability of inspector

72. The Council may not prejudice a housing consumer in the assessment of a claim where an inspector wilfully neglects his or her duty as contemplated in subsection (1), except where the housing consumer wilfully participated in the inspector's conduct.

Part 4

Criminal offences and penalties

Disclosure of confidential information

- **73.** (1) Subject to subsection (2), is an offence to disclose any personal or confidential information concerning the affairs of any person obtained—
- (a) in carrying out any function in terms of this Act; or
- (b) as a result of initiating a complaint or participating in any proceedings in terms of thisAct.
 - (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to information disclosed—

- (a) for the purpose of the proper administration or enforcement of this Act; or
- (b) for the purpose of the administration of justice.

Hindering administration of Act

74. It is an offence to hinder, oppose, obstruct or unduly influence any person who is exercising a power or performing a duty delegated, conferred or imposed on that person by this Act.

Offences pertaining to functions of compliance and enforcement committee

- **75.** A person commits an offence if that person—
- (a) does anything calculated to improperly influence any member of the Compliance and Enforcement Committee;
- (b) anticipates any finding of the Compliance and Enforcement Committee in a way that is calculated to influence the proceedings or findings; or
- (c) wilfully interrupts the proceedings of the Compliance and Enforcement Committee.

Offences relating to compliance or administrative penalty notice

- **76.** It is an offence to fail to comply with an administrative penalty notice or compliance notice, except where in respect of—
- (a) a compliance notice, the decision of the Compliance Enforcement Committee to impose an administrative fine in terms of section 68 is taken on review before a competent court.

Offences relating to Chapter VI

- 77. (1) Any natural or legal person, including an employee of an organ of state but excluding the organ of state itself, commits an offence if that person wilfully or in a grossly negligent manner fails to comply with Part 1 of Chapter VI.
- (2) It is an offence to submit false information in relation to any application, in the course of proceedings, investigation or inspection or any other matter in respect of which information is required in terms of this Act.

Offence in relation to registration or enrolment

- **78.** (1) It is an offence to purport to be registered as a homebuilder or a developer in terms of this Act while not being registered as such in terms of this Act.
- (2) It is an offence to purport a home to have been enrolled in terms of this Act while it is not so enrolled.

Penalties for criminal offences

79. Any person, including any director, trustee, managing member or officer of a homebuilder or developer who contravenes section 75, 76, 77, 78, 79 or 80 is guilty of an offence and is liable to a fine not exceeding R1,5 million or to imprisonment as determined in terms of the Adjustment of Fines Act, 1991 (Act No. 101 of 1991).

CHAPTER VIII

MISCELLANEOUS

Vicarious liability and law of agency

80. If an employee or agent of a person is civilly liable in terms of this Act for anything done or omitted in the course of that employee's employment or that agent's activities on behalf of their employer or principal, as the case may be, that employer or principal is jointly and severally liable with that employee or agent.

Liability of homebuilder

81. In the case where the homebuilder or a developer is a partnership, trust, company or close corporation, a principal of that homebuilder or developer may be held personally liable in terms of this Act and may be prevented from registering or enrolling in terms of sections 25 or 31 respectively, before he or she has complied with any instruction in terms of this Act and on the conditions and in the manner prescribed by the Minister.

CONTINUES ON PAGE 130 - PART 2



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Part 2 of 2

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AIDS HELPLINE: 0800-0123-22 Prevention is the cure

Duty of estate agent

- **82.** (1) An estate agent must before becoming involved in the sale of a home in his or her capacity as an estate agent, take reasonable steps to determine whether that sale relates to a home which has to be enrolled in terms of Chapter IV of this Act or which is covered by the home warranty fund.
- (2) The estate agent referred to in subsection (1) must in the case where the sale relates to a home contemplated in subsection (1), determine whether the home concerned is enrolled in terms of Chapter IV.
- (3) If that home has not been enrolled in terms of Chapter IV, the estate agent concerned must notify—
- (a) the Council accordingly; and
- (b) inform any prospective buyer that the home concerned has not been so enrolled and of the consequences of that failure.
- (4) The Council may report an estate agent who does not comply with the provisions of this section, to the Estate Agency Affairs Board, established in terms of the Estate Agency Affairs Act, 1976 (Act No. 112 of 1976).

Duty of financial institution

83. (1) A financial institution—

- (a) as defined by section 1 of the Home Loan and Mortgage Disclosure Act, 2000 (ActNo. 63 of 2000); or
- (b) established or deemed to have been established in terms of section 3(4)(h) of the Housing Act must, before approving a mortgage bond application or financing the building of a home, determine whether that application relates to a home to which has to be enrolled in terms of Chapter IV of this Act or which is covered by the home warranty fund.
- (2) The institution referred to in subsection (1) must, in the case where the mortgage bond application relates to a home that has to be enrolled in terms of Chapter IV of this Act, determine whether the home concerned has been enrolled in terms of Chapter IV.
- (3) If the home concerned is not enrolled in terms of Chapter IV of this Act, the institution concerned must notify the Council accordingly and that institution may not process any further payments in terms of the mortgage bond or other financing method before the home concerned is enrolled.
- (4) The Council may report an institution that does not comply with this section to the Financial Services Board established in terms of section 2 of the Financial Services Board Act, 1990 (Act No. 97 of 1990), or to the Minister in the case of an institution established or deemed to have been established in terms of section 3(4)(h) of the Housing Act.

Duty of conveyancer

- **84.** (1) A conveyancer must, before he or she finalises the transfer of a property, determine whether or not that property relates to a home, which has to be enrolled in terms of Chapter IV of this Act.
- (2) The conveyancer must, if the property relates to a home contemplated in subsection (1), determine whether the home concerned has been enrolled in terms of this Act.
- (3) If that home is not enrolled, the conveyancer must immediately inform the Council and the Registrar of Deeds accordingly.
- (4) The Council may report a conveyancer who does not comply with the provisions of this section to the relevant law society.

Duty of Registrar of Deeds

- **85.** (1) The Registrar of Deeds must, before he or she registers a deed in terms of the Deeds Registries Act, 1937 (Act No. 47 of 1937) determine whether that registration relates to a home which has to be enrolled in terms of Chapter IV of this Act.
- (2) If the application for registration relates to a home referred to in subsection (1), the Registrar of Deeds must determine whether the home concerned is so enrolled.
- (3) If the home concerned is not enrolled, the Registrar of Deeds must notify the Council accordingly and he or she may not affect the registration of the deed in relation to that home.
- (4) The Council may, if the Registrar of Deeds does not comply with the provisions of this Act, report that Registrar of Deeds to the Auditor-General.

Recovery of fees

Home Building Manual

	86. The Council may, in the manner prescribed by the Minister, recover—
(a)	any cost incurred by the Council in terms of this Act, and attributable to an action or omission of a third party;
(b)	any fee;
(c)	penalty;
(d)	interest;
(e)	fine; or
(f)	any other monetary loss to the Council.

- **87.** (1) The Council must, by notice in the *Gazette* and subject to the approval of the Board, publish a Home Building Manual containing:
- (a) Technical Requirements providing for the structural integrity of a home; and
- guidelines prescribed by the Council on how to comply with the Technical Requirements.

- (2) The Technical Requirements referred to in subsection (1), are binding to, and must be adhered to by, homebuilders and developers in the homebuilding process and may be enforced by the Council in terms of Chapter VII.
- (3) The Home Building Manual may require a plan and associated documents to be approved by a competent person, and different requirements may be determined in respect of different categories of homes or different types of building techniques or materials.
- (4) The Council must give homebuilders reasonable notice of any amendment to or substitution of the Home Building Manual.
- (5) The Council must submit the Home Building Manual and any subsequent amendment to the National Regulator for Compulsory Specifications, established in terms of section 3 of the National Regulator for Compulsory Specifications Act, 2008 (Act No. 5 of 2008), to ensure consistency with and integration into the regulations made under the National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act, 1977 (Act No. 103 of 1977).
- (6) Except where expressly excluded in this Act or by the Minister in terms of an empowering provision, nothing in this Act exempts any person from any provision of the National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act, 1977 (Act No. 103 of 1977).

Regulations

88. (1) The Minister may make regulations not inconsistent with this Act with regard to any matter that is required or permitted to be prescribed in terms of this Act and

any other incidental or administrative matter necessary for the proper administration and implementation of this Act.

- (2) Before the Minister makes any regulation under this section, he or she must publish a draft of the proposed regulation in the *Gazette* together with a notice calling on inviting interested persons to comment, in writing, within a period stated in the notice, which period may not be less than 30 days from the date of publication of the notice.
- (3) If the Minister amends the draft regulations as a result of any comment, he or she need not publish those amendments before making the regulations.
- (4) The Minister may, if circumstances necessitate the immediate publication of a regulation, publish that regulation without consultation as contemplated in subsection (2).

Rules

- **89.** (1) The Board may on recommendation of the Council make rules with regard to any matter that is required or permitted to be prescribed in terms of this Act and any other incidental or administrative matter necessary for the proper administration and implementation of this Act, including but not limited to—
- (a) regulating the conduct of registered homebuilders;
- (b) prescribing procedures for the registration of homebuilders and developers and the expiration of that registration;
- (c) prescribing procedures for enrolment;

- regulating the application of Technical Requirements to homes financed by a state housing subsidy;
- (e) prescribing procedures for the consideration of applications for assistance by housing consumers from its funds or a fund;
- (f) prescribing a code of conduct;
- (g) prescribing the conditions on which a homebuilder whose registration was cancelled in terms of this Act may re-register in terms of Chapter III; and
- (h) prescribing any matter which is necessary or desirable to be prescribed by theCouncil in order to achieve the objectives of this Act.
- (2) Before the Council makes any rules under this section, it must publish a draft of the proposed rules in the *Gazette* together with a notice inviting interested persons to comment, in writing, within a period stated in the notice, which period may not be less than 30 days from the date of publication of the notice.
- (3) If the Council amends the draft rules because of any comment, it need not publish those amendments before making the rules.
- (4) The Council may, if circumstances necessitate the immediate publication of a rule, publish that rule without consultation as contemplated in subsection (2).
- (5) The Council may not publish any rules in terms of this section without the approval of the Minister.

Liability of member, staff, accredited representative, expert and adviser of Council

90. A member of the Council, member of staff, an accredited representative, expert and adviser to the Council are not personally liable by virtue of any report, finding made or expressed in good faith in terms of this Act.

Code of conduct

- **91.** (1) The Minister must, by notice in the *Gazette*, publish a code of conduct for members of the Council.
- (2) The Council must, by notice in the *Gazette*, publish a code of conduct for homebuilders and developers and may publish a code of conduct for other role-players within the homebuilding industry.

State bound

92. This Act binds the State.

Repeal of laws

93. The Housing Consumer Protection Measures Act, 1998 (Act No. 95 of 1998), is hereby repealed.

Savings

94. Any regulation made in terms of a provision that is repealed under section 93 remains valid to the extent that it is consistent with this Act and must be regarded as having been made in terms of this Act.

Transitional provisions

- **95.** (1) Any reference in any document, including a contract, or legislation to the National Homebuilders Registration Council established in terms of section 2 of the Housing Consumers Protection Measures Act, 1998, is deemed to be a reference to the National Home Building Regulatory Council referred to in section 4 of this Act.
- (2) The home warranty fund established in terms of section 15(4) of the Housing Consumers Protection Measures Act, 1998 (Act No. 95 of 1998), continues to exist.
- (3) Any claim that has been initiated in terms of the Housing Consumers Protection Measures Act, 1998, must be finalised in terms of that Act.
- (4) Any person employed by or appointed in terms of a contract to provide a service to the National Homebuilders Registration Council continues to be employed or appointed by the National Home Building Regulatory Council.
- (5) Any provision of this Act that imposes a duty, which did not exist before the commencement of this Act, on a person, applies only in relation to a home that is enrolled in terms of Chapter IV of this Act after the date of commencement of this Act.
- (6) Part 1 of Chapter VI of this Act applies only to invitations for tenders or requests for expression of interest, published or communicated by Employers after the commencement date of this Act.

- (7) Any expression of interest, tender offer or quotation submitted in relation to an invitation for an expression of interest or tender offer that was issued before the commencement date of this Act may be evaluated in accordance with the conditions under which that invitation for an expression of interest or tender offer was requested.
- (8) Parts 2 and 3 of Chapter VI of this Act apply only to a home building contract entered into after the commencement of this Act and any payment or dispute resolution in terms of those contracts entered into before that date of commencement of this Act, must be made or settled in terms of the contracts.
- (9) A homebuilder that undertakes repairs, alterations and additions to a home where the construction thereof commences after the commencement date of this Act, must be registered as a homebuilder.
- (10) Any transgression of this Act that is committed before the date of commencement of this Act must be investigated and the disputes arising therefrom must be resolved in terms of the Housing Consumers Protection Measures Act, 1998, and for that purpose, the Disciplinary Committee established in terms of that act continues to exist.
- (11) Anything done or any permission granted or restriction imposed in terms of the Housing Consumer Protection Measures Act, 1998, is deemed to have been done, granted or restricted in terms of this Act.
- (12) The members of the Council established in terms of section 2 of the Housing Consumers Protection Measurers Act, 1998, continue to act as such after the commencement of this Act, until the date on which the Minister has appointed the members to the Council in terms of section 6 of this Act.
- (13) The Minister must appoint the first Council in terms of this Act within six months after the commencement of this Act.

- (14) The Council may lift the suspension of a homebuilder whose registration was suspended before the commencement of this Act in terms of the Housing Consumer Protection Measures Act, 1998, if the lifting of the suspension does not affect the housing consumer concerned adversely.
- (15) The Council is not liable for any loss or damage suffered by a homebuilder or a developer as a result of the suspension contemplated in subsection 14.

Short title and commencement

- **96.** (1) This Act is called the Housing Consumer Protection Act, 2019.
- (2) This Act commences on a date determined by the Minister by notice in the Gazette and different dates may be determined in relation to different sections of this Act.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), the Minister may relax any provision of this Act for a period not exceeding two years with the view to the equitable implementation of the Act.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NO. 1119 30 AUGUST 2019

Notice of the Productivity SA Annual General Meeting (AGM)

Productivity SA is established in terms of section 31 of the Employment Services Act, No. 4 of 2014 as a juristic person and an Entity of The Department of Employment and Labour. Our mandate is to promote employment growth and productivity thereby contributing to South Africa's socio-economic development and competitiveness.

The organisation offers Productivity and Competitiveness Improvement Solutions to accelerate wealth and decent employment creation. Moreover, mechanisms to assist businesses to stabilise and become more profitable, in the form of a suite of Business Processes Improvement tools and Techniques which systematically help businesses of different sizes, including all their subsidiaries to optimise all aspects of underlying processes in the business to achieve financial stability, sustainability, more efficient results, wealth creation, job retention and creates environment conducive for job creation through the following programmes: Turnaround Solutions Strategies, Small, Medium and Micro Enterprise and Workplace Challenge Programme.

Productivity SA's objectives are aimed at enhancing the productive capacity and operational efficiency of enterprises throughout the business lifecycle to accelerate wealth and decent employment creation. The interventions include: Developing relevant productivity competencies and competitiveness in workplaces; Promoting and inculcating a culture of productivity and competitiveness mind-set and generating and disseminating productivity and competitiveness related information and knowledge.

In terms of clause 6(6.1 - 6.6) of the Productivity SA's Constitution, the Board of Productivity SA is required to hold the Annual General Meeting each year within six months of the end of the preceding financial year of Productivity SA.

Notice is hereby given that Productivity SA's Board will be holding the Annual General Meeting with the Key Stakeholders: Department of Labour as Shareholder, Organised Business, Organised Labour and Government with a maximum of three representatives, Strategic partners and Alliances, appointed Internal and External Auditors, Media, Executive Committee to attend the Annual General Meeting to be held on:

Date: 27th September 2019 (Friday)

• Time: 10h00 - 13h00

• Venue: Midrand Conference Centre

661 Pendulum Road Halfway House, Ext 12,

Midrand

The Annual General Meeting will discuss the following for adoption:

• Productivity SA Annual Report for the period 2018/19 • Productivity SA Annual Financial Statements for the period April 2018 – March 2019 • Productivity SA Performance Information for the period April 2018 – March 2019 • Productivity SA Annual Performance Plan and Budget for the period 2019/20 • Productivity SA Priorities for the period 2019/20 • Productivity SA Strategic Plan and Annual Performance Plan for the Medium Term Strategic Framework 2019/20 – 2023/24

Please RSVP to Annaline Brown at: <u>annalinea@productivitysa.co.za</u> on or before the 13th September 2019. She can be contacted at 011 848 5398 for further enquiries.



DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND LAND REFORM

NO. 1120 30 AUGUST 2019

September 2016 in accordance with representations made by Mr. Christopher Charles De Mowbray Niehaus in his capacity as the registered owner of the farms the farms Star 567 LR and Onschuld 551 LR (the latter property being GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGTHS ACT, 1994 (ACT NO. 22 OF 1994) AS Notice is hereby given to withdraw Gazette Notice No. 1082, under Government Gazette No. 40293, dated consolidation of portions of Eyzerbeen 553 LR and Onschuld 568 LR) AMENDED

GAZETTE NOTICE WITHDRAWAL

The above representations were made under section 11A (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No. 22 of 1994) to give effect to the order of the Land Claims Court in the matter of Niehaus & The Regional Land Claims Commissioner and others (LCC 147/2010), in which the court declared that none of the Mosima, Majadibodu and Mabula-Mosima communities have lodged claims for restitution of land rights under the Restitution of Land Rights Act,

consolidation of portions of Eyzerbeen 553 LR and Onschuld 568 LR), located in the Lephalale Local Municipality

1994 (Act No. 22 of 1994) in respect of the farms Star 567 LR and Mozambique 551 LR (the latter property being

FARM NAMES	CURRENT TITLE D LANDOWNERS NUMBERS	TITLE DEED EXTENT IN ENDORSEM HOLDERS CLAIMANTS NUMBERS HECTARES ENTS	EXTENT IN ENDO HECTARES ENTS	ENDORSEM ENTS	HOLDERS	CLAIMANTS
The farm Star 567 Niehal LR Christ Charle Mowb	Niehaus, Christopher Charles De Mowbray	T267/1999	910.6448	910.6448 K2336/1992 Samancor RM Ltd	Samancor Ltd	MAJADIBODU

Waterberg District, Limpopo

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farm		dated	farm	LR	of the	peen	
The	Mozambique	LR (Consolidated Charles	from the	Onschuld 568 LR	and Portion 3 of the	farm Eyzerbeen	553 LR)

Office of the Regional Land Claims Commissioner: Limpopo Private Bag X9552 Polokwane 0700

Submissions may also be delivered to:
First Floor, 96A Kagiso House
Corner Rissik & Schoeman Streets
Polokwane

LEBJANE MAPHUTHA
REGIONAL LAND CLAIMS COMMISSIONER
DATE: 2019/12/15

DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND LAND REFORM

NO. 1121 30 AUGUST 2019

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT, 1994 (ACT NO.22 OF 1994)

Notice is hereby given in terms of section 11 (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No.22 of 1994 as amended) that a claim for restitution of land rights on:

REFERENCE

: 6/2/2/D/92/0/0/49

CLAIMANT

Rev. Daniel Dumalisile Ngcuka
(On behalf of Ngcuka Family Claim)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT OF LAND
Farm 1252, King Williams Town	72.1709 Hectares
Farm 1253, King Williams Town	52.4553 Hectares

All properties in Raymond Mhlaba Local Municipality, Amathole District Municipality, Eastern Cape Province.

TITLE DEED

N/A

CURRENT OWNER

Department of Rural Development and Land Reform

DATE SUBMITTED

: 09/02/1998

Has been submitted to the Regional Land Claims Commissioner for the Eastern Cape and that the Commission on Restitution of Land Rights will investigate the claim in terms of the provisions of the Act in due course.

Any person who has an interest in the above-mentioned land is hereby invited to submit, within fourteen (14) days from the publication of this notice, any comments/information to:

Office of the Regional Land Claims Commissioner : Eastern Cape Department of Rural Development and Land Reform

PO Box 1375 East London

5200

Tel: 043 700 6000 Fax: 043 743 3687

Mr. L.H. Maphutha

Regional Land Claims Commissioner

DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND LAND REFORM

NO. 1122 30 AUGUST 2019

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT, 1994 (ACT NO.22 OF 1994)

Notice is hereby given in terms of section 11 (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No.22 of 1994 as amended) that a claim for restitution of land rights on:

REFERENCE

: 6/2/2/D/1078/0/0/59

CLAIMANT

: Violet Rotha Moses (nee Summerton) Family Claim

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION all properties in	EXTENT OF LAND
Hogsback	in Hectares
Botha's Kraal 773	259.1355
Kobus Kraal 773 (Portion 1)	117.1482
Coolgardie Farm (Portion 1 of Arlington Farm 771)	304.5357
Coolgardie Farm (Portion 2 of Arlington Farm 771)	95.9315
Farm Hogsback Plateau 21	172.162932

All properties are situated in Mpofu/Stockenstrom, Nkonkobe Local Municipality, Amathole District Municipality in the Eastern Cape Province.

TITLE DEED

: T4869/1984

CURRENT OWNER

: Republic of South Africa

DATE SUBMITTED

: 05/06/1995

Has been submitted to the Regional Land Claims Commissioner for the Eastern Cape and that the Commission on Restitution of Land Rights will investigate the claim in terms of the provisions of the Act in due course.

Any person who has an interest in the above-mentioned land is hereby invited to submit, within fourteen (14) days from the publication of this notice, any comments/information to:

Office of the Regional Land Claims Commissioner : Eastern Cape Department of Rural Development and Land Reform

PO Box 1375 East London

5200

Tel: 043 700 6000 Fax: 043 743 3687

Mr. L.H. Maphutha

Regional Land Claims Commissioner

DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND LAND REFORM

NO. 1123 **30 AUGUST 2019**

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT, 1994 (ACT NO.22 OF 1994)

Notice is hereby given in terms of section 11 (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No.22 of 1994 as amended) that a claim for restitution of land rights on:

REFERENCE : 6/2/2/D/963/0/0/15 CLAIMANT : Vuyani Jackson Baleni

(On behalf of Rosedale Community)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION: A portion of Farm 80, Mthatha, King Sabatha

Dalindyebo Local Municipality, OR Tambo District

EXTENT OF LAND : 146 Hectares

TITLE DEED : N/A

CURRENT OWNER : Department of Rural Development and Land Reform

DATE SUBMITTED 15/05/1998

Has been submitted to the Regional Land Claims Commissioner for the Eastern Cape and that the Commission on Restitution of Land Rights will investigate the claim in terms of the provisions of the Act in due course.

Any person who has an interest in the above-mentioned land is hereby invited to submit, within fourteen (14) days from the publication of this notice, any comments/information to:

Office of the Regional Land Claims Commissioner: Eastern Cape Department of Rural Development and Land Reform

PO Box 1375 **East London** 5200

Tel: 043 700 6000 Fax: 043 743 3687

Mr. L.H. Maphutha

Regional Land Claims Commissioner

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY

NO. 1124 30 AUGUST 2019

CO-OPERATIVES TO BE STRUCK OFF THE REGISTER

- 1. REYALEKA CO-OP LTD
- 2. NDEDE CATERING SERVICES CO-OP LTD
- 3. DLIDLIDLI HEALTH CARE SERVICES CO-OP LTD
- 4. LINGELETHU STRATCON CO-OP LTD
- 5. MDENI NCEBA POVERTY ALLIVIATION CO-OP LTD
- 6. NSONSOBELA CO-OP LTD
- 7. KINGS-MANNA TRADING CO-OP LTD
- 8. MALATANE LEPELLE AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 9. MANQOBA AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 10. UNGIBUKANI CO-OP LTD
- 11. ROLLA ICE CREAM CO-OP LTD
- 12. BOPHELO KE SEMPHEKGO CO-OP LTD
- 13. MTHAMAKGO AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 14. THOUSAND HILLS AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 15. UMCEBO WESIZWE CO-OP LTD
- 16. NOODSBERG SMALL GROWERS CO-OP LTD
- 17. UNYEZI AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT CO-OP LTD
- 18. VUNANI AGRIC SERVICE AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 19. CANINGA SAW MILL CO-OP LTD
- 20. CHUMILE AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 21. UBUMBANO LWANA AFRIKA CO-OP LTD
- 22. WALK-IN-25 ZOLA CO-OP LTD
- 23. VUYANI FARMERS AGRICULTURL CO-OP LTD
- 24. KHALEGIJIMA CO-OP LTD
- 25. UMSUNDUZE MISSION FARMERS CO-OP LTD
- 26. SEBETSONG AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD

Notice is hereby given that the names of the abovementioned co-operatives will, after the expiration of sixty days from the date of this notice, be struck off the register in terms of the provisions of section 73(1) of the Co-operatives Act, 2005, and the co-operatives will be dissolved unless proof is furnished to the effect that the co-operatives are carrying on business or are in operation.

Any objections to this procedure, which interested persons may wish to raise, must together with the reasons therefore, be lodged with this office before the expiration of the period of sixty days.

REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVES

Office of the Registrar of Co-operatives Dti Campus 77 Meintjies Street **Pretoria** 0002

Private Bag X237 **Pretoria** 0001

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY

NO. 1125 30 AUGUST 2019

CO-OPERATIVES THAT HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM THE REGISTER

- 1. AFRICAN CO-OPERATIVE FOR HAWKERS AND INFORMAL BUSINESS (CAPRICON DISTRICT) LIMPOPO (ACHIB) CO-OP LTD
- 2. SESIBUYILE AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 3. MASITHEMBANE CLEANING AND SERVICES CO-OP LTD
- 4. UMTHOMBO WETHU TRADING CO-OP LTD
- 5. UMZWILILI CONSTRUCTION CO-OP LTD
- 6. LETHI-INTUTHUKO CO-OP LTD
- 7. RE TLA DIRA MMOGO PROJECTS CO-OP LTD
- 8. MAKHUZENI CO-OP LTD
- 9. IZINHLIZIYO ZETHU CO-OP LTD
- 10. KHANYOLWETHU AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 11. VENUS CO-OP LTD
- 12. MAHATAMOHO MANUFACTURING CO-OP LTD
- 13. INYENGELEZI FARMERS CO-OP LTD
- 14. BAHWADUBA BARUA KGOMO AGRICULRURAL CO-OP LTD
- 15. ZETHEMBE MINENHLE CO-OP LTD
- 16. MKHULUNYELWA CO-OP LTD
- 17. ACHIB FREE STATE (KROONSTAD) CO-OP LTD
- 18. IMINENHLE CLEANING SERVICES CO-OP LTD
- 19. TSAKANI COMMUNITY BAKERY CO-OP LTD
- 20. IBHUMA PHILANI PRIMARY AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 21. INQAWE FORM MANUFACTURING CO-OP LTD
- 22. KUVHANGANANI MULTI-PURPOSE CO-OP LTD
- 23. ITUMELENG POULTRY FARMERS CO-OP LTD
- 24. ACHIB EASTERN CAPE (QUEENSTOWN) CO-OP LTD
- 25. BRIGHT FUTURE WARD 38 CO-OP-LTD
- 26. EZIBAYENI LIVESTOCK CO-OP LTD
- 27. EMPILWENI ENHLE CO-OP LTD
- 28. KGABANG KA BOTHO CO-OP LTD
- 29. ZISUBUHLE CO-OP LTD
 30. MANGWENI DAIRY PRIMARY AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 31. ANNSHAW AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD

Notice is hereby given that the names of the abovementioned co-operatives have been removed from the register in terms of the provisions of section 73(1) of the Co-operatives Act, 2005.

REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVES

Office of the Registrar of Co-operatives Dti Campus 77 Meintjies Street **Pretoria**

Freco

0001

Private Bag X237

Pretoria

0002

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY

NO. 1126 30 AUGUST 2019

CO-OPERATIVES THAT HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM THE REGISTER

- 1. BOITEKO POULTRY CO-OP LTD
- 2. FISOKUHLE SINETHEMBA CO-OP LTD
- 3. ASIYEPHAMBILI CO-OP LTD
- 4. SENZIMPILO AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 5. RIXALADZA PRINTING DEVELOPMENT CO-OP LTD
- 6. CELOKUHLE CO-OP LTD
- 7. SWEET CHICKS CO-OP LTD
- 8. REST VALLEY SERVICE CO-OP LTD
- 9. ACHIB KWA ZULU NATAL CENTRAL CO-OP LTD
- 10. ENDOSA CLOTHING CO-OP LTD
- 11. MTSHAZI MULTI-PURPOSE CO-OP LTD
- 12. SIQALA OKUHLE CO-OP LTD
- 13. SILINDELWE CO-OP LTD
- 14. EXIHLOBYENI AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 15. ZAMIMPUMELELO POULTRY CO-OP LTD
- 16. SINENKOSITHINA TRADING CO-OP LTD
- 17. SEBABATSO AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 18. STAR RESTAURANT CO-OP LTD
- 19. GREEN HARVEST SIYAZAMA AGRICULTURAL CO-OP LTD
- 20. KHAZIMLA CO-OP LTD

Notice is hereby given that the names of the abovementioned co-operatives have been removed from the register in terms of the provisions of section 73(1) of the Co-operatives Act, 2005.

REGISTRAR OF CO-OPERATIVES

Office of the Registrar of Co-operatives Dti Campus 77 Meintjies Street **Pretoria** 0001

Private Bag X237 **Pretoria**0002

GENERAL NOTICES • ALGEMENE KENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR NOTICE 455 OF 2019 NOTICE OF AUGUST 2019

PLEASE FIND SET OUT BELOW A LIST OF BARGAINING COUNCILS THAT HAVE BEEN ACCREDITED BY THE CCMA IN TERMS OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE LABOUR RELATIONS ACT 66 OF 1995 (AS AMENDED) FOR CONCILIATION AND/ OR ARBITRATION AND/ OR INQUIRY BY ARBITRATOR, WITH THE TERMS OF ACCREDITATION ATTACHED FOR THE PERIOD 01 AUGUST 2019 TO THE 31 AUGUST 2021.

BARGAINING COUNCILS ACCREDITED TO CONDUCT CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION,

SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS WHERE APPLICABLE

(RENEWAL OF ACCREDITATION AS WELL AS THE SUBSIDY

AMOUNT PAYABLE PER CLOSED CASE IS R683.80 FOR 2019/2020 FINANCIAL YEAR)

Name of Council	Accredited Functions
PRIVATE SECTOR BARGAINING COUNCILS	
Motor Industry Bargaining Council	Accredited for conciliation and arbitration
	(including Inquiry by Arbitrator) from 01
	September 2019 until 31 August 2021 on
	condition that late awards are monitored and
	reported on to the CCMA.
Bargaining Council for the Grain Industry	Accredited for conciliation and arbitration
	(including Inquiry by Arbitrator) from 01 August
	2019 until 31 July 2021 on condition that the
	settlement rate is improved upon.

(WITHDRAWAL OF ACCREDITATION)

- 1. The Governing Body of the CCMA resolved to withdraw the accreditation of the Bargaining Council for the Furniture Manufacturing Industry of the South Western District.
- 2. The Governing Body of the CCMA resolved to withdraw the accreditation of the Labour Elite Private Agency.

TERMS OF ACCREDITATION FOR CONCILIATION, ARBITRATION AND INQUIRY BY ARBITRATOR

1. SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION:

Herewith categories of disputes for which Councils are eligible to apply for accreditation.

COUNCILS ARE ACCEDITED TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING DISPUTE RESOLUTIONS FUNCTIONS:

Unfair dismissal disputes - Section 191
Unfair Labour practice - Section 191
Mutual Interest disputes - Section 64
Interpretation of Collective Agreement disputes - Section 24 (1)
Essential Services disputes - Section 74
Pre-dismissal arbitrations - Section 188A

Temporary Employment Service - Section 198, 198A, 198B, 198Cand 198D

Disputes about Interpretation and - Section 9

Application of Chapter 2

COUNCILS MAY NOT SEEK ACCREDITATION FOR THE FOLLOWING DISPUTE RESOLUTION FUNCTIONS REGARDING DISPUTES OVER THE FOLLOWING (see FOOTNOTE 11 of SECTION 51):

Organisational rights (sections 16, 21 and 22);

Collective Agreements where the agreement does not provide for a dispute resolution procedure or the procedure is inoperative or any party frustrates the resolution of disputes (section 24(2) to (5));

Agency shops and closed shops (section 24(6) and (7) and section 26(11);

Determinations made by the Minister in respect of proposals made by a Statutory Council (section 45);

The interpretation and application of Collective Agreements of a Council whose registration has been cancelled (section 61(5) to (8));

Demarcation of sectors and areas of Councils (section 62);

The Interpretation or application of Part C (Bargaining Councils), Part D (Bargaining Councils in the Public Service), Part E (Statutory Councils) and Part F (General Provisions concerning Councils) (Section 63);

Picketing (section 69(8) to 10);

Proposals which are the subject of joint-decision making in a workplace forum (section 86);

Disclosure of information to workplace forums (section 89);

Interpretation or Application of the provisions of Chapter 5 of the LRA which deals with workplace forums (section 94);

Enforcement of the Collective Agreements by Bargaining Councils (section 33A) and;

Enforcement of arbitration awards in terms of section 143. Only the Director of the CCMA, unless the power has been delegated to a CCMA Senior Commissioner may certify awards as if it were an order of the Labour Court;

Facilitating mass retrenchment disputes section 189(A).

2. POWERS OF ACCREDITATION:

Only those persons who are accredited by the CCMA, or are part-time Commissioners appointed by the Governing Body of the Commission in the terms of section 117 (2) of the Labour Relations Act, may perform the accreditation functions of the council for the Council.

The following provisions of the LRA, as amended apply to Councils accredited for conciliation and arbitration:

- (a) For the purpose of this paragraph any reference in Part C of Chapter VII of the LRA to:
- "Commission" must be read as a reference to the Council;
- "Commissioner" must be read as a reference to a conciliator or arbitrator appointed by the Council.
- "Director" must be read as a reference to the Secretary of the Council.
- (b) The provisions of the sections contained in Part C of Chapter VII (section 127(6)) of the LRA shall apply to the Council in the performance of its accredited functions subject to the Council's Constitution and/or Collective Agreements. For the purpose of this sub-paragraph the following applies:
- (i) The provisions of section 133 to 136;
- (ii) The provisions of section 138 to 142, S142A, S143, S144 and S145;
- (iii) The provisions of section 146 unless the Collective Agreement of the Council provides that the Arbitration Act, Act 42 of 1965 applies to any arbitration conducted under its accredited function and which Collective Agreement is binding on the parties to the disputes; and
- (iv) The provisions of section 148.

3. EXTENSION OF ACCREDITATION:

Despite the expiry of the period of accreditation as stated in the Certificate of Accreditation, the Council may continue to perform its accredited functions in respect of any dispute referred to it during the period of accreditation, but not yet resolved by the time the period expires, until the dispute is resolved either through conciliation or arbitration.

4. TRANSGRESSION OF TERMS OF ACCREDITATION:

If the accredited Council fails to comply with the terms of accreditation, the Governing Body of the CCMA may revoke accreditation. In terms of section 130 of the LRA, as amended the Governing Body of the CCMA may withdraw accreditation after having given reasonable notice of withdrawal.

5. AMENDMENT OF ACCREDITATION:

An Accredited Council may apply to the Governing Body of the CCMA in terms of section 129 of the LRA to amend its accreditation.

SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK NOTICE 456 OF 2019

Notice and Order of Forfeiture

Notice of Forfeiture to the State of money in terms of the provisions of Regulation 22B of the Regulations ("the Exchange Control Regulations") made under Section 9 of the Currency and Exchanges Act, 1933 (Act No. 9 of 1933), as amended, as promulgated by Government Notice No. R.1111 of 1961-12-01 in respect of the money of:

FA Airtime Sales (Pty) Limited (Registration number 2013/157164/07)

Of:

1 Waboom Road New Orleans Paarl 7646

Be pleased to take notice that:

- 1. The Minister of Finance has, by virtue of the provisions of Regulation 22E of the Exchange Control Regulations delegated all the functions and/or powers conferred upon the Treasury by the provisions of the Exchange Control Regulations [with the exception of the functions and/or powers conferred upon the Treasury by Regulations 3(5) and (8), 20 and 22, but which exception does not include the functions and/or powers under Exchange Control Regulations 22A, 22B, 22C and 22D], and assigned the duties imposed thereunder on the Treasury, to, *inter alia*, the Governor or the Deputy Governor of the South African Reserve Bank.
- 2. By virtue of the functions, powers and/or duties vested in me, in my capacity as the Deputy Governor of the South African Reserve Bank, in terms of the delegation and assignment of the functions, powers and/or duties referred to in 1 above, I hereby give notice of a decision to forfeit to the State the following money and I hereby declare and order forfeit to the State the following money, namely:
 - 2.1 the amount of R671 302.61 being capital standing to the credit of FA Airtime Sales (Pty) Limited Registration number 2013/157164/07 (the Respondent), in account number 2716623, held with Sasfin Bank Limited, together with any interest thereon and/or other accrual thereto.
- 3. The date upon which the money specified in 2 above is hereby forfeited to the State is the date upon which this Notice of Forfeiture is published in this Gazette.
- 4. The money specified in 2 above shall be disposed of by deposit thereof to the National Revenue Fund.
- 5. This Notice also constitutes a written order, as contemplated in Regulation 22B of the Exchange Control Regulations, in terms of which the money specified in 2 above is hereby forfeited to the State.

6. Signed at Pretoria on this ______ day of _____ August _____ 2019.

K Naidoo
Deputy Governor

South African Reserve Bank

STATISTICS SOUTH AFRICA NOTICE 457 OF 2019

THE HEAD: STATISTICS SOUTH AFRICA notifies for general information that the Consumer Price Index is as follows:

Consumer Price Index, Rate (Base Dec 2016=100)

Rate: July 2019 - 4,0

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY NOTICE 458 OF 2019

STANDARDS ACT, 2008 STANDARDS MATTERS

In terms of the Standards Act, 2008 (Act No. 8 of 2008), the Board of the South African Bureau of Standards has acted in regard to standards in the manner set out in the Schedules to this notice.

SECTION A: DRAFTS FOR COMMENTS

The following draft standards are hereby issued for public comments in compliance with the norm for the development of the South Africa National standards in terms of section 23(2)(a) (ii) of the Standards Act.

Draft Standard No. and Edition	Title, scope and purport	Closing Date
SANS 50455-4 Ed 1	Medical gloves for single use Part 4: Requirements and testing for shelf life determination. Specifies requirements for shelf life for medical gloves for single use.	2019-10-08
SANS 62196-2 Ed 2	Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets - Conductive charging of electric vehicles Part 2: Dimensional compatibility and interchangeability requirements for a.c. pin and contact-tube accessories. Applies to plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets with pins and contact-tubes of standardized configurations, herein referred to as accessories.	2019-10-07
SANS 62196-3 Ed 1	Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets - Conductive charging of electric vehicles Part 3: Dimensional compatibility and interchangeability requirements for d.c. and a.c./d.c. pin and contact-tube vehicle couplers. Applicable to vehicle couplers with pins and contact-tubes of standardized configuration intended for use in electric vehicle conductive charging systems which incorporate control means, with rated operating voltage up to 1 500 V d.c and rated current up to 250 A, and 1 000 V a.c and rated current up to 250 A.	2019-10-07
SANS 61724-1 Ed 1	Photovoltaic system performance - Part 1: Monitoring. Defines the classes of photovoltaice (PV) performace monitoring systems.	2019-10-15
SANS 14520-9 Ed 3	Gaseous fire-extinguishing systems - Physical properties and system design Part 9: HFC 227ea extinguishant. Contains specific requirements for gaseous fire-extinguishing systems, with respect to the HFC 227ea extinguishant.	2019-10-14

SCHEDULE A.1: AMENDMENT OF EXISTING STANDARDS

The following draft amendments are hereby issued for public comments in compliance with the norm for the development of the South African National Standards in terms of section 23(2)(a) (ii) of the Standards Act.

Draft Standard No. and Edition	Title	Scope of amendment	Closing Date
SANS 97 Ed 7.3	Electric cables - Impregnated paper-insulated metal-sheathed cables for rated voltages 3,3/3,3 kV to 19/33 kV (excluding pressure assisted cables).	Amended to renumber tables and to change the requirements of sub-clause 5.3 conditions of test and range of approval and to change table 5 - range of approval.	2019-10-15
SANS 406 Ed 1.1	Coal and coke - Analysis and testing - Determination of trace elements - Guide to the determination of trace elements.	Amended to update reference standards and include Annexes in the foreword.	2019-10-08
SANS 1294 Ed 2.2	Precast concrete manhole sections and components.	Amended to update the requirements for materials and steps.	2019-10-15
SANS 1604 Ed 1.1	Biologically enhanced cleaning and degreasing products.	Amended to delete the clause on Volatile Organic compounds (4.2.3.1 and 5.8) due to incapability of laboratories in South Africa to perform the tests.	2019-10-15

SANS 1619	Small power distribution units	. Amended to update the requirements to	2019-10-14
Ed 2.5	(ready-boards) for single-phase	fire-resistant test	
	230 V service connections		
SANS 507-1	Electricity distribution -	Amended to change the designation from	2019-10-14
Ed 1.2	Guidelines for the provision of	"NRS 034-1" to "SANS 507-1", to move	
	electricity distribution networks in	reference to organization to the foreword,	
	residential areas Part 1: Planning	to update the note to the scope, the clause	
	and design of distribution	on planning and design, and referenced	
	networks.	standards.	

SCHEDULE A.2: WITHDRAWAL OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS

In terms of section 24(1)(C) of the Standards Act, the following published standards are issued for comments with regard to the intention by the South African Bureau of Standards to withdrawn them.

Draft Standard No. and Edition	Title	Reason for withdrawal	Closing Date

SCHEDULE A.3: WITHDRAWAL OF INFORMATIVE AND NORMATIVE DOCUMENTS

In terms of section 24(5) of the Standards Act, the following documents are being considered for withdrawal.

Draft Standard No. and Edition	Title	Reason for withdrawal	Closing Date

SECTION B: ISSUING OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS SCHEDULE B.1: NEW STANDARDS

The following standards have been issued in terms of section 24(1)(a) of the Standards Act.

Standard No. and year	Title, scope and purport
SANS 18890:2019 Ed 1	Clothing - Standard method of garment measurement. Defines the main measurement points and describes the method used to measure garment dimensions.
SATS 22002-3:2019 Ed 1	Prerequisite programmes on food safety - Part 3: Farming. Specifies the requirements and guidelines of prerequisite programmes (PRPs) that maintain a hygienic environment and assist in controlling food safety hazards in the food chain, specifically farming (individual farms or groups of farms).

SCHEDULE B.2: AMENDED STANDARDS

The following standards have been amended in terms of section 24(1)(a) of the Standards Act.

Standard No. and year	Title, scope and purport

SCHEDULE B.3: WITHDRAWN STANDARDS

In terms of section 24(1)(C) of the Standards Act, the following standards have been withdrawn.

Standard No. and year	Title
SANS 1973-8:2017 Ed 1.1	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear ASSEMBLIES Part 8: Safety of minimally tested ASSEMBLIES (MTA) with a rated short-circuit current above 10 kA and a rated busbar current of up to and including 1 600 A a.c. and d.c
SANS 62561-6::2018 Ed 1	Lightning protection system components (LPSC) Part 6: Requirements for lightning strike counters (LSC)
SANS 20825:1993 Ed 1	Environmentally acceptable hand dishwashing and light duty detergent (liquid).

SCHEDULE B.4: REINSTATEMENT OF WITHDRAWN STANDARD

In terms of section 4(2) (l) the South African Bureau of Standards has established the following technical committees:

Draft Standard No. and Edition	Title	Scope of amendment	Reason

SCHEDULE B.5: ESTABLISHMENT OF TECHNICAL COMMITTEES

In terms of section 4(2) (l) the South African Bureau of Standards has established the following technical committees:

Technical Committee No.:	Title	Scope

SCHEDULE B.6: DISBANDMENT OF TECHNICAL COMMITTEES

In terms of section 4(2) (1) the South African Bureau of Standards has disbanded the following technical committees:

Technical Committee No.:	Title	Scope

If your organization is interested in participating in these committees, please send an e-mail to Dsscomments@sabs.co.za for more information.

SCHEDULE 5: ADDRESS OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN BUREAU OF STANDARDS HEAD OFFICE

Copies of the standards mentioned in this notice can be obtained from the Head Office of the South African Bureau of Standards at 1 Dr Lategan Road, Groenkloof, Private Bag X191, Pretoria 0001.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT NOTICE 459 OF 2019

AIR SERVICE LICENSING ACT, 1990 (ACT NO.115 OF 1990) APPLICATION FOR THE GRANT OR AMENDMENT OF DOMESTIC AIR SERVICE LICENCE

Pursuant to the provisions of section 15 (1) (b) of Act No. 115 of 1990 and Regulation 8 of the Domestic Air Regulations,1991, it is hereby notified for general information that the application detail of which appear in the appendix, will be considered by the Air Service Licensing Council. Representation in accordance with section 15 (3) of the Act No. 115 of 1990 in support of, or in position, an application, should reach the Air Service Licensing Council. Private Box X 193, Pretoria, 0001, within 21 days of date of the publication thereof.

APPENDIX I

- (A) Full name and trade name of the applicant. (B) Full business or residential address of the applicant. (C) Class of licence applied for. (D) Type of air service to which application applies. (E) Category of aircraft to which application applies.
- (A) Skyways Adventures (Pty) Ltd. (B)Suite 106, Block 2, Northgate Park, 20 Section Street, Paarden Eiland, 7420, Cape Town. (C) Class II & III. (D) Type N1, N2, G3, G4, G8 & G10. (E) Category A3 & A4.
- (A) Point Of View Photography (Pty) Ltd; Point Of View Photography. (B) 151 Cura Avenue, 33 Rhodeberg, Equestria Estate, 0184. (C) Class III. (D) Type G3, G4 & G10. (E) Category H1.

APPENDIX II

- (A) Full Name and trade name of the applicant. (B) Full business or residential address of the applicant. (C) The Class and number of license in respect of which the amendment is sought (D) Type of air service and the amendment thereto which is being applied for (E) Category of aircraft and the amendment thereto which is being applied for.
- (A) Grace Air (Pty) Ltd. (B) 477 Witherite Road, Pretoria. (C) Class II & III; N956D & G903D. (D) Type N1, N2, G3, G4, G8, G10, G15 & G16 (Flipping). (E) Category A4 & H2. Change to the Shareholding: Eugene du Preez has 26.5%, Mr E. Viljoen has 23,5% & Pearl Coral 1173 CC has 50% & change to the MP: Mr J. j. Rossouw is appointed as the Chief Executive Officer, Mr R. K. Kruger replaces Mr E du Preez as the RP: Aircraft & Mr J. J. O'Connell replaces Mr E. du Preez as the RP: Flight Operations.
- (A) Copper Plate Investment and Trading (Pty) Ltd. (B) Suyvey House, 42 Sunbird Drive, Langebaan, 7357. (C) Class III; G932D. (D) Type G3, G4, G5, G10 & G16 (RPAS). (E) Category A3, A4, H1 & H2.Change to Company name: Copper Plate Investment and Trading (Pty) Ltd to African Consulting Surveyors (Pty) Ltd & change to the MP: Marie Van Swegen is appointed as the Air Service Safety Officer & Quality Assurance Manager.
- (A) Southern Mapping Aviation (Pty) Ltd. (B) Hanagar H, Grand Central Airport, New Road Midrand. (C) Class III; G1061D. (D) Type G3 & G4. (E) Category A3 & A4. Change to the Licensee,s name: From Southern Mapping Company (Pty) Ltd to Southern Mapping Aviation (Pty) Ltd.

This publication rectifies errors and omissions contained in the publication that was published in the General Notice 430 of 2019 and in the Government Gazette No 42636 of August 16, 2019.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT NOTICE 460 OF 2019

INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICE ACT, (ACT NO.60 OF 1993) GRANT /AMENDMENT OF INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICE LICENSE

Pursuant to the provisions of section 17 (12) of Act No.60 of 1993 and Regulation 15 (1) and 15 (2) of the International Air Regulations, 1994, it is hereby notified for general information that the applications, detail of which appear in the Schedules hereto, will be considered by the International Air Services Council (Council)

Representation in accordance with section 16(3) of the Act No. 60 of 1993 and regulation 25(1) of International Air Services Regulation, 1994, against or in favour of an application, should reach the Chairman of the International Air Services Council at Department of Transport, Private Bag X 193, Pretoria, 0001, within 28 days of the application hereof. It must be stated whether the party or parties making such representation is / are prepared to be represent or represented at the possible hearing of the application.

APPENDIX I

- (A) Full name, surname and trade name of the applicant. (B) Full business or residential address of the applicant. (C) Class of licence applied for. (D) Type of International Air Service to which application pertains. (E) Category or kind of aircraft to which application pertains. (F) Airport from and the airport to which flights will be undertaken. (G) Area to be served. (H) Frequency of flight.
- (A) Skyways Adventures (Pty) Ltd. (B) Suite 106, Block 2, Northgate Park, 20 Section Street, Paarden Eiland, 7420, Cape Town. (C) Class II & III. (D) Type N1, N2, G3, G4, G8 & G10. (E) Category A3. (F) Cape Town International Airport & Lanseria International Airport.

APPENDIX II

- (A) Full name, surname and trade name of the applicant. (B) Full business or residential address of the applicant. (C) Class and number of licence in which the amendment is made. (D) Type of International Air Service in respect which amendment was made. (E) Category or kind of aircraft in respect of which license was made. (F) Airport in respect of which the amendment was made. (G) Area to be served. (H) Frequency of flight of which the amendment was made. (I) Condition under which amendment was made.
- (A) SA Airways SOC Ltd; SAA Airways. (B) Airways Park, Room 110A, Jones Street, OR Tambo International Airport. (C) Class I & II; I/S094 & I/N095. (D) Type S1, S2, N1, N2, N3 & N4. (E) Category A1 & A2. (F) OR Tambo International Airport, Cape Town International Airport King Shaka International Airport; Adding the following.

 ZS-SDC Serial number 226 and ZS SDD Serial number 245 Avolon Aerospace

ZS-SDC – Serial number 226 and ZS – SDD –Serial number 245 – Avolon Aerospace (Ireland) AOE 157 Limited.

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