

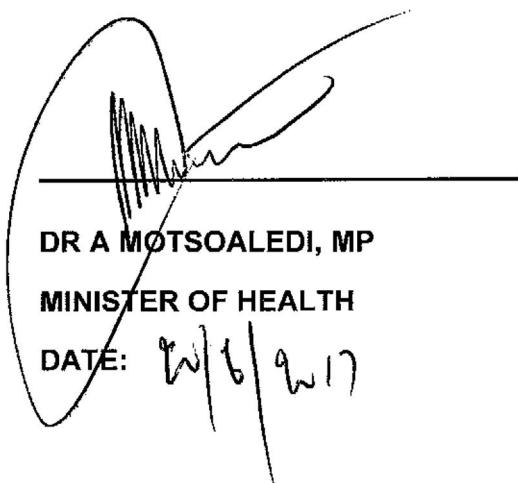
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

NO. 713

21 JULY 2017

HEALTH PROFESSIONS ACT, 1974 (ACT NO. 56 OF 1974)**REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE SCOPE OF PRACTICE****OF THE PROFESSION OF ORAL HYGIENE**

The Minister of Health has, in terms of section 33(1) read with section 61(2) of the Health Professions Act, 1974 (Act No. 56 of 1974) and on the recommendation of the Health Professions Council of South Africa and the Professional Board for Dental Therapy and Oral Hygiene, made the Regulations in the Schedule.



DR A MOTSOALEDI, MP
MINISTER OF HEALTH
DATE: 26/07/17

SCHEDULE

Definitions

1. In these Regulations any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act bears that meaning, and unless the context otherwise indicates –

"board" means the Professional Board for Dental Therapy and Oral Hygiene established in terms of section 15(1) of the Act;

"oral hygiene" means the profession of a person registered as an oral hygienist in terms of the Act;

"oral hygienist" means a person registered as such in terms of the Act; and

"the Act" means the Health Professions Act, 1974 (Act No. 56 of 1974).

Scope of the profession of oral hygiene

2. The following acts are hereby specified as acts which may, for the purposes of the application of the Act, be considered to be acts pertaining to the profession of oral hygiene:

- (a) The development, implementation and evaluation of oral health promotion programmes;
- (b) the assessment of a patient by means of an interview and an oral clinical examination;
- (c) the performance of analogue and digital radiography and the taking of clinical photographs;
- (d) the making of an oral hygiene diagnosis and the development of an appropriate treatment plan within the scope of the profession of oral hygienist;
- (e) the advising and education of patients about oral self-care practices including mechanical and chemotherapeutic plaque control, nutritional counselling and tobacco cessation;

- (f) advising patients about nutrition and diet, fluorides, and anti-microbial agents (excluding antibiotics) in relation to oral disease prevention;
- (g) the application of topical agents such as caries-preventive agents, remineralising agents, tooth-desensitising agents, surface anaesthetics and plaque-controlling agents;
- (h) the application of pit and fissure sealants;
- (i) the performance of debridement, scaling, root planing, the cleaning of dental implants and the polishing of teeth;
- (j) the making of a study cast to produce protective vacuum formed mouth guard;
- (k) the application of minimally invasive procedures such as atraumatic restorative techniques (ART) and sealant restorations, and only when necessary to facilitate these procedures, the placing and removing of rubber dam and matrix band;
- (l) the treatment of dentine hypersensitivity and cervical abrasion lesions with glass ionomer cement;
- (m) the polishing and recontouring of overhanging restorations;
- (o) the application of topical anaesthesia, subject to section 22A(4)(a)(v)(aa) of the Medicines and Related Substances Act, 1965 (Act No. 101 of 1965);
- (p) the administration of local anaesthesia, subject to section 22A(4)(a)(v)(aa) of the Medicines and Related Substances Act, 1965;
- (q) the giving of assistance to dental therapists, dentists, dental specialists with the performance of basic and advanced clinical procedures;
- (r) the application of vital tooth whitening techniques and procedures; and

- (s) the performance of the following supportive clinical procedures as prescribed by dentists and dental specialists:
- (i) The taking of cytological smears;
 - (ii) the splinting of mobile teeth;
 - (iii) the application and removal of periodontal packs; and
 - (iv) the removal of surgical sutures;
 - (v) the placing of temporary restorations as an emergency measure;
 - (vi) the performance of temporary cementing of inlays, crowns and bridges;
 - (vii) the placement of soft linings in dentures as tissue conditioners;
 - (viii) the performance of cephalometric tracings;
 - (ix) the relieving of trauma caused by intra-and extra-oral appliances, such as the cutting of distal ends of arch wires;
 - (x) the taking of impressions, cast and trim study and primary work models;
 - (xi) placement of pre-activated orthodontic appliances, the removal of orthodontic attachments and bands (the placement and removal of elastics and ligature wires, the placement and activation of arch wires); and
 - (xii) the re-cementing of orthodontic retainers.

Performance of professional act by student in oral hygiene

3. A student in oral hygiene may perform acts—

- (a) referred to in regulation 2 (a)-(r), only under the supervision of a dental specialist, dentist, dental therapist, or an oral hygienist; and
- (b) referred to in regulation 2 (s) only under the supervision of a dental specialist and a dentist.

Conditions of practice by registered oral hygienist

4. (1) A registered oral hygienist may practice independently, his or her profession, only—

- (a) after serving a period of at least one year under the control and supervision of a registered dentist, dental therapist or another registered oral hygienist, and with approval of the Board;
 - (b) after obtaining any of the qualifications in oral hygiene approved by the Board, and if such qualification was obtained prior to 2001, he or she must have also obtained a further qualification in expanded clinical functions in oral hygiene offered by any of the examining authorities approved by the Board; and
 - (c) after successfully completing a First Aid Level 3 training at a training institution approved by the Health and Welfare SETA.
- (2) An oral hygienist registered in the category "supervised practice", may perform acts referred to in regulation 2–
- (a) under the supervision of a dental specialist, dentist, dental therapist, or an oral hygienist;
 - (b) only if an oral hygienist referred to in this subregulation has received adequate education, training and is sufficiently experienced; and
 - (c) under proper and appropriate conditions.

Repeal and Withdrawal

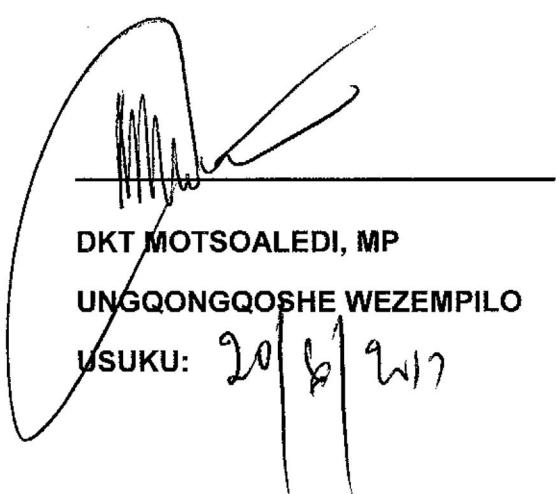
5. The Regulations published in Government Notice R.800 in *Government Gazette* No. 36944 of 17 October 2013 are hereby repealed.
6. The Regulations published in Government Notice No. 439 in *Government Gazette* No. 40847 of 19 May 2017 is hereby withdrawn.

Short title

7. These Regulations are called the Regulations Defining the Scope of Practice of the Profession of Oral Hygiene.

UMNYANGO WEZEMPILO**No. R****2017*****HEALTH PROFESSIONS ACT, WE-1974 (UMTHETHO WAMA-56 WEZI-1974)*****IMITHETHOZIMISO ECHAZA UMTHAMO WOBUNGCWETI BEZOKUNAKEKELWA
KOMLOMO**

UNgqongqoshe wezeMpilo uqonde, ukwenza iMithethozimiso kuSheduli, ngokwemigomo yesigaba sama-33(1) esifundwa nesigaba sama-61(2) se-Health Professions Act, 1974 (uMthetho wama-56 wezi-1974), kanye nasezincomeni zoMkhandlu woNgcweti bezempiro eNingizimu Afrika kanye neBhodi loNgcweti Bezokwelashwa Kwamazinyo kanye nokuNakekelwa Komlomo.


DKT MOTSOALEDI, MP**UNGQONGQOSHE WEZEMPILO****USUKU: 20/6/2017**

ISHEDULI**Izincazelol**

1. Kule Mithethozimiso noma ngabe yiliphi igama noma inkulumo lapho incazelo ifakwe eMthethweni kuthatha leyo ncazelo, futhi ngaphandle uma isimo sisho ngokunye -

“ibhodi” kusho iBhodi loChwepheshe lokweLashwa kwaMazinyo kanye nokuNakekelwa koMlomo elashunguila ngokwemigomo yesigaba se-15(1) soMthetho;

“ukunakekelwa komlomo” kusho ubungcweti bomuntu obhalisile njengomnakekeli womlomo ngokwemigomo yoMthetho;

“umnakelwi womlomo” kusho umuntu obhalisile ukuba njalo ngokwemigomo yoMthetho;

“uMthetho” kusho *i-Health Professions Act, 1974* (uMthetho wama-56 wezi-1974).

Umthamo wobungcweti bokunakekelwa komlomo

2. Imitetho elandelayo ivezwe njengemithetho engathathwa njengemithetho ephathelene nobungcweti bokunakekelwa komlomo, ngezinhliso zokusetshenziswa koMthetho:

- (a) Ukuthuthukiswa, ukuqaliswa kanye nokuhlolwa kwezinhlelo zokukhuthazwa kwezempiro zomlomo.
- (b) ukuhlolwa kwesiguli ngokuxoxisana naso kanye nokuhlolwa kokwelapha komlomo;
- (c) ukwenziwa komfanekiso kanye nezithombe ze-eksreyi kanye nezithombe, zokwelapha;
- (d) ukwenziwa kokuxilongwa ukuthola isifo somlomo kanye nokuthuthukiswa kohlelo lokwelapha olufanele phakathi emthameni wobungcweti bowezokunakekelwa komlomo.

- (e) ukululekwa kanye nokufundiswa kweziguli mayelana nokuzinakekela umlomo okufaka phakathi amakhemikhali kanye nophilisi lokwelapha ngamakhemikhali, ukweluleka ngomsoco kanye nokumiswa kogwayi;
- (f) Ukululeka iziguli ngomsoco kanye ngokudla okukhethiwe, ikhemikhali ye-fluyoraydi, kanye nokulwa nezilwanyana ezibanga izifo (ngaphandle kwemithi ebulala izilwanyana ezincane) okuhambisana nokunqanda isifo somlomo;
- (g) ukusetshenziswa kwezinto zamanje njengezinto ezivikela ukubola kwamazinyo, izinto zokufakela, izinto zokwenza ukuthi amazinyo engazweli, izinto zokubulala imizwa ngaphandle kanye nezinto eziyiphilisi lokulawulo;
- (h) ukusetshenziswa kwezinto zokuvala umgodi kanye nokuvuleka;
- (i) ukususwa kwezicubu, ukukala, ukususa imbangela yesifo, ukugezwa kwemifakela yamamazinyo kanye nokupholisha amazinyo;
- (j) ukwenziwa kokwakheka kabusha kwezinyo ukuthi likhiqize into ekhucululayo evikela amazinyo;
- (k) ukusetshenziswa kwenqubo engasabalali kakhulu njengenqubo ebuyiselekayo egwema ukulimazeka kwezicubu (ART) kanye nokubuyiselwa kokuvalwa, kanye nalapho kunesidingo kokusiza le nqubo, ukufakwa kanye nokususa idamu eliyisikilingi kanye nebhande elimboza izinyo;
- (l) ukwelashwa kokushesha ukuzwela kwamazinyo kanye ukulimala kwesibeletho sezinyo ngenxa yezinto ezithithile;
- (m) ukupholisha kanye kokwakhiwa kabusha kwezinto ezibuyiselwe ezingamanga kahle;
- (n) ukuphathwa kwezinto zokubula la imizwa, maqondana nesigaba sama-22A(4)(a)(v)(aa) se-Medicines and Related Substances Act, 1965 (uMthetho we-101 we-1965);

- (p) ukuphathwa kwezinto zokubulala imizwa, maqondana nesigaba sama-
22A(4)(a)(v)(aa) se-Medicines and Related Substances Act, we1965;
- (q) ukunika usizo abeluleki bezamazinyo, odokotela bamazinyo, kanye
nochwepheshe bezamazinyo ngokwenza inqubo ethile futhi esezingeni
eliphezulu lokwelapha;
- (r) ukusetshenziswa inqubo ebalulekile yokwenza amazinyo ukuthi abe mhlophe;
kanye
- (s) ukwenziwa kwezinqubo elandelayo yokwelapha eyesekayo njengoba kunqume
adokotela bamazinyo kanye nocwepheshe bamazinyo:
- (i) ukuthathwa kokuhlolwa kwamaseli;
 - (ii) ukuhlanganiswa kwamazinyo axegayo;
 - (iii) ukusetshenziswa kanye nokususwa kwezinto ezifakwa ukusiza
ukupholisha; kanye
 - (iv) ukususwa kwezitishi zokuhlinzwa;
 - (v) ukufakwa kwemifakela yesikhashana njengendlela ephuthumayo;
 - (vi) ukukhonkwa kwesikhashana kwezimbobo emazinyweni, into
yokubuyisela esimweni amazinyo kanye nokuvala namagebe;
 - (vii) ukufakwa kolwelwesi oluthambile emazinyweni ukusiza isicubu;
 - (viii) ukwenziwa kokuhlaziya kokuxhumana kwamazinyo nethambo
lekhanda;
 - (ix) ukudambisa ubuhlungi obenziwe izinto ebezenziwa ngaphakathi
nangaphandle komlomo, njengokusikwa kwezingcingo ezigobekayo;
 - (x) ukuthathwa kwendlela yemicabango, ukukhobisa kanye nokunquma
kanye nomsebenzi wokuqala;
 - (xi) ukubekwa kwemishini esivele icushiwe yokuqondisa amazinyo, ukususa
izinto ezinanyekwe emazinyweni zokuqaqondisa kanye namabhande
(ukufakwa kanye nokususwa izincingo ezinwebekayo kanye
nezixhumanisayo, ukufakwa kanye nokucushwa kwezincingo
esigobekayo); kanye
 - (xii) Ukukhonkwa kabusha izigcini zokuqondisa kwamazinyo.

Ukwenziwa kwesenzo sobuchwepheshe bezokunakekelwa komlomo umfundi

3. Umfundi wobuChwepheshe bokunakekelwa komlomo kumele enze izenzo-
- (a) okukhulunye ngazo kumthethosimiso wesi-2 (a)-(r), kuphela kaphansi kokuqashwa uchwepheshe wamazinyo, udukotela wamazinyo, umelaphi wamazinyo, noma owezokunakekelwa komlomo; kanye
 - (b) okukhulunye ngazo kumthethosimiso wesi-2 (s) kuphela ngaphansi kokuqashwa uchwepheshe wamazinyo kanye nodokotela wamazinyo.

Izimo zokusebenza zowezokunakekelwa komlomo obhalisile

4. (1) owezokunakekelwa komlomo obhalisile angasebenza ngokuzimela, ngobuchwepheshe bakhe kuphela -
- (b) emuva kokusebenza isikhathi okungenani esingangonyaka owodwa ngaphansi kokuphathwa kanye nokuqashwa udukotela wamazinyo obhalisile, umelaphi wamazinyo noma omunye wezokunakekelwa komlomo, kanye nokuvunyelwa iBhodi;
 - (b) emuva kokuthola iziqu kwezokunakekelwa komlomo ezivuyelwe yiBhodi, futhi uma iziqu ezinjalo zatholakala ngaphambi konyaka wezi-2001, kumele aphinde athole ezinye futhi iziqu emisebenzini ekhulisiwe yezokunakekelwa komlomo ezihilinzekwa yinoma isiphi isikhungo sokuhlola esivunyelwe yibhodi; kanye
 - (c) emuva kokuqeda ngempumelelo iZinga lesi-3 Lezosizo Lokuqala lokuqequesha esikhungweni sokuqequesha esivunyelwe yi-SETA yezeMpilo kanye nezeNhialakahle.
- (2) Owezokunakekelwa komlomo obhalisile ohlobeni "lokusebenza okuqashiwe" kumele enze imisebenzi okukhulunye ngayo kumthethosimiso wesi-2-

- (a) ngaphansi kokuqashwa nguchwepheshe wamazinyo, udukotela wamazinyo, umelaphi wamazinyo, noma ovezokunakekelwa komlomo
- (b) futhi kuperha uma ovezokunakekelwa komlomo okukhulunywe ngaye kulomthethosimiswanyana ethole imfundo efanele, ukuqeqeshwa kanye enesipiliyon esanele; kanye
- (c) futhi enza le misebenzi ngaphansi kwezimo ezifanele.

Ukuchithwa

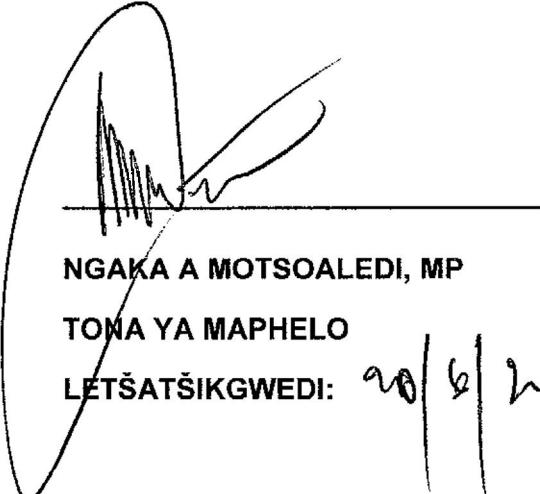
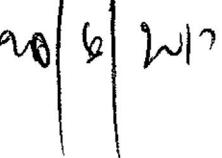
5. Imithethozimiso eshicilelw eSazisweni sikaHulumeni R.800 kuSomqulu kaHulumeni wezi-36944 wamhla ziyi-17 kuMfumfu wezi-2013 ichithiwe lapha.
6. Imithethozimiso eshicilelw eSazisweni sikaHulumeni R.439 kuSomqulu kaHulumeni wezi-40847 wamhla ziyi-19 kuMeyi wezi-2017 ichithiwe lapha.

Isihloko esincane

7. Le Mithethozimiso ibizwe ngeMithethozimiso Echaza Umthamo Wobungcweti Bezokunakekelwa Komlomo.

KGORO YA MAPHELO**No. R****2017*****HEALTH PROFESSIONS ACT, 1974 (MOLAO 56 WA 1974)*****MELAWANA YE MALEBANA LE SEBOPEGO SA PROFEŠENE YA TŠA HLWEKO YA
LEGANO**

Tona ya Maphelo o, go ya ka karolo 33(1) e balwa le karolo 61(2) ya *Health Professions Act, 1974* (Molao 56 wa 1974), mme ka keletšo ya Khansele ya Profešene ya Maphelo ya Afrika Borwa le Boto ya Profešene ya Kalafo ya Meno le Hlweko ya Legano, dirile Melawana Šetuleng.


NGAKA A MOTSOALEDI, MP**TONA YA MAPHELO****LETŠATŠIKGWEDI:** 
20/6/2017

ŠETULE

Dihlalošo

1. Mo Melawaneng ye, lentshu lefe goba lefe goba mmolelwana yo o nago le hlalošo Molaong o šomiša hlalošo yeo, ntle le ge tshwaraganyo e hlaloša ka tsela ye nngwe –

"**boto**" e ra Boto ya Profešene ya Kalafo ya Meno le Hlweko ya Legano yeo e hlanngwego go ya ka karolo 15(1) ya Molao;

"**hlweko ya legano**" e ra profešene ya motho yo a ngwadišitšwego bjalo ka mohlwekiši wa legano go ya ka Molao;

"**mohlwekiši wa legano**" e ra motho yo a ngwadišitšwego bjalo ka seo go ya ka Molao; mme

"**Molao**" e ra *Health Professions Act, 1974* (Molao 56 wa 1974).

Sebopego sa profešene ya hlweko ya legano

2. Ditiragalo tše di latelago tše di hlalošitšwego, bakeng sa mohola wa tiragatšo ya Molao, di ka bonwago bjalo ka ditiragalo tše malebana le profešene ya hlweko ya legano:

- (a) tšweletšo, tsenyotirišong le phetleko ya mananeo a kgodišo ya maphelo a tša legano;
- (b) phetlelo ya molwetši ka potšološo le hlahlobo ya bongaka ya legano;
- (c) tiragatšo ya rediokrafi ya analoko le titšithale le go tšeа diswantšho tša bongaka;
- (d) tiragatšo ya phekolo ya hlweko ya legano le tšweletšo ya leano la kalafo sebopelogong sa profešene ya mohlwekiši wa legano.

- (e) keletšo le thuto ya balwetši ka ga ditiragatšo tša go ihlokomelela legano go akaretšwa taolo ya polaka ya mekhenikhale le khemoterapi, keletšo ya dijo le go tlogela kgogo;
- (f) Keletšo ya balwetši ka ga dijo tša dikotla, foloraete, le dilo tša *anti-microbial* (go sa akaretšwe dianthibaothiki) malebana le thibelo ya malwetši a legano;
- (g) go šomiša dilo tša setho se itšego go swana le dilo tša thibelo ya go bola ga meno, dilo tša pušetšo ya diminerale, dilo tša tlošotšišimišo menong, tša kidibatšo le dilo tša go laola polaka;
- (h) tšhomio ya ditswaledi tša mešoba ya meno;
- (i) tiragatšo ya tlošo ya tlhalenama tše di senyegilego, hlwekišo ye e tseneletšego, hlwekišo ya medu go thibela malwetši, go hlwekiša ditokelo tša meno le go phadimiša meno.
- (j) go dira sekaedi sa meno go tšweletša sešireletši seo se hlanngwego sa legano.
- (k) *tiragatšo ya ditiragalo tše di sego tše šoro kudu go swana le thekgeniki ya tšošološo ya ateromthiki (ART) le ditšošološo, mme ge fela go na le hlokego ya go nolofatša ditshepetšo tše, go bea le go tloša sedirišwa sa raba le rekere ya metrix;*
- (l) kalafo ya tšišimišegokgolo ya meno le tshenyego ya kgohlano ya sefikese ka sephari sa *ionomer*,
- (m) go phadimiša le go bopa la leswa ga ditšošološi tše di lekeletšego;
- (o) tiragatšo ya kidibatšo, go ya ka karolo 22A(4)(a)(v)(aa) ya *Medicines and Related Substances Act, 1965* (Molao 101 wa 1965);
- (p) tiragatšo ya thibelo ya bohloko sethong sa mmele se itšego, go ya ka karolo 22A(4)(a)(v)(aa) ya *Medicines and Related Substances Act, 1965* (Molao 101 wa 1965);

- (q) go thuša baalafi ba meno, dingaka tša meno, ditsebi tša meno ka tiragatšo ya ditshepetšo tša motheo le tša tšweletšo tša bongaka;
- (r) tiragatšo ya dithekgeniki tša tshweufatšo ya meno le ditshepetšo;
- (s) tiragatšo ya ditshepetšo tše di latelago tša bongaka bjalo ka ge go beilwe ke dingaka tša meno le ditsebi tša meno:
 - (i) go tšea setlolo sa saetholotši
 - (ii) go thekga meno ao a tlogago;
 - (iii) tiragatšo le tlošo ya dipheke tša swaraganyo ya meno; le
 - (iv) go tlošwa ga dilomaganyo ka karo;
 - (v) go bewa ga ditšošološi tša nakwana bjalo ka legato la tšhoganyetšo;
 - (vi) tiragatšo ya go phara ga nakwana ga tša ka gare, dikhraone le maborogo;
 - (vii) tsenyo ya dišireletši tše bonolo menong a maitirelo bjalo ka dipeakanyetšo tša ditlhelenama;
 - (viii) tiragatšo ya go lota mohlala ya sephalometriki;
 - (ix) go fediša kgatelelo yeo e hlotšwego ke tsenyo ya dilo tša legano tša ka gare le ka ntše, go swana le go sega tša metato ya mafelelong;
 - (x) go tšea ditaetšo, nyakišišo ya ditiragatšo le go bopa le mekgwa ya go šoma ya motheo;
 - (xi) go tsenya didirišwa tša meno tše di diragaditšwego pele ga nako, go tloša dilomaganyo tša meno le direkere (go tsenya le go tloša direkere le metato ya tlaleletšo, go tsenya le go diragatšwa metato ya diatšhe); le
 - (xii) go phara gape ga dihlokemedi tša meno.

Tiragatšo ya tiro ya profešene ka moithuti hlwekišong ya legano

3. Moithuti wa hlwekišo ya legano o ka diragatša ditiragalo-

- (a) tše di hlalošitšwego go molawana 2 (a)-(r), fela ka tlase ga taelo ya setsebi sa meno, ngaka ya meno, mohlokemedi wa meno, goba mohlwekiši wa meno; mme
- (b) tše di hlalošitšwego go molawana 2 (s) fela ka tlase ga taolo ya setsebi sa meno le ngaka ya meno.

Maemo a tiragatšo ka mohlwekiši wa legano

4. (1) Mohlwekiši wa legano yo a ngwadišitšwego a ka dira ka boikemelo, profešeneng ya gagwe, fela -

- (a) morago ga go šoma nako ya botelele bja ngwaga ka tlase ga taolo le hlokomelo ya ngaka ya meno yeo e ngwadišitšwego, mohlokemedi wa meno goba mohlwekiši wa meno yo a ngwadišitšwego, mme ka tumelelo ya Boto;
 - (b) morago ga go hwetša boithutelo bja hlwekišo ya meno bjo bo dumeletšwego ke Boto, mme ge boithutelo bjo bo hweditšwe pele ga 2001, o swanetše go ba le boithutelo bjo bongwe mešomong yeo e okeditšwego ya tša bongaka hlwekišong ya legano bjo bo neilwego ke bolaodi bofe goba bofe bjo bo dumeletšwego ke Boto; le
 - (c) morago ga go phethagatša katišo ya Thušo ya Pele ya Maemo 3, sehlongweng sa katišo seo se dumeletšwego ke tša Maphelo le Boitekanelo SETA.
- (2) Mohlokemedi wa legano yo a ngwadišitšwego legorong la "tiragatšo yeo e hlokometšwego" a ka dira ditiragalo tše di hlalošitšwego go molawana 2-
- (a) ka tlase ga hlokomelo ya setsebi sa meno, ngaka ya meno, mohlokemedi wa meno, goba mohlwekiši wa meno;

- (b) ge fela mohlwekiši wa meno yo a hlalošitšwego melawaneng ye a hweditše thuto ye e lekanetšego, katišo mme o na le boitemogelo bjo bo lekanego; mme
- (c) o dira ditiragalo tše ka tlase ga maemo a lokilego ebiše ao a swanetšego.

Phumolo

5. Melawana ye e gatišitšwe Tsebišong ya Mmušo R.800 *Kuranteng* ya *Mmušoya* bo. 36944 ya 17 Diphalane 2013 e a phumolwa.

6. Melawana ye e gatišitšwe Tsebišong ya Mmušo R439 *Kuranteng* ya *Mmušoya* bo. 40847 ya 19 Mosegamanye 2017 e a phumolwa.

Thaetlele ye kopana

7. Melawana ye e bitšwa Melawana yeo e Hlalošago Sebopego sa Profesene ya tsa Hlweko ya Legano.