

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

FINANCIAL AND FISCAL **COMMISSION ACT**



ACT

To give effect to the constitutional requirements relating to the Financial and Fiscal Commission; and to provide for matters in connection therewith.

 ${\bf B}^{\rm E}$ IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Republic of South Africa, as follows:—

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| Def | initions |
| 1 | In this Act, unless the context indicates otherwise— |

"**Commission**" means the Financial and Fiscal Commission referred to in section 2;

"**employee**", except in sections 20(1), 21 and 33, includes a member of the public service seconded to the Commission; 25

"**financial year**" means the financial year of the Commission, which is the same as that of state departments;

"Minister" means the Minister of Finance;

"organ of state" means the same as in section 239 of the Constitution;

"**President**" means the President acting as head of the national executive in terms 30 of section 85 of the Constitution;

"state department" means a department, administration or office listed in Schedule 1 or 2 of the Public Service Act, 1994 (Proclamation No. 103 of 1994); "this Act" includes any regulations made in terms of section 30.

PART 1

STATUS, FUNCTIONS AND POWERS OF COMMISSION

Status

2. The Financial and Fiscal Commission established by section 220 of the Constitution is a juristic person, independent and subject only to the Constitution, this Act and the law.

Functions

3. (1) The Commission acts as a consultative body for, and makes recommendations and gives advice to, organs of state in the national, provincial and local spheres of government on financial and fiscal matters.

- (2) The Commission—
 - (a) must perform the functions mentioned in subsection (1) to the extent that its performance of those functions are envisaged in the Constitution or required by national legislation; and

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- (b) may perform those functions
 - (i) on its own initiative; or
 - (ii) on request of an organ of state.
- (3) The Commission must be impartial.

(4) No person or organ of state may interfere with the functioning of the Commission.(5) All organs of state, when appropriate, must assist the Commission to perform its functions effectively.

(6) The Commission must submit for tabling copies of all its recommendations made in terms of a provision of the Constitution to both Houses of Parliament and to the provincial legislatures.

Powers

4. (1) The Commission may do all that is necessary or expedient to perform its functions effectively, which includes the power to-

- (a) determine its own staff establishment and appoint employees in posts on the staff establishment;
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- (b) obtain the services of any person, including any organ of state or institution to perform any specific act or function;
- (c) confer with any person or organ of state;
- (d) acquire or dispose of any right in or to property, but ownership in immovable property may be acquired or disposed of only with the consent of the Minister; 20
- (e) open, and operate on, its own bank accounts;
- (f) insure itself against any loss, damage, risk or liability;
- (g) perform legal acts, or institute or defend any legal action in its own name;
- (*h*) do research and publish reports; and

(*i*) do anything that is incidental to the exercise of any of its powers.

(2) The Commission may not borrow money or overdraw its bank accounts.

PART 2

MEMBERSHIP OF COMMISSION

Composition

5. In terms of section 221(1) of the Constitution, the Commission consists of the 30 following women and men appointed by the President:

- (a) A chairperson and a deputy chairperson;
- (b) nine persons, each of whom is nominated by the Executive Council of a province, with each province nominating only one person after nominations have been invited in the provincial gazette and in at least two newspapers 35 circulating in the province;
- (c) two persons nominated by organised local government in accordance with the Organised Local Government Act, 1997; and
- (d) nine other persons.

Chairpersons

6. The Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson of the Commission are appointed in terms of section 221(1)(a) of the Constitution.

Qualifications

7. A member of the Commission must have appropriate expertise.

Terms of office

8. (1) The members of the Commission must be appointed for a term not exceeding five years.

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(2) A member may be reappointed when that member's term expires.

Remuneration, allowances and benefits

9. (1) The remuneration, allowances and other benefits of members of the Commission must be determined by the President, taking into account-

- (a) the recommendations of the Minister;
- (b) the remuneration, allowances and other benefits of members of other commissions established by the Constitution;
- (c) the role, duties and responsibilities of a member of the Commission;
- (d) affordability in relation to the responsibilities of the Commission;
- (e) the level of expertise and experience required of a member of the 10 Commission; and;
- (f) any relevant recommendations of the independent commission referred to in section 219(2) of the Constitution.
- (2) The remuneration of a member may not be reduced during the term of the member.

Resignations

10. A member of the Commission may resign by giving at least three months' written notice to the President, but the President may accept a shorter notice period in a specific case.

Removal from office

11. (1) The President may remove a member of the Commission from office, but only 20 on the ground of misconduct, incapacity or incompetence.

(2) A decision to remove a member on the ground of misconduct or incompetence must be based on a finding to that effect by a tribunal appointed by the President.

(3) The President may suspend a member of the Commission from office while awaiting the finding of the tribunal concerning that member.

(4) The President must consult-

- (a) the Premier of a province before removing from office a member nominated by that province in terms of section 5(b); or
- (b) organised local government before removing from office a member nominated in terms of section 5(c). 30

Vacancies

12. As soon as practical after a vacancy has occurred in the Commission, the President must appoint another person in accordance with section 5 to fill the vacancy.

Acting Chairperson

13. If the Chairperson of the Commission is absent from office or otherwise unable to 35 perform the functions of office, or during a vacancy in the office of Chairperson, the Deputy Chairperson acts as Chairperson.

PART 3

OPERATING PROCEDURE OF COMMISSION

Meetings

14. (1) The Commission decides when and where it meets, or may authorise the Chairperson to decide on its behalf.

(2) At least four meetings must be held each year.

(3) The Chairperson or the Deputy Chairperson presides at meetings of the Commission, but if both are absent from a meeting, the members present must elect 45 another member to preside at that meeting.

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(4) A member who has a personal or financial interest in any matter before the Commission, must disclose that interest and withdraw from the proceedings of the Commission when that matter is considered.

Quorums

15. (1) The majority of the members of the Commission constitutes a quorum for a 5 meeting of the Commission.

(2) A question before the Commission is decided with a supporting vote of at least two thirds of the members present.

Rules of procedure

| 16. The | Commission must— | |
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| | letermine rules of procedure for the conduct of its business; and | |
| (b) k | teep minutes of its proceedings and decisions. | |
| Committe | es | |
| 17. (1) 7 | The Commission may— | |
| (a) a | ppoint one or more committees to assist the Commission in the performance | |
| | of any of its functions or the exercise of any of its powers; or | |
| | lissolve a committee at any time. | |
| | mmittee consists of — | |
| | wo or more Commission members; or | |
| | t least one Commission member and at least one other person. | |
| | Commission— nust determine the functions of a committee; | |
| | nust appoint the chairperson and members of a committee, but only a | |
| | Commission member may be appointed as the chairperson; | |
| | nay dismiss a member of a committee at any time; | |
| | nay determine a committee's procedure; and | |
| <i>(e)</i> r | nust determine, after consulting the Minister, the remuneration, allowances | |
| a | and other benefits of office of members of a committee who are not | |
| (| Commission members or employees. | |
| Assignme | nt of powers and duties | |
| 18. (1) 7 | The Commission may— | |
| (a) d | lelegate any of the Commission's powers to a Commission member, | |
| | committee or employee; or | |
| | nstruct any Commission member, committee or employee to perform any of | |
| | he Commission's duties. | |
| (2) A de | legation or instruction in terms of subsection (1)— | |
| (a) 1 (b) d | s subject to any conditions the Commission may impose; and loes not divest the Commission of the responsibility concerning the exercise | |
| | of the power or the performance of the duty. | |
| | Commission may confirm, vary or revoke any decision taken by a | |
| | on member, committee or employee in consequence of a delegation or | |
| instruction | | |
| | PART 4 | |
| | ADMINISTRATION AND STAFF MATTERS | |
| Administrative responsibilities of Chairperson | | |

19. (1) The Chairperson of the Commission is the chief-executive officer and also the

accounting officer of the Commission.

(2) As chief-executive officer the Chairperson is responsible for—

- (a) the formation and development of an efficient administration;
- (b) the organisation, control and management of the staff;
- (c) the maintenance of discipline; and

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(3) As accounting officer the Chairperson is responsible for-

- (a) all income and expenditure of the Commission;
- (b) all assets and the discharge of all liabilities of the Commission; and
- (c) the proper and diligent implementation of Part 5.

Terms and conditions of employment

20. (1) An employee of the Commission is employed subject to the terms and conditions of employment determined by the Commission.

(2) Persons in the public service seconded to the Commission perform their duties subject to the control and discipline of the Chairperson of the Commission.

Pension benefits

21. (1) A person appointed as an employee of the Commission may become a member of the Government Employees' Pension Fund mentioned in section 2 of the Government Employees' Pension Law, 1996 (Proclamation No. 21 of 1996).

(2) An employee of the Commission who becomes a member of that pension fund, is 15 entitled to pension and retirement benefits as if that person is an official in the public service.

Services of non-employees

22. If the Commission contracts for the services of any person, other than an employee, to perform any specific act or function, the Commission may remunerate that 20 person, and may reimburse that person for expenses.

PART 5

FINANCES OF COMMISSION

Funding

23. (1) The Commission is entitled to money appropriated annually by Parliament to 25 enable it to perform its functions effectively.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1) the Chairperson of the Commission—

- (a) must submit to the Minister during each financial year, but before a date set by the Minister, estimates of the Commission's income and expenditure for the next financial year; and
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(b) may submit to the Minister at any time during a financial year estimates of the Commission's income and expenditure supplementary to those mentioned in paragraph (a).

(3) When submitting estimates the Chairperson must disclose full particulars of any income which has accrued, or is expected to accrue, to the Commission from a source 35 other than an appropriation by Parliament.

(4) The Commission must refund to the National Revenue Fund any money paid to the Commission in terms of subsection (1) that has not been used at the end of a financial year, unless the Minister agrees that the Commission may retain the money.

Accountability

- **24.** As accounting officer of the Commission, the Chairperson must– (*a*) keep full and proper records of–
 - (i) all income and expenditure of the Commission; and
 - (ii) all the Commission's assets, liabilities and financial transactions;
 - (b) ensure that the Commission's available resources are properly safeguarded 45 and used in the most efficient and effective way;
 - (c) ensure that all statutory measures applicable to the Commission are complied with; and

(d) within three months after the end of each financial year, prepare annual financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.

Audits

25. The Auditor-General must audit the accounts and financial records of the 5 Commission.

PART 6

MISCELLANEOUS

Annual report

26. (1) The Commission must annually submit to both Houses of Parliament, to each 10 provincial legislature and to the national organisation representing organised local government recognised in terms of the Organised Local Government Act, 1997, a report on the activities of the Commission during a financial year.

(2) The report must be submitted within six months after the end of the financial year to which it relates, and must include—

- (a) a summary of all recommendations made by the Commission in terms of a requirement of the Constitution; and
- (b) audited financial statements reflecting the Commission's financial affairs during the year, consisting of at least—
 - (i) a balance sheet;
 - (ii) an income statement;
 - (iii) a cash flow statement; and
 - (iv) a report of the auditors.

Information required by Commission

27. (1) The Commission may obtain information it requires for the performance of its 25 functions from the Central Statistical Service.

(2) Any information which the Commission requires for the performance of its functions and which is available to an organ of state or to any institution that derives any funds from the National Revenue Fund, a Provincial Revenue Fund or a municipality, must be supplied free of charge to the Commission, on the Commission's request, by 30 that organ of state or institution.

Liability of Commission

28. (1) The State Liability Act, 1957 (Act No. 20 of 1957), applies, with the necessary changes, in respect of the Commission, and in such application a reference in that Act to the Minister of a department concerned must be construed as a reference to the 35 Chairperson of the Commission.

(2) No person, including the Commission, is liable for anything done or omitted in good faith when performing a function or exercising a power in terms of this Act.

Protection of confidential information

29. (1) No person may disclose any information acquired on a confidential basis in the 40 course of the application of this Act, except when -

- (a) necessary for the purposes of this Act;
- (b) required in terms of other legislation or the law;
- (c) required in the course of legal proceedings; or
- (d) a court so orders.

(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) is guilty of an offence and on conviction liable to a fine or to imprisonment not exceeding one year or to a fine and imprisonment.

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Regulations

30. The Minister, with the concurrence of the Commission, may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act or any other Act of Parliament, prescribing procedures to facilitate the performance by the Commission of its functions.

PART 7

TRANSITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

Definitions

31. In this Part-

"**new Commission**" means the Commission referred to in section 2; "**previous Commission**" means the Financial and Fiscal Commission estab- 10 lished by section 198 of the previous Constitution;

"**previous Constitution**" means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1993 (Act No. 200 of 1993).

Members of previous Commission

32. (1) A person who held office in the previous Commission immediately before this 15 Act took effect—

- (a) as the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson, is regarded as having been appointed as the Chairperson or the Deputy Chairperson of the new Commission in terms of section 5(a) of this Act;
- (b) as a member designated by a provincial Executive Council in terms of section 20 200(1)(b) of the previous Constitution, is regarded as having been nominated by that Council and appointed to the new Commission in terms of section 5(b) of this Act; and
- (c) as a member appointed in terms of section 200(1)(c) of the previous Constitution, is regarded as having been appointed to the new Commission in 25 terms of section 5(d) of this Act.

(2) The Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson are regarded as having been appointed to the new Commission for a term of five years as from the date this Act took effect.

(3) The members referred to in subsection (1)(b) and (c) are regarded as having been appointed to the new Commission for a term of four years as from the date this Act took 30 effect.

Transfer of assets, liabilities, staff, etc.

33. When this Act takes effect-

- (a) all assets, liabilities, rights and obligations of the previous Commission are vested in the new Commission;
- (b) an employee of the previous Commission becomes an employee of the new Commission—
 - (i) subject to the terms and conditions of employment that were applicable to that person as an employee of the previous Commission, until altered in terms of section 20; and
 - (ii) with retention of all accrued pensionable service, leave and other benefits; and
- (c) anything done by or on behalf of the previous Commission is regarded as having been done by or on behalf of the new Commission.

Financial and administrative records

34. The new Commission is entitled to all financial, administrative and other records of the previous Commission.

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Short title and commencement

35. This Act is called the Financial and Fiscal Commission Act, 1997, and takes effect on 1 January 1998.